Updated 1/11/2019 all previous version of this form are obsolete



29799 SW Town Center Loop E, Wilsonville, OR 97070 Phone: 503.682.4960 Fax: 503.682.7025 Web: www.ci.wilsonville.or.us

Planning Division Development Permit Application

Final action on development application or zone change is required within 120 days per ORS 227.175 or as otherwise required by state or federal law for specific application types.

A pre application conference may be required.

The City will not accept applications for wireless communication facilities or similar facilities without a completed copy of a Wireless Facility Review Worksheet.

The City will not schedule incomplete applications for public hearing or send administrative public notice until all of the required materials are submitted.

	Authorized Representative	:
	Name: Chris Hodney	
LLC	Company: Hacker Archit	
Barnes Rd #523		
R-97225	City, State, Zip: Portland, C	OR 97214
F-v2	Phone: 503-227-1254	_ Fax:
evnycom	E-mail: chodney@hack	kerarchitects.com
	Property Owner's Signatur	e:
	DocuSigned by:	
Rose Dunn Trus		3/20/2023
don Drive	Printed Name: JOHAIHAH C	Date:
35226	Applicant's Signature: (if diffe	erent from Property Owner)
Fax:	and the state of t	
ok.com	Printed wa ne: Seth Hende	erson _{Date:} 3/20/2023
on:		
390 SW Town Center	· Loop W	Suite/Unit
Town Center Loop	& Park Place (existing	
		4 20 2 20
	<u>aınıng apartments & retaii. Incit</u>	udes Stage 1, Stage 2, Site
Tree Removal Review.	aining apartments & retail. Incli	udes Stage 1, Stage 2, Site
Tree Removal Review.	aining apartments & retail. Incli	udes Stage 1, Stage 2, Site
	alning apartments & retall. Inclu □ Industrial	udes Stage 1, Stage 2, Site
Tree Removal Review.		
Tree Removal Review.		
Tree Removal Review. lass II Class III Commercial Appeal	□ Industrial	□ Other:
Tree Removal Review. Class II □ Class III □ Commercial	□ Industrial □ Comp Plan Map Amend	□ Other:
Tree Removal Review. Class II Class III Commercial Appeal Major Partition Planned Development	□ Industrial □ Comp Plan Map Amend □ Minor Partition □ Preliminary Plat	□ Other: □ Parks Plan Review □ Request to Modify Conditions
Tree Removal Review. lass II Class III Commercial Appeal Major Partition Planned Development Request for Time Extension	□ Industrial □ Comp Plan Map Amend □ Minor Partition □ Preliminary Plat ■ Signs	□ Other: □ Parks Plan Review □ Request to Modify Conditions ■ Site Design Review
Tree Removal Review. lass II Class III Commercial Appeal Major Partition Planned Development Request for Time Extension Staff Interpretation	 Industrial Comp Plan Map Amend Minor Partition Preliminary Plat Signs Stage I Master Plan 	□ Other: □ Parks Plan Review □ Request to Modify Conditions ■ Site Design Review ■ Stage II Final Plan
Tree Removal Review. lass II Class III Commercial Appeal Major Partition Planned Development Request for Time Extension	□ Industrial □ Comp Plan Map Amend □ Minor Partition □ Preliminary Plat ■ Signs	□ Other: □ Parks Plan Review □ Request to Modify Conditions ■ Site Design Review
	Barnes Rd #523 DR 97225 Rose Dunn Trust don Drive 35226 Fax: ok.com Son: 690 SW Town Center Town Center Loop DD Tax Lot #(s): 41	LLC Barnes Rd #523 PR. 97225 City, State, Zip: Portland, City, State, Zip: Portland, City, State, Zip: Portland, City, State, Zip: Phone: 503-227-1254 E-mail: Chodney@hack Phone: 503-227-1254 E-mail: Chodney@hack Property Owner's Signatur Docusigned by: Printed Name: Printed Name: Jonathan City Applicant's Signature: (if difference of the city of the cit



WTC-01 MULTIFAMILY DEVELOR
Land Use Application – DB23-0003

Table of Contents

Team Information:	3
Project Na rative and Summary:	4
Backg bund Information:	6
Proof of Own rship:	7
TVFR Permit Peduc d Dsawings	9
Republic Service compliance Records:	18
Code Criteria Respo (Se Warrative:	22
Anticipated Waivers:	104

Team Information

Level WTC-01 LLC Seth Henderson

7327 SW Barnes Rd., #523 Portland, OR 97225 503-720-3601

entative: Hacker Architects

Chris Hodney, Design Principal 555 SE MLK Jr Blvd, Suite 501

Portland, OR 97214 503-227-1254

Design Team:

ker Architects Architect:

Chris Hovey, Design Principal

na kerarchitects.com

Surveyor: Lazer Site surveying,

503-581-6362

Civil Engineer: Humber Design Group Inc

David Humber, PE, Principa

503-946-5370

Dave.humber@hdgpdx.com

Landscape Architect: Ground Workshop

Tommy Solomon, PLA, ASLA, Partne

971-544-7418

ts@groundworkshop.net

Arborist: Teragan & Associates, Inc.

Peter van Oss, PN-8145A, Senior Associate

503-697-1975

Project Narrative and Summary:

Site Address: 29690 SW Town Center Loop Wilsonville, OR 97070

T3S 1W 14DD Tax Lot 411

Site Alea: Approx. 1.087 acres, 47,315 sf

0.76 ac., 33,267 sf after dedications

Site Zoning TC-MU, Town Center Mixed Use Proposal: 5 Stories, 92,409 gross square feet

Multi-unit residentia - 11 units Commercial - 3,707 st 53 on-site vehicle parking stalls 118 on-site bicycle parking stalls

The proposed development comprises 1 capartments, commercial tenant space, on-site tuck-under and surface parking, and on-site stormwat at treatment. The project is in the TC-MU zone, and also includes significant right-of-way dedications and right of-way improvements per the Wilsonville Town Center Plan.

The building is 60 feet, (5) stories tall and NH be constructed as fully-sprinklered (4) stories of Type VA construction over (1) story of Type IA construction are upper stories of are entirely residential units and common amenity space, while the ground floor includes of ond-floor residences and stoops at the northeast frontage, and commercial tenant space at the southeast contage.

Stormwater treatment of the building and site is proposed within plated stormwater facilities on the property along Town Center Loop. Stormwater treatment is also provided with planted facilities within the right-of-way of the new Local Street at the northeast frontage to capture rung of from the street.

Several easements exist on and surrounding the property and are affected by the project. These are illustrated on exhibit G-102, and proposed vacations and dedications, or easement to be maintained are illustrated on exhibit C-100. A summary for each easement follows:

Easement for the purpose shown below and rights incidental thereto, as granted and a document:

Granted to: The City of Wilsonville

Purpose: Sewer

Affects: A 20 foot wide strip through the Westerly portion

Proposed: Leave as is

Granted to: The City of Wilsonville

Purpose: Underground sanitary sewer, storm drain and water pipe lines

Affects: A 15 foot wide strip through the Southwesterly portion

Proposed: Relocate sections of easement in direct conflict with new permanent structure into public

right-of-way (pedestrian or furnishing zone)

Easement for the purpose shown below and rights incidental thereto as delineated or as offered for dedication on recorded PARTITION PLAT NO. 1992-24:

Purpose: Waterline

Affects: A 15 foot wide strip through the Westerly portion

Proposed: Leave as is

Easement for the purpose shown below and rights incidental thereto, as granted in a document: Granted to: The City of Wilsonville

Purpose: Underground sanitary sewer, storm drain and water pipe lines

Affects: A 15 foot wide strip through the Northeasterly portion

oposed: Leave as is

sement for the purpose shown below and rights incidental thereto, as granted in a document: Granled to: Adjacent property owners

Purp se: I gress and egress ecs: Tle fortheasterly portion

Proposed Agreement to terminate driveway easement, executed between City of Wilsonville and property o new anuary 2023

Proposed dedications are as follows:

37.0' on northeast side of erty (along New Local Street) 15.0' on northwest side of frop (Y) (Pedestrian Accessway) 6.75' at SW Town Center Lo 2.17' at Park Place

The applicant is requesting the following application

- Stage 1 Preliminary Plan
- Stage II Final Plan
- Site Design Review
- Master Sign Plan
- Type C Tree Removal Plan

Type C Tree Removal Plan

The applicant is requesting waivers to development code as listed and described in the Anticipated Waivers section of this document.

Background Information:

Planning Context:

The proposed development sits at the prominent intersection of Town Center Loop and Park Place Blvd within the wilson ville Town Center. The project is anticipated to be the first mixed-use development delivered under the vision of the Wilsonville Town Center Plan. Projects within the Town Center zoning are subject to the development criteria of the zone and guidelines found within the Wilsonville Town Center Plan documents. These diction into provide background for the intent of the district, as well as guidelines for the building character, origination, and network of street and pedestrian spaces surrounding the site.

The Town Center Plan describes the vision of this new district as an active and pedestrian-oriented mixed-use district, with a variety of uses and spaces that foster year-round activity. The Mixed-Use (MU) zone in which the site is located is intended to have a mix of residential, retail, office, and services; and have buildings of generally 2 two 4 stories all. Nowever, allowances for up to 5 stories are allowed in the development code.

The Plan describes significant and exciting right-of-way improvements on both the existing and new roads surrounding the site. An ambitious Park lace Promenade' redesign, or infrastructure project IN.10, is illustrated along the southeast-facing contage of the project. This envisions the current Park Place as a pedestrian-oriented promenade, or 'Wooners' with little or no vehicle traffic. This will make this frontage one of three signature outdoor public spaces in the district.

The proposal seizes an opportunity to shape an activate a key pedestrian intersection at the future Park Place promenade and the new Local Street northeast of the site. The building orientation, design, and programming are intended to anchor this intersection and the promotion of the frontage with a civic-scale and active ground-floor and allow a transition to urban residential character along the portheast new Local Street. The Plan anticipates the adjacent Town Center Loop will remain primarily vehicle and bicycle oriented, with improvements for pedestrian safety and traffic impacts. The proposed design to lows his assumption and locates all parking and services along Town Center Loop to achieve 100% active space frontage along the other two streets.



Proof of Ownership:

See following attachments:



DocuSign Envelope ID: 1319938F-248E-4034-9DF5-8CC38E78FF66

WILSONVILLE	PROPERTY OWNER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM
By signing be w, I certify that I am the present the applicant, Level WTC-01 LLC this application for the property located at Site Address: 2969USW Tow	
Tax Lot(s): 411	Section: N/A
work applied for until such an application specified appeal period has passed. I also	ton does not entitle the applicant to engage in the a is approval, me Man approval is issued, and the understand that all work must be performed in all, and local laws, and ences and regulations.
Property Owner's Signature: Docusigned by: Son after G. Durin	
	nn
Property Owner Contact Information: Company (if applicable): Docusigned by: Junathan G. Dun Jonathan G. Du Property Owner Contact Information: Company (if applicable):	rjory Rose Dunn Trust
Property Owner Contact Information:	rjory Rose Dunn Trust

TVFR Permit Reduced Drawings

See following attachments:

- FR Permit Application
 - Exhibit FS-1 Fire Service Site Plan
 - it FS-2 Exterior Elevations
 - Ext. g Memu t_FS-3 Exterior Elevations
 - ng Memorandum



FIRE CODE / LAND USE / BUILDING REVIEW **APPLICATION**

North Operating Center 11945 SW 70th Avenue Tigard, OR 97223 Phone: 503-649-8577

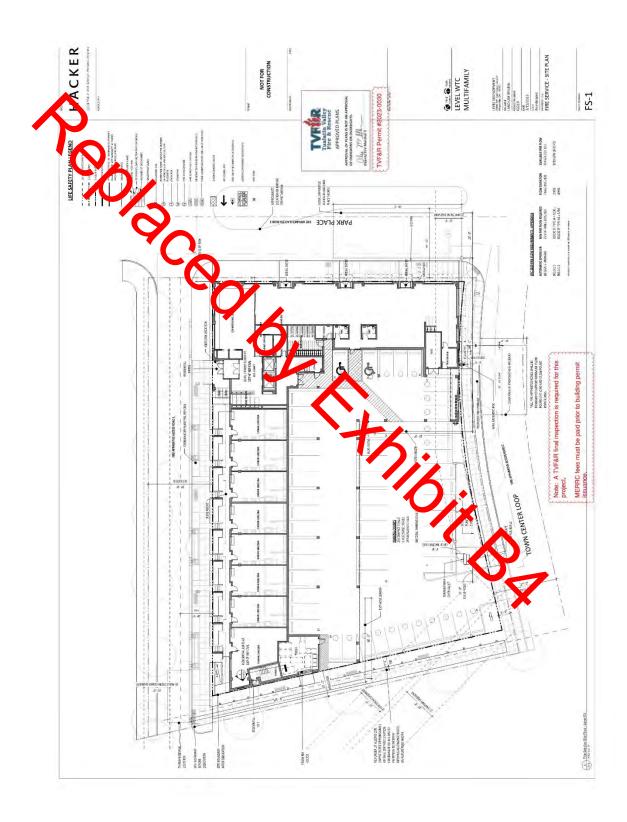
South Operating Center 8445 SW Elligsen Rd Wilsonville, OR 97070 Phone: 503-649-8577

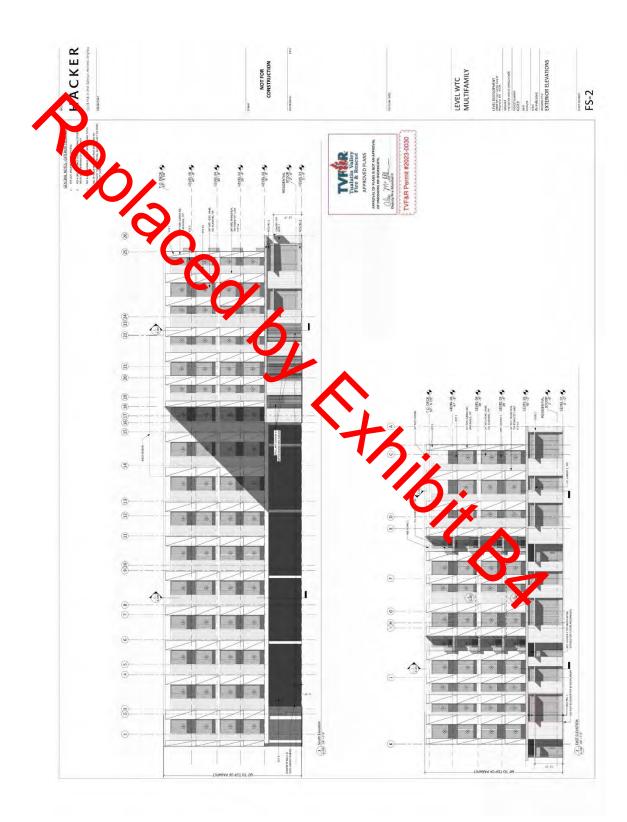
REV 6-30-20

Project Information Applicant Name VIC-01 LLC – Jennifer Jenkins Address: 7327 VW Barner #523 Portland OR 97225 Phone: 503-887-2 43 Email: jjenkins@leveldev.w.cot Site Address: 29690 SW L.Wr Jenner Loop W City: Wilsonville Map & Tax Lot #: 31W14D00411 Business Name: N/A Land Use/Building Jurisdiction: City of Wilsonville	Permit/Review Type (check one): X Land Use / Building Review - Service Provider Permit Emergency Radio Responder Coverage Install/Test LPG Tank (Greater than 2,000 gallons) Flammable or Combustible Liquid Tank Installation (Greater than 1,000 gallons) Exception: Underground Storage Tanks (UST) are deferred to DEQ for regulation. Explosives Blasting (Blasting plan is required) Exterior Toxic, Pyrophoric or Corrosive Gas Installation (in excess of 810 cu.ft.)
Choose from: Beaverton, Tigard, Newberg, Tualatin, John Plains, West Linn, Wilsonville, Sherwood, Riveryold, Durham, King City, Washington County, Clackamas County, Multnomah County, Yamhill County Project Description 5 STORY MIXED USE RESIDENTIAL BUILDING TOTALING ~100,000 SF WITH 4 STORIES OF TYPE VA CONSTRUCTION OVER 1 STORY OF TYPE IA CONSTRUCTION.	□Temporary Haunted House or similar Coloc Cannabis Extraction License Review □Ceremonial Fire or Bonfire (For gathering, ceremony or other assembly) For Fire Marshal's Office Use Only TV: Remin# 2013 - 0030 Permit Type: 100 - 001 000 000 Submittal Date: 27 2013 Assigned To: 100 000 Due Date: 3/3/3/3/3 Fees Due: 137 719 000 Fees Paid:

	ction Conditions s Office Use Only)
This section is for application approval only My 3/13/2023 Fife Marshal or Designee Conditions: TVF; R Final inspection required	This section
Marke Fees must be paid prior to bibling permit issuance. See Attached Conditions: Yes No Site Inspection Required: A Yes No	Final TVFR Ap

This section used when site inspection is	required
Inspection Comments:	









Memo

100 SW Main Street, Suite 1600 Portland, OR 97204 TEL 503.382.2266 FAX 503.382.2262 www.interfaceengineering.com

Project Number	2022-0879	Date	June 27, 2022
Palect Name	City of Wilsonville Flow Testing		
Го	Dan Carlson	Phone	503-227-3251
	City of Wilsonville		
6	29799 SW Town Center Loop E Wilsonville, OR 97070		
From	Jarod Myrick, CET	(a)	Interface Engineering, Inc.
Distribution	Dan Carlson - Building Official, Ian Eglitic	- Acting Utilities	Supervisor

Applies To

Comments: Flow Tes

A hydrant flow test was co d for the subject project at your request. Test Results are:

Test Date and Time 06/27/2022 @ 10:47am

Tester Names = Jarod Myrick, Interface Engineering

Randy Burnham, City of Wilsonville Water Dept. Witnesses = Sam Kinnaman, City of Wilsonville Supervisor Jon Scott, City of Wilsonville Building Inspector.

Protection AC sciation (NFPA), Recommended Practice #291.
Conffied Prough February 18, 2023
340 — Town Center Loop W
Circulating Main Dead-End Main
#3-11 — Circus Dr Test Conducted Per the Nation

Gauges Calibrations Pressure Hydrant Location =

Pressure Hydrant is on a

Flow Hydrant #1 Location =

Flow Hydrant #1 is on a Circuia ng Ma 100 psig Test Static Pressure =

Test Residual Pressure = 94 psig **UL Certified Orifice Plate Pressure** 43 psig

4 1/2" Hose Monster Test Nozzle =

Corrected Flow = 2171 gpm

Calculated Available Fire Flow = Theoretical: 8793 gpm

Contact City of Wilsonville for syst in imitations National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Recommended Practice #291: "To obtain satisfactory test results of theoretical calculation of expected flows or rated capacities, sufficient discharge six all be

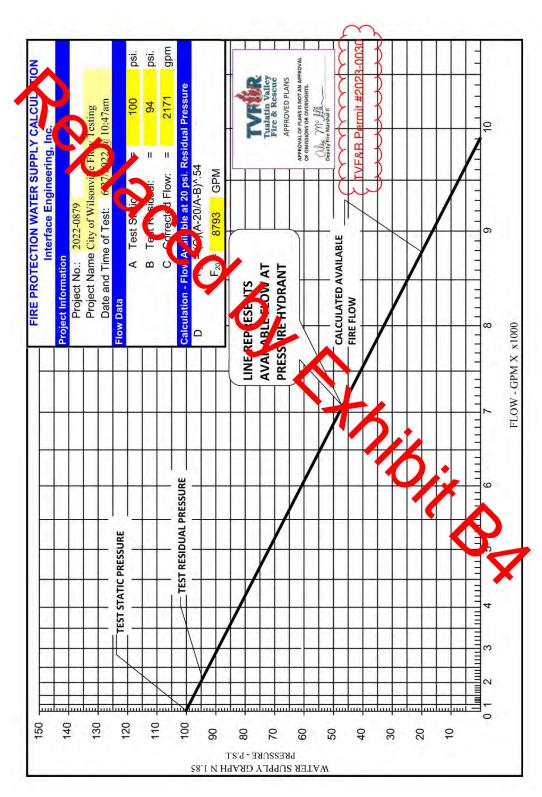
achieved to cause a drop in pressure at the residual hydrant of at least 25 percent, total demand necessary for fire-fighting purposes."

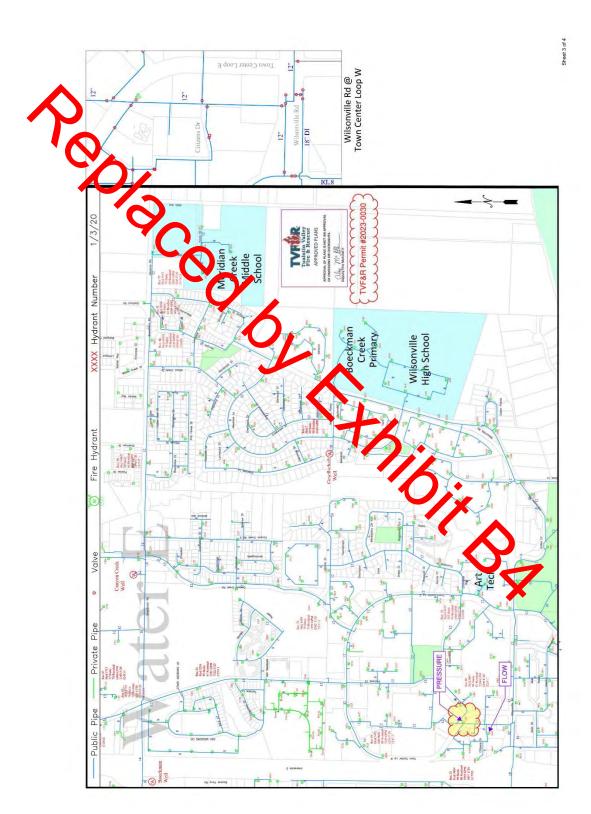
This test achieved:

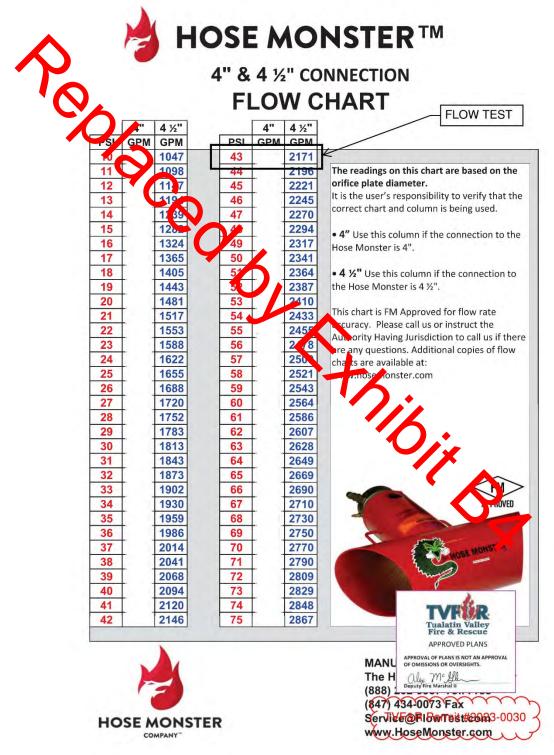
Flow of the total demand necessary for fire-fighting purposes.



EXPIRES: 12/31/23







Republic Service Compliance Records:

See following reduced attachments: Service Provider Letter dated 4/07/2023 INT.
30403_Tre.

Original Property of the Control o 101 Trash Room Updates' Diagram



April 7, 2023

Diniel thilds Halker Architects

Re: Wilsonvill Town Center Development Town Center Loop West

Wilsonville OK, 9' 07

Dear Daniel,

My Company: Republic Service of Clackamas and Washington Counties has the franchise agreement to service this area with the City SWC sorville OR. We will provide complete commercial waste removal and recycling services as needed in a yeekly basis for this location on Town Center Loop West.

We have reviewed the preliminary design plant for the trash/recycle room received 3/20/2023 and have concluded that it is adequate in size to house the necessary equipment for this residential-retail facility.

*A-101 Trash Room Plan Updates

We have reviewed the preliminary design plan** for the design ated trash/recycle "service zone" received 4/3/2023 and have concluded that it is adequate her our trucks to safely access and service the receptacles.

**230403_Trash Loading Sketch_hacker (003)

It is our understanding that the facilities property management staff will stage all the trash and recycle receptacles at the designated "service zone" on the service days agreed to pollowing completion of the project.

Service levels are available as follows:

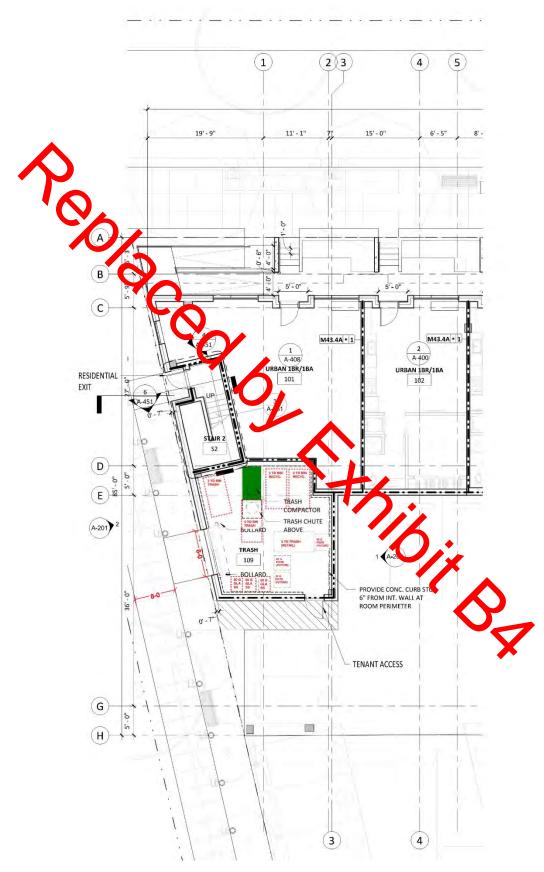
Trash – 6 days per week
Recycle – 5 days per week
Food Waste – 5 days per week
Glass – 1 day per week

We look forward to reviewing the final design plans when they become available.

Sincerely

Kelly Herrod

Operations Supervisor Republic Services Inc.



TRASH LOADING DIAGRAM



FLUSH CURB 19' - 4 1/4" - PROVIDE ADEQUATE SPACE FOR (2) 3 YARD BINS. ROLL CARTS CAN BE LOCATED AT FLUSH CORNER CURB.

- (1) 3 YARD BIN IS LOCATED BEYOND 35' TRUCK DIMENSION TO ALLOW MANUVERING OF BIN TO PROPER LOCATION ON STREET.

- REPUBLIC CAN MOVE BIN AS FAR WEST AS NECESSARY TO ENSURE TRUCK DOES NOT NEED TO BACK UP IN TO NEIGHBORING DRIVE A.

- COMPACTED BIN ONLY REQUIRED TO BE MOVED - (1-5' BY REPUBLIC.

R-WILL REQUIRE A SMALL REDUCTION IN LANDSCAPLESTORNMATER AREA THAT DESIGN TRAM WILL NEED TO ADDRESS.

- FLUSH CURB AT CORNER CAN BE USED TO HOLD CART'S IF TWO BINS ARE SET OUT TO CURB.

- CIVIL WILL NEED TO ADDRESS GRADING AND DRAINAGE FOR FLUSH CURB DURING LATER HALF OF DESIGN DEVELOPMENT. 3 AD 3 YD 15' - 6" CARTS .9-.1 TRASH TRUCK 35' - 0" SITE BOUNDARY DEDICATION BEFORE

Code Criteria Response Narrative:

The proposal site is located within the TC-MU subarea of the Town Center (TC) zone. Applicable code sections of the Misonville Development Code and Zoning Code are as follows:

- 4.118 Standards Applying to all Planned Development Zones
- Town Center Zone
- Planned Development Regulations
- 4.134 An-3 ite Pedestrian Access and Circulation 4.134 An-3 ite Pedestrian Access and Circulation 4.14 Parking Loading, and Bicycle Parking 4.156.01 th ough 4.156.11 Signs 4.171 Prote do a f Natural and Other Features 4.175 Public Screen and Crime Prevention 4.176 Landscaping, Screening, and Buffering

- 4.177 Street Improvement at Standards 4.179 Mixed Solid Walte and Recycling
- 4.199 Outdoor Lighting
- 4.300 Underground Utilitie
- 4.400 through 4.450 Site Design Revi
- 4.600 through 4.640.20 Tree Preservation and Protection
- 4.001 Definition of Terms

The applicant's written criteria response to recevant development standards and guidelines is included in the following pages.

Section 4.132. Town Center Zone

4.132(.02)

Uses permitted anywhere in the TC Zone:

- A. Open space.
- B. Multiple-family Dwelling Units, except in areas immediately adjacent to I-5 as noted [4.132](.03)A. below within the Commercial-Mixed Use District. in Subsection
- C. Public or private parks, playgrounds, recreational and community buildings and uses.
- D. Commercial recreation.
- Religious institutions.
- Retail sales and service of retail products, under a footprint of 30,000 square feet per use.
- Office, including medical facilities.
- 🋂 onal and professional services.
- hil and/or day care.
- Fold service (e.g. restaurants, food carts, food cart pods).
- Beverage en rice (e.g. cafes, brewpubs, bars).
- n nixed-use buildings.

Response: The site is a mixed use development within the TC Zone and is not immediately adjacent to I5. The proposal includes an owed uses of multi-family dwelling units, and commercial leasable space. 3,707 of lossable commercial space is anticipated to be retail sales, office, food service, or beverage service and will be permitted in future Tenant Improvement permits.

The criterion is met.

4.132(.03)

Permitted and Prohibited uses in specific sub-districts. Figure 1, Land Use Sub-Districts, illustrates subareas of the Town Center wnere contain regulations apply. Below are userelated regulations for the sub-districts.

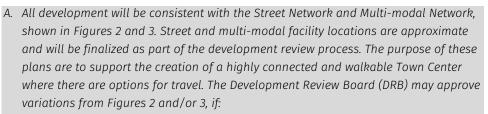
- C. Mixed Use (MU):
 - 1. Additional permitted uses—Single-user comm ercial or retail (e.g. grocery store or retail establishment) may exceed 30,000 square feet if located on more than one story of a multi-story building.
 - 2. Uses with drive-through facilities—New uses with drive-through facilities (e.g. fast that they meet food, banks, car wash) are permitted in the MU sub-distriction design and development standards for the TC Zone. Existing drive through uses and facilities may be continued consistent with Section 4.189.

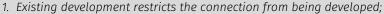
Response: Per Figure 1, the site is in the Mixed Use - MU Sub-District of the TC Zone. 3,707 sf of leasable commercial space is anticipated to be retails sales, office, food service, or beverage service and will be permitted in future Tenant Improvement permits. No drive-through facilities are proposed on site.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.132(.04)

Consistency with Street Network and Multi-modal Network:





- 2. Existing natural resources and/or open space would be adversely affected by construction of the facility and mitigation of those impacts is not feasible.
- B. If a street or other multimodal connection varies from Figures 2 and/or 3, equivalent connectivity and multi-modal travel options shall be provided as determined in a Transportation Impact Analysis prepared per Section 4.140 and approved by the City
 - C. All development shall provide transportation facilities consistent with the cross-sections in the Wilsonville Town Center Plan and applicable provisions of the Wilsonville Transportation System Plan subject to variations approved by the City Engineer.
 - D. All franchise utilities shall be located underground within the public sidewalk.

Response: Figure 2 Street Network shows Town Contex Loop bordering the south corner and southwestern edge of the site, and is designated as an 'Existing, Local Street'. Park Place borders the southeaster edge, and is outlined, however is given no designation of Street Hierarchy. New 'Local Street(s)' are shown to Proposed along the northeastern, and northwestern borders of the site.

Figure 3 Multimodal Network overlays open space and pedestrian and bike system information over the Street Network of Figure 2. Park Place is shown as a Proposed Open Space and Proposed Multi-Use Path. Town Center Logip is shown as a Proposed Cycle Track (2-way).

In the Wilsonville Town Center Plan, project IN.8 Town Certer Loop W Modifications, and the associated Appendix D document reference a cross-section for 'Local Street Option 2', with a 60-foot overall right-of-way, with 12-foot sidewalks. This 'Local Street Option 2' cross-section also illustrates the intent for the new local streets at the northerst and northwest site boundaries.

Infrastructure project 'IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign references by Park Place will become a pedestrian-oriented linear park feature, and references the 'Woonerf-style local street cross-section' in Appendix D. The 'Local Street Option 3' cross-section in Appendix D shows a woonerf-style shared roadway section, with a 54-foot right-of-way, with a 12-foot sidewalk, and 14-foot sidewalk. Table 5.1 states that IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign will occur in the medium and long-range timeline.

Drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan illustrates the proposed street and right-of-way improvements in the project. The proposal maintains the existing curb along Town Center Loop and provides a 6.75-foot right-of-way dedication in order to provide a 12-foot-wide sidewalk for the entire southwestern site edge. This is consistent with the project description 'IN.8 Town Center Loop W Modifications', and the 'Local Street Option 2' street section. The proposal maintains the existing curb along Park Place, and provides a 2.17-foot right-of-way dedication to allow a 12-foot-wide sidewalk for the entire southeaster frontage. This is

consistent with the 'Local Street Option 3' cross-section and allows for the future project IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign.

(cont'd) A partial new 'Local Street' is provided in the proposal along the northeastern site edge. The sponse: applicant has received preliminary approval from City staff to provide a functional interim street section in lieu of the 60-foot right-of-way shown in Appendix D until neighboring lots are developed. The proposed 37-foot right-of-way dedication allows a 20-foot two-way drive aisle, measured from an existing northeast curb, and a 12-foot sidewalk. Planted stormwater facilities are provided within the amenity zone of the sidewalk to accommodate runoff from the new Local Street. Future neighboring development will be required to dedicate property ard construct the remaining 23 feet of on-street parking, asphalt, restriping, and sidewalk to Complete the 60-foot right-of-way illustrated in the 'Local Street Option 2' cross-section. The opped modification is consistent with the intent of the Appendix D.

The appareant has received preliminary approval from City Staff to provide a partial Pedes rian and Bicycle Connection in lieu of a new Local Street along the northwest site edge connecting new Center Loop to the new Local Street at the northeast. The proposal provides a 15-foot of dication for the entire northwestern edge between the existing neighboring drive-through facility and Planting. A 6-foot pedestrian path, and 9-feet of landscaped planting zone provide functional into im pedestrian and bicycle connection until the neighboring lot is redeveloped and completes the anticipated 30-foot wide right-of-way.

Drawing C-300 UTILITY (LAN) llustrates the proposed utilities for the project. Existing power lines communication line and storm lines remain legated underground within the cidewalk.

lines, communication lines, and storm lines remain located underground within the sidewalk along Town Center Loop. Existing easements along Town Center Loop will be vacated and utilities aligned to run within the right of vay.

Existing easements for sanitary and water cross the northwest site boundary and are not proposed to be adjusted as they provide services to other existing development that are not planned to be redeveloped.

The proposed right-of-way improvements are consistent with the street classifications and cross-sections in Figure 2, Figure 3, The Wilsowille Town Center Plan, and Appendix D.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.132(.05)

Consistency with Open Space Network:

- All development will be consistent with the Open Stace Network, shown in Figure 4. The open space sizes and locations on Figure 4 are approximate and will be finalized as part of the development review process. The purpose of the Nan is to create open spaces that are linked and serve as attractive amenities for Town Center. The Dr. elopment Review Board may approve variations from Figure 4 if needed to accommod existing development or physical constraints, and/or, preserve natural resources and open space. If an open space is varied, equivalent open space and open space linkage shall be provided.
- The Development Review Board may specify the method of assuring the long-term protection and maintenance of open space and/or recreational areas. Where such protection or maintenance are the responsibility of a private party or homeowners' association, the City Attorney shall review any pertinent bylaws, covenants or agreements prior to recordation.

Response: Figure 4 Open Space Network lists Park Place adjacent to the southeast site boundary as a Proposed Open Space. The redesign of Park Place as a pedestrian oriented linear park is described in project IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign in the Wilsonville Town Center Plan (WTCP) which references the 'Local Street Option 3' cross-section and woonerf-style street in the WTCP Appendix D. This cross-section shows an overall 54 foot right-of-way for Park Place at this location. Table 5.1 of the WTCP states that IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign will occur in the medium and long-range timeline, or between 6 and 20 years from the plan's adoption in 2019.

The existing right-of-way width is 80 feet and the existing sidewalk along the property's outheastern boundary is 10 feet wide. Although the existing right-of-way width of Park Place ceeds the 54 foot width of the woonerf-style 'Local Street Option 3' shown in the WTCP Appendix D, the final design and location of the pedestrian path is unknown due to the sher ale for IN.10. The proposal provides a 2.17-foot right-of-way dedication along the entire Park Place pontage to provide a 12-foot sidewalk width including the existing curb. This provides a consistent open space size and location as illustrated in Figure 4 and other dcuments. relevant W C

Therefore the cateria

4.132(.06)B.

Design and Develorment Standards:

Building/Street Frontage Requirements. Building and street frontage requirements in this section are intended to create of active pedestrian environment through sidewalkfacing ground floors and entryway, with protection from the elements for pedestrians.

Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Stane s (Local Roads)

Objective: Provides local access to adjacent acceptance with pedestrian design focus. Local roads should also provide access to parking and service entrances

Response: Town Center Loop, Park Place and the future Park Place Prometade, and the new Local Street at the northeast site boundary are all classified as Local Roads in Figure 2. The new right-ofway along the northwest site boundary has been preliminally approve by City staff to be modified to a Pedestrian Accessway.

> The proposed design is consistent with and matches the approximate size, location, and character of Town Center Loop and Park Place per the Wilsonville Town Center Plan and WTCP Appendix D. The first-floor layout and site plan maintain an active and patentian-focused frontage along the entirety of Park Place and the new northeaster Local Street. On-site parking, and building services and utilities are accessed off Town Center entirely with the exception of the trash and recycling room. Due to the high amount of traffic on Town Center Loop, Republic Services requires the trash and recycling room to be serviced from the new northeastern Local Street. The proposal has located the trash room to the north corner of the building and accessed off the new Pedestrian Accessway. This allows convenient access for service and for residents while allowing a continuous frontage of active and inhabited spaces along the new Local Street.

Therefore the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads)

Sidewalks: Required. Separated from curb by planting strip, tree wells, or rain gardens.

<u>ponse:</u> Town Center Loop, Park Place and the future Park Place Promenade, and the new Local Street at the northeast site boundary are all classified as Local Roads in Figure 2. The new right-ofway along the northwest site boundary has been preliminarily approved by City staff to be nodified to a Pedestrian Accessway.

dustrated in drawings A-000 and C-100 the proposal provides 12-foot-wide sidewalks ong Town Center Loop, Park Place, and the new northeastern Local Street. The pedestrian way of all three proposed sidewalks is separated from the curb by a 4-foot-wide amenity corrections of street trees in tree wells, and street furnishings. Additionally, the amenity zone of the idewalk along the new northeastern Local Street includes rain gardens between the tree

Therefore, the cotern is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. Table 1. Building/Front ge Design Standards (Local Roads) Sidewalk Width: 12-4 feet, depending on local street option.

Response: Town Center Loop, Park Place and the future Park Place Promenade, and the new Local Street at the northeast site boundary are all classified as Local Roads in Figure 2. The new right-of-way along the northwest site boundary has been preliminarily approved by City staff to be modified to a Pedestrian Accessway. Town Center Loop requires a 12-foot sidewalk width per both 'Local Street Options 1 and 2' in the Wiles Appendix D. Park Place requires either a 12both 'Local Street Options 1 and 2' in the W. G. Appendix D. Park Place requires either a 12-foot or 14-foot sidewalk according to 'Local Street Option 3' in the WTCP Appendix D. It is not clear from the cross-section what side of the street should have the 12-foot width. However, given that the existing right-of-way is 80 feet, and the illustrated cross-section shows a 54foot right-of-way, additional room exists for wider si reways as project IN.10 is designed. As illustrated in drawings A-000 and C-200, the proposal profides 12-foot-wide sidewalks along Town Center Loop, Park Place, and the new norther term to Cal Street. This is consistent with the required sidewalk width illustrated in all relevant ocal Streetons-sections in the WTCP Appendix D.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads) Landscaping Type: Street trees and plantings, including rain gardens, rooftop gardens, plazas.

Response: As illustrated in drawings A-000, C-200, and L-200 the proposal provides landscaping both onsite and within the right-of-way. On-site landscaping of trees and plantings screen the parking from the pedestrian areas along Town Center Loop and the new northwest Pedestrian Accessway. Street trees separate pedestrians from the curb on Town Center Loop, Park Place, and the new northeastern Local Street. Rain gardens provide street runoff treatment in the amenity zone of the northeast new Local Street. A fifth-floor open-air terrace is located on the east corner of the building and includes moveable tree and planted boxes.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.132(.06)B.

Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads)

On street parking : Dependent on local road design (see cross section options). Parallel rking on both sides, or diagonal parking on one side, depending on ROW availability street cross-section.

Response: Town Cent r Dyp, Park Place and the future Park Place Promenade, and the new Local Street at the northeast after undary are all classified as Local Roads in Figure 2. The new right-of-way along the north vest site boundary has been preliminarily approved by City staff to be modified to a Pedestrian Acessway. Per the WTCP Appendix D drawings, Town Center Loop requires either parallel parking on both sides of the street in 'Local Street Option 1', or no onstreet parking in 'Local Street Option 2'. 'Local Street Option 1' is assumed as the requirement for the new northeadern Local Street. Park Place requires parallel parking on one side of the street per Cal Street (ation 3' in the WTCP Appendix D. It is not clear from the cross-section what side of the street should have the parallel parking. Drawing A-000 illustrates the proposed Nght-of-way design for each relevant street. Vehicular lanes, a planted median, and bike lanes already exist on Town Center Loop. With the proposed 6.75-foot dedication along to /n Center Loop, the resulting right-of-way width will be 78.5 feet – exceeding the 6—foot wisth klus rated in 'Local Street Option 1 and Option 2'. Therefore the proposal exceeds the required radiavay width, allowing for the on-street parking of 'Local Street Option 1' if that option is spect 4 in the future design of IN.9. The proposed improvements of Park Place are limited to the 12-foot sidewalk from the existing curb to the new face of building. The final design of INAO Park Place Promenade Redesign has not been completed. However, given that the existing right-of-way is 80 feet, and the illustrated cross-section shows a 54-foot right-of-way, additional room exists to locate the on-street parking as project IN.10 is planned. Therefore, the roposed design is consistent with the parking requirements of 'Local Street Option' A partial new 'Local Street' is provided in the proposal along the north aste in site edge. The

applicant has received preliminary approval from City staff to provide a ctional interim street section in lieu of the 60-foot right-of-way shown in Appendix D until neighboring lots are developed. The proposed 37-foot right-of-way dedication allows a 20-foot two-way drive aisle, measured from an existing northeast curb, and a 12-foot sidewalk. Future neighboring development will be required to dedicate property and construct the remaining 23 feet of right-of-way improvements, including re-striping of the drive lanes and parallel parking on both sides of the street, to complete the 60-foot right-of-way illustrated in the 'Local Street Option 2' cross-section.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads)

Number of Lanes: Two

Response: Drawing A-000 illustrates the proposed right-of-way design for each relevant street. Two lanes, separated by a planted median, already exist along Town Center Loop and will be maintained with the proposal. Two lanes, separated by a planted median, exist along Park Place as well and will be maintained by the proposal.

> A partial new 'Local Street' is provided in the proposal along the northeastern site edge. The applicant has received preliminary approval from City staff to provide a functional interim street section in lieu of the 60-foot right-of-way shown in Appendix D until neighboring lots are developed. The proposed 37-foot right-of-way dedication allows a 20-foot wide, two-lane road, measured from an existing northeast curb, and a 12-foot sidewalk. Future neighboring bey opment will be required to dedicate property and construct the remaining 23 feet of nt-of-way improvements, including re-striping of the drive lanes to add parallel parking on both sides of the street, to complete the 60-foot right-of-way illustrated in the 'Local Street otio' 2' cross-section.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. Till ing/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads)

Bicycle Varies by local street option.

Response: Town Center Loop, Park Piese and the future Park Place Promenade, and the new Local Street at the northeast site boundary are all classified as Local Roads in Figure 2. The new right-of-way along the northwest site boundary has been preliminarily approved by City staff to be modified to a Pedestrian Acc s way. Per the WTCP Appendix D drawings, Town Center Loop is described in IN.9 as either Local Stree Option 1' or 'Option 2'. Only "Option 2' requires a buffered bike lane on both sides of the street. 'Local Street Option 1' requires no bike lanes and is assumed as the requirement for the new northeastern Local Street. Park Place and project IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign shown bike lanes within the shared woonerfstyle roadway as illustrated in 'Local Street Option 3'.

A 6-foot bike lane and 2-foot buffer exists along Town center Loop adjacent to the site and is maintained by the proposed right-of-way improvements as shown on drawing A-000. Project IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign has not yet beer assigned, however the existing 80-foot right of way width exceeds the 54 feet required fer "local Street Option 3", therefore it can be assumed that the bike lanes in the woonerf roadwy who be accommodated in the proposed design. No bike lanes are required or proposed along the new northeastern Local Street.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads)

Minimum % of building along street frontage (see Figures 5.A throug) D for typical site designs):

Minimum 50% of building facing a local street. Buildings to be placed at corners.

Response: Town Center Loop, Park Place and the future Park Place Promenade, and the new Local Street at the northeast site boundary are all classified as Local Roads in Figure 2. The new right-ofway along the northwest site boundary has been preliminarily approved by City staff to be modified to a Pedestrian Accessway. Figures 5.C and 5.D both show building placement and location of parking where two Local Streets intersect. Figure 5.D most closely resembles the proposed condition, where a single parking area is entered off one local street only, parking is screened from the adjacent sidewalk by landscaped area, and the parking is limited to 50% of the street frontage. The building is required to be located at the corner of the intersection and maintain 50% of building frontage located on the street.

> the reference figures illustrate a site that is bounded only on two sides by local streets, where is the proposal site is a full block and bound on all sides. From figures 5.C through 5.D, be interpreted that the intent of this code section only applies to a single corner, or two freatages, where the property is surrounded on all sides by right-of-way.

The proposed sign is illustrated on A-000, with the building located at the corners of Park Place and the next car Street, and of Park Place and Town Center Loop.

The required mink rum building frontage for each Local Street frontage is 50%. After dedications, the frontage along Town Center Loop is 203.7 feet; the frontage along Park Place is 145.3 feet; and the fruitage along the new Local Street is 239.1 feet.

The building frontage requirer along Toyn Center Loop is 101.9 feet, and 80.9 feet is provided. The requirement along Park Place is 77 feet and 145.3 feet is provided. The requirement along the new Local Street is 119.6 eet and 239.1 feet is provided. The requirement along the Pedestrian Accessway is 85.7 feet and 77 feet is provided.

e and the new NE Local Street. The proposal exceeds the standard along

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B.

Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Loc Location of Parking: On street when allowed, believed the side of the building. Off street parking is not permitted along main street from agr off-street parking prohibited at corners of public streets.

Response: Town Center Loop, Park Place and the future Park Place Promenale, and the new Local Street at the northeast site boundary are all classified as Local Roads in Figure 2. The new right-ofway along the northwest site boundary has been preliminarily approved modified to a Pedestrian Accessway. Therefore, the project is not adjacent to any Main

> The proposed site plan is illustrated on drawing A-000. The building is located at the intersection of Park Place and the new northeastern Local Street. The building anchors the entire frontages of Park Place and the new Local Street. An open-air, tuck-under parking lot is located at the west corner of the lot and vehicle access is located from the west corner off of Town Center Loop. The building separates the intersection of Park Place and Town Center Loop from the parking with a 54.25-foot-long frontage along Town Center Loop. Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B.

Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads)

Parking access: Parking access provided via local access street or alley.

esponse: Town Center Loop. Park Place and the future Park Place Promenade, and the new Local Street at the northeast site boundary are all classified as Local Roads in Figure 2. The new right-ofway along the northwest site boundary has been preliminarily approved by City staff to be modified to a Pedestrian Accessway.

The proposed site plan is illustrated on drawing A-000. An open-air, tuck-under parking lot is ocated at the west corner of the lot and vehicle access is provided in the west corner off of Center Loop.

nerefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. le 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads)

Dri ewa) spacing standards: 100 foot minimum

Response: The proposed driveway located along Town Center Loop and a separated from the current intersection of Park Place and Town Center Loop 20.15 feet to the northwest. An existing access further to the northwest is currently used as access to the neighboring northwest property. This access road is anticipated to become full re Local Road in the Wilsonville Town Center Plan documents. The proposed driveway sparated from this access drive by 150 feet. Therefore, the criterion is me.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. Table 1. Building/Frontage Design standards (Local Roads)

Block Length: Maximum block engly is 400 ft. The maximum distance to a pedestrian mid-block crossing shall be 250 ft. to provide pedestrian and parking access. Maximum mid-block crossing width up to 30 feet.

Response: As illustrated on A-000, after right-of-way dedication at ark Place, Town Center Loop, and the new northwestern Pedestrian Accessway, the total property perimeter along Town Center Loop and resulting block length is 203.75 feet. Additionally after these dedications, the total property perimeter along the northeastern Local Street ap resulting block length is 239 feet. Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)B. Table 1. Building/Frontage Design Standards (Local Roads)

Typical Vehicle Speed: 20-25 mph

Response: There are no privately owned streets in the proposal, therefore the critical is not relevant.

4.132(.06)C.

Design and Development Standards:

Development Standards. Development standards apply to all new development within the Town Center boundary.

Table 2. Town Center Development Standards (MU Sub-District)

Front and Rear Setbacks: Minimum - 0 feet; Maximum [2] - 20 feet.

[2] For commercial development, the maximum front and street side yard setback is 10 feet. For mixed-use and residential only development, the maximum front

setback is 20 feet. Front setbacks are permitted provided they are used for seating or other uses that encourage pedestrian activity and active ground floor uses. A variety of building setbacks are encouraged.

Side facing street and Side Setbacks: Minimum – 0 feet; Maximum [2] – 10 feet.

onse: The proposed site plan is illustrated on drawing A-000. The building maintains a 0-foot setback along Park Place and Town Center Loop at the ground-level, and steps back at the above floors 7 feet as required by 4.132(.06) M.2.b.ii. Along the northeast new Local Street, the ouilding maintains a 0-foot setback at the common and entry area, and then sets back 9'-11" at the ground level, and 8 feet at the upper floors for the remainder of the frontage. The builting is set back 0 feet along the new northwest Pedestrian Accessway.

re of ign is allowed a minimum of 0 feet, and a maximum of 10 feet setback on all agos. Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)C.

oma Center Development Standards (MU Sub-District) Buildin He ht (Stories/feet) [4]: Minimum – 2; Maximum – 4 [4]

[3] – Secon stories or higher in buildings must be useable. No false front building are permitted

[4] – Within the MSD, MU, and C-MU sub-districts, the maximum number of buildings stories may be increased by one story if a minimum of 25 percent of the units of the bonus floor area a fordable, with rental rates / mortgage restrictions for a minimum of ten years, to house olds earning at or below 80 percent of median family income in Wilson (le.

the criterion for minimum (two) stories in the MoSub-District but exceeds the manifest (four) stories standard Response: As illustrated on drawings A-200 and A-300

The applicant requests a Waiver to the Development Strudard per 4.132(.06) D to allow the maximum stories be increased to 5. See section 4.137 (.06) D in following pages.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)C. Table 2. Town Center Development Standards (MU Sub Vist Ct) Ground floor height minimum [5]: 12 feet

[5] This standard does not apply to residential-only buy

ght is 17 feet and Response: As illustrated on drawings A-200 and A-300, the proposed ground-floor exceeds the required standard of 12-feet minimum.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)C. Table 2. Town Center Development Standards (MU Sub-District)

Ground floor uses: N/A

Response: The criterion is not applicable.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)C. Table 2. Town Center Development Standards (MU Sub-District)

Building site coverage maximum: 90%

Response: The total site area after dedications is 33,265 sf as noted on drawing C-100. The resulting allowable building site coverage is 29,938 sf. The total building footprint and site coverage is noted on drawing A-000 as 20,052 sf, which is 60.2% of the site area after dedication. Therefore, the criterion is met.

Table 2. Town Center Development Standards (MU Sub-District) Minimum Landscaping: 15% (*Corrected to 10% per City review)

City staff has clarified that the requirement should be corrected to 10% of the site area after led ations due to conflicts with other portions of the Town Center Zone code. Staff has also arified that site area should reflect 'project area', including all right-of-way improvements other han vehicular surface (on-street parking or street).

A-000 now that the total site area after dedications is 33,267 sf , and the total project area is 43,142 f. The esulting minimum landscaped area is 4,344 sf.

The proposal Landscaping standard. As Justrated on A-000, 2,799 sf of planted area is located within the right-of way building zore, amenity zone or tree wells, and screening along the Pedestrian Accessway. An additional 8r spot planting is included in stormwater facilities in the amenity zone along the new Local Street. Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)C.

Table 2. Town Center Development (a) dards (MU Sub-District) Minimum Building Frontage: 52

The required minimum building frontage for each eight-of-way frontage is 50%. After dedications, the frontage along Town Center Losp is 203.7 feet; the frontage along Park Place is 145.3 feet; the frontage along the new Local Street is 239.1 feet; and the frontage along the Response: The required minimum building frontage new Pedestrian Accessway is 171.4'.

> While not required for these other site frontages, as Nuscrated on A-000, the 50% building frontage required along Town Center Loop is 101.9 feet, and 87.9 feet is provided. The measurement along Park Place is 72.7 feet and 145.3 feet is provided. The measurement along the new Local Street is 119.6 feet and 239.1 feet is provided. Along the Pidestrian Accessway is 85.7 feet and 77 feet is provided.

From figures 5.C through 5.D, the code applies to two frontages of a fullck property. The proposal exceeds the standard along Park Place and the new NE Local Street.

Therefore, the criterion is met

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)C.

Table 2. Town Center Development Standards (MU Sub-District) Residential density (units per acre): Minimum - 40, Maximum - None/No Limit

Minimum residential density applies to residential-only development. There is no minimum for mixed-use development.

Response: A-000 shows that the total site area after dedications is 33,267 sf, or 0.76 acres. Minimum dwelling units per acre density does not apply to mixed-use development, so there is no

minimum requirement. There is no maximum limit to dwelling unit density with the MU Sub-District.

The proposal provides 114 dwelling units and 3,707 square feet of leasable commercial tenant space.



Corn'c' 4.132(.36)0

D. Waivers to Development Standards. Development standards apply to all new development within the Town Center boundary.

The Development Review Board (DRB) may approve waivers to the size of the ground floor of a building floorplate and/or the number of stories of a building within the MU and C-MU sub-districts, consistent with the provisions of Section 4.118 (.03) if one item from each of the two following menus are met in a manner to clearly go substantially above and beyond and requirements and typical building and site design to create a sense of place and miligary negative impacts of the project related to the reason for the waiver. Items chosen from the penus shall account for need based on adjacent sites or the surrounding area:

Menu One:

- 1. Public amenities, such as a plaza or other community gathering space, incorporated into the building degrae public plaza or other gathering spaces located in a prominent, visible location action to a public street and include movable furniture that is functional and visually interesting.
- 2. Public community meeting space plovided within the building.
- 3. Provision of ground floor facaces nat is clude additional supporting storefronts. The primary entrance of all businesses shall be located on the primary street frontage.
- 4. Provision of incubator space on site, either fithin or adjacent to the development that provides below market lease rates for mall pusinesses.
- 5. Provision of affordable housing on the development site, consistent with the provisions of Table 2, footnote 4.

Menu Two:

- 1. Innovative building techniques, such as rainwater harvesting graywater systems, green roofs, or other environmental systems, shall be incorporated into the building design to significantly reduce impact to the environment.
- 2. Building architecture that creates a distinctive community landmark exemplifying the preferred materials and form for Town Center described in Subsection 4.132(.06)M. and discussed in the Town Center Plan.
- 3. Pedestrian-oriented and creative lighting incorporated into landscape features and plazas and/or interior window retail displays that are lit at night.
- 4. Achievement of LEED certification, Earth Advantage, or another recognized environmental certification.
- 5. Installation of public art, consistent with the provisions of Subsection 4.132(.06)K. for art within plaza areas.

<u>Response:</u> The applicant has requested waivers to the development standards and responded to the criteria for Section 4.118(.03) for each individual waiver. Refer to the criteria response for each anticipated waiver in the 'Anticipated Waivers' section of this narrative.

4.172(.26)E

- E. Building Placement. Buildings shall meet the following standards:
- 1. Main Streets and Local Streets. Where parcels are bounded by a main street and perpendicular street, buildings shall be located at the street intersection. For parcels with frontage only on one street or if a building is already located at the street intersection, the new building shall be located immediately adjacent to existing building to create a continuous building façade with adjacent buildings. Street frontage requirements for main street are a minimum of 70 percent of the lot frontage. Off-street parking shall be located belond-buildings fronting main street, either on surface or tuck under lot, parking structure, or a a central off-site parking facility located within the TC boundary.

Response: The proposal sit is bounded on three frontages by Local Streets at Town Center Loop, Park Place, and the new notificant Local Street. There is no existing building to remain on the parcel.

The building is located at the last corner of the site, at the intersection of Park Place Blvd, and the new northeast Local street the applicant is constructing. Additionally, the building provides 100% frontage for both streets. Off-street parking is behind the building from these streets, and is accessed via Town Center 20p, which is a local street.

Therefore, the criterion is met and exceeded.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)E. 2. If a parcel fronts two or more different street design classifications, the primary building entrance shall front the following it or or of priority: main street, local street, collector street.

<u>Response:</u> The proposal site is bounded on three frontages by Letal Streets, and one frontage by a Pedestrian Accessway.

The proposal site plan is illustrated in drawing A-000. The planary balling entrance to the residential lobby is located along the new northeast Local Street, and set lack from the corner of Park Place by 40 feet. Additionally, primary entries to all commercial tenant spaces directly front Park Place.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)E. 3. Minimum building frontage requirements for a local street shall be 25 percent if the development also fronts main street.

<u>Response:</u> The proposal site is bounded on three frontages by Local Streets, and one frontage by a Pedestrian Accessway. There is no main street frontage.

Therefore, the criterion is not applicable

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)E.

Minimum building frontage requirements for a local street shall be 50 percent if the development fronts another local street.

<u>ponse:</u> The required minimum building frontage for each right-of-way frontage is 50%. After dedications, the frontage along Town Center Loop is 203.7 feet; the frontage along Park Place is 145.3 feet; and the frontage along the new Local Street is 239.1 feet.

s illustrated on A-000, the 50% building frontage required along Park Place is 72.7 feet and 5.3 bet is provided. The requirement along the new Local Street is 119.6 feet and 239.1 feet is vided.

ures 5.C through 5.D, the code applies to two frontages of a full-block property. Therefore, the proposal exceeds the standard along Park Place and the new NE Local Street, and the criterion is met

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)E.

For parels that do not front a main street or a local street, the minimum building frontage shall occipy a minimum 50 percent of the lot frontage.

Response: The proposal site is bounded in three frontages by Local Streets, and one frontage by a Pedestrian Accessway.

Therefore, the criteria are not applicable

Cont'd. 4.132(.06)E.

- The Development Review Board hay approve variations from building placement standards if existing development, physical constraints, or site circulation and access are infeasible. If the Development Review Bourd deermines that a variation from building placement standards is required, building flace entishould be prioritized as follows:
 - a. If the development is adjacent to main street the primary frontage of the building shall remain on main street with variation from this standard occurring on a side street.
 - b. If the development is adjacent to the main street (e.g. Par Place and Courtside Drive) the primary frontage shall be on Park Placewith the variation occurring on Courtside Drive.
 - c. If the development is adjacent to two local streets, the primary frontage shall be on the north/south local street with the variation occurring on east west local street.

Response: The response to previous criteria to 4.132(.06)E.1, and 4.132(.06)E.2 state that figures 5.C and 5.D and building placement standards apply to two street frontages for properties that are bounded by streets on additional sides. Therefore, those criteria are met, and a variation is not triggered in this case.

> In addition, as illustrated on the architectural site plan on A-100, the north/south local street is Park Place, and the east/west local streets are the new northeast Local Street, and Town Center Loop. The building frontage along Park Place and along the new Local Street is 100%. Therefore, this project also meets (6)c if it was applicable.

4.132(.06)F.

F. Building Setbacks. The minimum building setback from public street rights-of-way shall be zero feet; the maximum building setback shall be 20 feet for MSD and N-MU districts. The maximum setback shall be ten feet for all other districts. No off-street vehicle parking or loading is permitted within the setback. Bicycle parking is permitted with in the setback.

Response:

se: The proposal is in the MU sub-district, and is bounded on the northeast, southeast, and southwest by street rights-of-way. The applicable minimum setbacks are zero feet, and maximum setbacks are 10 feet.

As illustrated on the architectural site plan, A-000, the building setback along the southeast from a along Park Place is zero feet at the ground level. Levels two through five are set back 7 feet along his frontage. Along the new northeast Local Street, the ground-floor building is set back zero feet at the residential lobby entry, and 9'-11" at the ground-floor residences. The upper levels are set back from the property line between 6 feet and 8 feet at this frontage. The portion of the building that fronts Town Center Loop is set back zero feet at the ground level, and 6 feet at the apper levels. There is no vehicle parking within any of the setbacks. Bicycle parking is provided within the cover of the building at the residential lobby entry.

All setbacks are greater than feet and less than 20 feet, therefore the criterion is met on all frontages.

4.132(.06)G.

G. Front Yard Setback Design. Lands aping, water quality treatment, seating areas, an arcade, or a hard-surfaced expansion of the pedestrian path must be provided between a structure and a public street or accessway If a building abuts more than one street, the required improvements shall be provided on all streets. Hard-surfaced areas shall be constructed with scored concrete or modular palling materials. Benches and other street furnishings are encouraged.

<u>Response:</u> The proposal site is bounded on three frontages by Lacal Streets, and one frontage by a Pedestrian Accessway.

Ground-level treatments are illustrated on the architectural site play A-c 00, and the landscape materials plan L-200. The building fronts the Park Place right-of-ray with a zero-foot setback. Storefront windows and entries are recessed 1 foot and 3.5 feet to actival the façade. The concrete pedestrian path is extended into these recesses. A similar façal extendent and extension of the sidewalk wraps onto a portion of Town Center Loop. The semainder of the Town Center Loop right-of-way is abutted with at-grade landscaping and planted stormwater facility except for the parking lot entry drive.

The new northeast Local Street right-of-way is treated in a similar way to Park Place for the far east portion abutting the sidewall of retail, and residential lobby and entry. The ground-level steps back at the remainder of the frontage to provide separation for the ground-level residences. The right-of-way here is lined with a series of at-grade and 2.5-foot tall planters, private concrete steps, and scored concrete patios.

At the Pedestrian Accessway the building abuts the right-of-way at the northern portion, with landscaping and concrete access paths abutting the pedestrian path. The remainder of the

frontage is abutted by landscaped screening within the right-of-way adjacent to open-air parking.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

/ /32 (.0)H<u>.</u>

H. Walkway Connection to Building Entrances. A walkway connection is required between a building's entrance and a public street or accessway. This walkway must be at least six feet wide and be paved with concrete or modular paving materials. Building entrances at a corner adjacent to a public street intersection are encouraged.

Response

The building entrances and site materials are illustrated on the land use site plan A-000 and L-206. The primary building entrance is located along the new northeast Local Street and separated from Park Place by 45.5 feet to allow continuous retail frontage along Park Place. An 11-foot-vide concrete pedestrian walkway extends from the right-of-way directly to the entry doors which the property by 6 feet.

doors which the eccessed onto the property by 6 feet.

Additional entrances to retail spaces along Park Place are also directly connected to the adjacent sidewall with 73-foot-wide concrete pathways.

Therefore, the criterion is mat.

4.132(.06)I.

- I. Parking Location and Landscape Design:
- 1. Parking for buildings I diggent to public street rights-of-way must be located to the side or rear of newly constructed suildings, except for buildings fronting main street, where parking must be located behind the building, either surface, tuck under or structured (above or below grade). For locations where parking may be located to the side of the building, parking is limit a to 50 percent of the street frontage and must be behind a landscaped area per Section 4, 76.

Response: The proposal site is bounded on three sides by Local streets and one side by a Pedestrian Accessway. The standards are applicable to two front ges of a site that is bounded by three or more street rights-of-way.

The building fronts the entirety of Park Place and the new northeast local Street. The parking lot is a combination of tuck-under and surface parking and is located belond the building and completely separated from these two street rights-of-way.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)I. Within off-street parking lots, all parking spaces, except for those designated for ADA
accessible space or deliveries, shall be shared spaces. Designation for individual uses
is not permitted.

<u>Response:</u> The applicant has requested a waiver to the standard. See the Anticipated Waivers section of this narrative.

The proposal's off-street parking is illustrated on A-100 and show 52 parking stalls and 2 ADA accessible stalls for resident parking. All parking stalls are unbundled and will be for rent by individual tenants, therefore they must be designated for individual residents. The priority will be given to residents needing the accessible stalls. Because this criterion refers to a general category of "off street parking lots" it is inapplicable in this case. Instead, here we have a

mixed-use development that does not otherwise have a minimum parking requirement. Parking is provided in a "tuck under" configuration with some surface parking. Unlike a general "off street parking lot" that can be utilized for a variety of uses in a shared parking arrangement, this lot is designated for residential use and accessory to the residential units. Further, to reduce parking demand, and consistent the climate friendly amendments to the TPR, these spaces are unbundled and are therefore targeted for rental to the building's residents. Therefore, these residential spaces are not general spaces in an off-street lot and must be designated for individual use. The proposed design and use of the parking spaces meets the curpose and intended character of the Town Center Plan.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)I.

Within off-street parking lots, time limitations may be placed on parking spaces to encourage parking turnover. This includes time limitations to pickup and drop off of apods from area businesses (e.g. drycleaner, bank ATM etc.).

Response: The proposal coeff-street parking is illustrated on A-100 and shows 52 parking stalls and 2 ADA accessible state for resident parking. This criterion is permissive and states that time limitations "hap" to placed on parking spaces. While that may be appropriate with non-residential uses, pecalse these 52 spaces will be tenant rented residential spaces, no time limitations are anticipated with this application.

4.132(.06)J.

J. Parking Garage, and Off-street Parking Access. Parking garages must meet all building standards identified within this section. Off street access to a parking lot or garage should be located to minimize conflict with pedestrians and must be provided from an alley or local street.

Response: The off-street parking and access of the proposal is illustrated on A-100. The surface parking is buffered from the pedestrian rights-of-way a ong Zown Center Loop and the new Pedestrian Accessway with landscaped screening complying with Section 4.176. Parking is accessed via a 20-foot wide, two-way driveway off Town Center Loop which is a Local Street.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.132(.06)K.

K. Plaza Areas. The following plaza design standards are intended to enhance the overall site layout and ensure that plaza areas are designed as a access of amenity.

Response: No Plaza Areas area proposed in the project.

Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.132(.06)L.

L. Drive Through Facilities. A drive-through facility shall be subject to the following standards:

Response: No Drive Through Facilities are proposed in the project.

Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.132(.06)M.

- M. Building Design Standards:
- 1. General Provisions:

- a) The first-floor façade of all buildings, including structured parking facilities, shall be designed to encourage and complement pedestrian-scale interest and activity through the use of elements such as windows, awnings, and other similar features.
- b) Building entrances shall be clearly marked, provide weather covering, and incorporate architectural features of the building.
- c) Architectural features and treatments shall not be limited to a single façade. All visible sides of a building from the street, whether viewed from public or private property, shall display a similar level of quality and architectural interest, with elements such as windows, awnings, murals, a variety of exterior materials, reveals, and other similar features.
- d) Green building techniques are encouraged, which could include the use of green boofs, gray water and water harvesting, and/or LEED certification of buildings.

Response: The proposed fixed floor façade design is illustrated on A-200, A-201, and in renderings on A-900. The design provides pedestrian-oriented design for 100% of the frontages along Park Place, and the new profitheast Local Street.

A 16-foot-tall ground floor ficade, with large storefront windows and entries, and grand 5-foot-deep canopies runs they ntire length of the Park Place frontage and leads pedestrians to the residential entry and lobs, of the new Local Street. The façade is constructed of highly durable and timeless material, such as fiber-reinforced concrete cladding and factory-finished composite metal panels for an walls, all ninum storefront windows and doors, and permanent steel canopies for weather protection and signage. Entrances to commercial tenant spaces are differentiated with a varied width or anopy and are recessed 3'-6" into the façade. Lighting at each entry will mark them at night, and futur tenant signage will be located in the vicinity of each entry. The intent for signage is illustrated or exhibit A-004.

Along the new Local Street, scale, interest, and activ y is provided with an urban typology of ground-level residences and entry patios. Eight was the proposed, and each is entered from the street directly. The finish floor of all the units is railed 2 feet above the adjacent sidewalk to provide vertical separation from the public right-of way. The units are set back 9'-11" from the sidewalk, and layered buffering of varied planting and 6' o" teep private patios add to the livability and the pedestrian experience. An additional layer of 18" at-grade planting is provided within the right-of-way building zone. All units are provided with individual entry stairs, unit identification plaques, and entries recessed 1-foot into the facility for differentiation. Lighting is provided at each stair, and each entry of or which is illustrated on A-021. The project is pursuing green building certification through the Green alobes program.

Therefore, the criteria are met.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M.

- Design Standards:
- [a.] All buildings, including parking garages, shall comply with the following design standards. Building facade windows are required on all street-facing facades (see Figure 7), as follows:

Ground Story: Mixed Use and Non-Residential	60% of facade
Upper Stories: Mixed Use	30% of facade
Ground Story: Residential Only	30% of facade

Response: The street-facing facades of the building are along the new northeast Local Street, Park Place to the southeast, and a portion along Town Center Loop. These three facades are illustrated in Building Façade and Window Area Diagrams on drawing A-205.



The ground floor along the northeast facade provides 55.5% glazing at the portion adjacent to ground floor residential, and 61% at the portion adjacent to commercial space and the design exceeds the requirement for both. The upper floor facades provide 30% glazing and meet the requirement.

the southeast façade along Park Place, the ground floor is entirely commercial use, and 66% Ing is provided, exceeding the requirement. The upper floor facades along Park Place royide 10% glazing and meet the requirement.

Along Trwn Center Loop, the ground floor façade is a combination of commercial space, and parking or building service screening. At the portion adjacent to commercial space, 60% glazing is provide and meets the requirement. At the portion adjacent to building service and parking, 60% of the wall area is proposed as a metal screening to buffer the parking and provide visual interest to pedestrians. Upper floors of this façade provide 30% glazing and meet the requirement.

Therefore, the criteria art me

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M. [a.] ii. Required windows that be clear glass and not mirrored or frosted, except for bathrooms. Clear glass within door ma, be counted toward meeting the window coverage standard.

Response: Proposed areas of Building Façade Windows are illustrated in diagrams on sheet A-205. All windows and door counted towards the standary an noted as clear glass.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M. [a.] iii. Ground floor windows. All street-facing elevations within the building setback (zero to 20 feet) along public streets shall include a minimum of percent of the ground floor wall area with windows, display areas or doorway openings. The good floor wall area shall be measured from two feet above grade to ten feet above grade or the entire width of the street-facing elevation. The ground floor window requirements all he met within the ground floor wall area and for glass doorway openings to ground level to 50 percent of the ground floor window requirement may be met on an adjoining elevation as long as the entire requirement is located at a building corner.

Response: As the previous response to 4.132(.06) M.2.a. states, ground floor windows are illustrated on A-205. All three street-facing facades meet or exceed the 60% requirement, measured for the wall and glazing area between two feet and ten feet above grade. The full area of storefront windows, and the glass lights within doors, are counted towards the standard.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M. [a.] iv. Street-facing facades that contain vehicle parking, such as a parking structure, do not have to provide windows but shall provide facade openings that meet the minimum

required window area. If required facade openings do not contain glass, they may contain architectural elements that are no more than 30 percent sight-obscuring.

sponse: As the previous response to 4.132(.06) M.2.a. states, ground floor windows are illustrated on A-205. The ground floor windows requirement for the portion of the southwest façade which is adjacent to vehicle parking is met with a metal screen in lieu of windows. Precedent images on A-900 illustrate the intent.

[b.] Building Facades:

irracades that face a public street shall extend no more than 50 feet without providing at least one of the following features: (a) a variation in building materials; (b) a building off-🚧 at least one foot; (c) a wall area that is entirely separated from other wall areas by a such as an arcade; or (d) by other design features that reflect the building's strukural eystem (See Figure 8). No building façade shall extend for more than 250 feet without production between or through the building (see Figure 11).

Response: The proposed bu ding acades are illustrated on drawings A-200 and A-201. The building facades face streets at the southeast along Park Place, and the northeast along the new Local Street. A portion of the balang façade also fronts the southwest along Town Center Loop at the intersection with Park Place

> The upper floors of all building racades are differentiated in material and set back from the ground-level façade in varying distance of 25 feet, 6 feet, and 7 feet. The upper facades are articulated with a rhythm of 4-foot vide other cement piers and varied-width windows which vary to represent the unit and room types inside. An accent panel and material change is provided at the side of windows to provide a faulocal visual interest and meet the criterion b.i.(a.). Additionally, stacks of recessed balconies broak the building facades at the northeast and at the southeast street-facing facades.

The ground-level façade facing Park Place is 142'-3' long overall and is articulated with a rhythm of wide storefront windows, and retail entry door by the three retail entries is 7'rhythm of wide storefront windows, and retail entry upon a constitute line retail entries is 7 - 6" wide, and is recessed 3'-6" from the primary façade plane. The storefront windows are each 16'-0" wide, and recessed 1'-0" from the primary façade plane. The primary façade walls between the storefront and door openings vary between 4 feet and 5 feet wide. The upper floors of the building façade facing Park Place is set back 7 feet from the ground-level and is 130'-3" in total length. The façade is articulated by two recessed states (Fbay onies which are each 6 feet wide and 4 feet deep. The recessed stacks break the overall factorial fact planes of 46'-6", 26'-1", and 46'-6" widths. Therefore the criterion is met on the Park Place facing façade.

A 67'-6" long portion of the building directly faces Town Center Loop at the south corner of the site. The remainder of the building façade is 62'-0" back from the street and is not considered street facing.

The upper floors are setback 6 feet from the ground-level façade. The overall ground-level façade length is 80'-11", and the façade is articulated in a similar rhythm to the Park Place facade width varied width storefront windows recessed 1'-0" into primary facade planes. The maximum width of unarticulated façade between the recesses is 7'-0", therefore the criterion is met for the ground-level façade. The upper floors façade is 67'-6" long, and is articulated by a rhythm of varied width windows and piers representing the units and function of rooms inside.

An accent panel material change occurs at the left side of each window and add further visual interest to the overall façade. The maximum distance of a single material on this façade is 4'-0", therefore the criterion is met at the upper floors of the applicable Town Center Loop façade.



The northeast facade facing the new Local Street is 230'-4" in total length, and the facade is articulated with a similar rhythm of 4-foot wide panels, windows, and accent panels as the upper floors facing Park Place. This façade is further articulated with 7'-0" wide recessed balcony stacks, which run from the second floor through the parapet and are open to the sky. This effectively breaks the massing from the pedestrian point of view, and creates roughly a 40ot___ythm of separated massings while using a consistent architectural language. ground floor is articulated from the upper floors through a stepback at the second floor at retal and residential lobby, and through raised residential stoops, entry stairs, and front ground-level units.

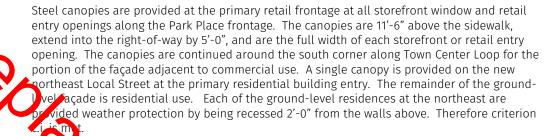
Cont'd 4.132(.06)M. [b.] (i. Buildings more than three stories are required to step back six feet from the building to all e at the beginning of the fourth story.

Response: The proposed building step back is illustrated on drawings A-300, A-200, and A-201. The streetfacing facades are the south ast along Park Place, the northeast along the new Local Street, and a portion of the building long Town Center Loop. The building is 5 stories tall, with the required upper stories setback at street facing facades occurring at the second floor. The applicant has requested a Development Waiver to this criterion in the Anticipated Waivers section of this narrative.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M.

- Weather Protection (for nor residential and mixed-use buildings):
 - A projecting facade element (aw ing, canopy, arcade, or marquee) is required on the street-facing façade. Within the MSD sub-district, weather protection shall be provided across the entire length of the building frontage.
 - All weather protection must comply with the fregon Structural Specialty Code in effect at the time of application for projection, or encroachments into the public right-of-way.
 - Weather protection shall be maintained and a good condition. 111.
 - IV. Marquees shall have a minimum ten-foot clearance from the bottom of the marquee to the sidewalk. Canopies and awnings sha have minimum eight-foot clearance from the bottom of the awning or canopy to
 - The projecting façade element shall not extend into amenity ne or conflict with street lights. If the projecting facade element blocks light shed from adjacent street lights, exterior lighting shall be located on the building.
- VI. Awnings shall match the width of storefronts or window openings.
- VII. Internally lit awnings are not permitted.
- VIII. Awnings shall be made of glass, metal, or a combination of these materials. Fabric awnings are not permitted.

Response: The proposed building facades are illustrated on drawings A-200, and A-201. The building facades face streets at the southeast along Park Place, and the northeast along the new Local Street. A portion of the building façade also fronts the southwest along Town Center Loop at the intersection with Park Place.



All canceles comply with the anticipated adopted 2022 edition of the Oregon Structural Specially Code Shapter 32 Encroachments Into The Public Right-Of-Way. This code section requires car opier and other similar encroachments to be 8 feet or more above grade, and canopies between a nettand 15 feet above grade shall not extend into the R.O.W. more than two-thirds the width of the sidewalk. The sidewalk on all abutting streets is 12'-0" and therefore an encroachment of 8 feet is allowed for canopies so long as they are 8 feet above the sidewalk. The proposed canopies encroach into the right-of-way by 5 feet and are 11.5 feet above the sidewalk. The fefore, the criteria c.ii., and c.iv. are met. The amenity zone for each surrounding 12'-0" sidewalk will be 3.5' from the building face, therefore the 5 foot encroachment will not be in the amenity one and criterion c.v. is met.

No awnings are proposed on the project, herefore criteria c.iv, c.vi, c.vii, and c.viii are not applicable.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M. d. Building Materials. Plane concrete block plain concrete, T-111 or similar sheet materials, corrugated metal, plywood, sheet press board or vinyl siding may not be used as exterior finish materials. Foundation material meterials be plain concrete or plain concrete block where the foundation material is not revealed for hore than two feet. Use of brick and natural materials (wood) is encouraged.

Response: The proposed building facades are illustrated on drawings A-200, A-201, and renderings and materials are shown on A-900.

Primary exterior building materials are fiber cement panels, glass-fiber winf rced concrete panels, metal composite panels, and architectural concrete stem-walls ar asite walls at the ground. Composite wood siding and metal composite panels are utilized as accent materials. Window openings are constructed of commercial-grade vinyl windows at the upper floors, and commercial grade aluminum storefront at the ground-level. All openings are flashed with prefinished steel flashings and trim. Plain concrete is proposed at portions of the foundation; however it is not revealed for more than two feet and is largely located in the tuck-under parking area and away from the pedestrian rights-of-way.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M. e. Roofs and roof lines. Except in the case of a building entrance feature, roofs shall be designed as an extension of the primary materials used for the building and should respect

the building's structural system and architectural style. False fronts and false roofs are not permitted.

esponse: The proposed building facades and roof lines are illustrated on drawings A-200, A-201.

The proposed design employs a low-slope roof structure with a flat parapet at Level 2 and at the Roof level. This is consistent with the modern and urban architectural style, and common in multi-story, urban, multifamily buildings of all eras. No false fronts or false roofs are proposed. Parapets extend beyond the structural roof deck and are limited to the height reconstruction sary to capture roofing insulation and terminate roofing with standard construction practices.

There re the criterion is met.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M.

- f. Rooften features/equipment screening:
 - i. The pllowing rooftop equipment does not require screening:

Equipment under two feet in height.

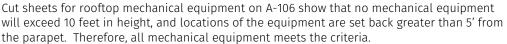
- ii. Elevator mechanical equipment may extend above the height limit a maximum of 16 feet provided not the mechanical shaft is incorporated into the architecture of the building.
- iii. Satellite dishes and other communications equipment shall be limited to ten feet in height from the roof, and be set back a minimum of five feet from the roof edge and screened from public view to the extent possible.
- iv. All other roof-mounted mecked hat excipment shall be limited to ten feet in height, shall be set back a minimum of five feet from the roof edge and screened from public view and from views from additions.
- v. On all structures exceeding 35 feet in Keight, nofs shall have drainage systems that are architecturally integrated into the building design.
- vi. Any external stairwells, corridors and circulation omponents of a building shall be architecturally compatible with the overall structure unity gh the use of similar materials, colors, and other building elements.
- vii. Required screening shall not be included in the building! meximum height calculation

Response: Rooftop features are shown on A-106 and include: an elevator overrun; a fire-access roof hatch; rooftop mechanical units for the residential corridors and common spaces; and mechanical units for up to four future commercial tenants. The applicant has also illustrated the zones that solar panels may be installed if it becomes beneficial to the development in the future. Cut sheets of all roof-top equipment has also been provided on A-106 to illustrate anticipated heights.

The solar panels would not require screening if installed, therefore, if installed they will be meet the standard.

The elevator overrun is dimensioned 4'-8" beyond the building parapet, and is less than the allowed 16 feet of projection. The overrun is set back 22'-6" from the parapet along the

northeast Local Street, and 36'-1" from Park Place parapet.. Therefore, it meets the screening criteria.



Internal roof drains are shown in the center of the floor plate on A-106, and run vertically through the inside of the building to underground storm utilities onsite.

There are no external stairwells, corridors, or circulation components.

4.132(.06)M.

General Screening. Utility meters shall be located on the back or side of a building, screened from view from a public street to the greatest extent possible, and shall be ported a color to blend with the building façade.

Response: Electrical met will be installed within the enclosed main electrical room, as located on a-000 and A-111 Jey will be inside the building, and not visible from public streets and

accessed through the packing area.

Gas meters are located behind metal screens within the façade articulation along Town Center Loop and accessed inrough the parking area. A gas regulator is located just northwest of the meters and outside of the shadow of the building as required by the gas company. The regulator is concealed from the adjacent sidewalk and right-of-way by landscape, and by an exterior 'wing wall' which also creens the parking.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M.

- Primary Entry.
 - For commercial/institutions \(\forall \) mixed-use buildings:
 - At least one entry door is required for each business with a ground floor frontage.
 - Each entrance shall be covered, eces ed, or treated with a permanent architectural feature in such a way no we ther protection is provided.
 - All primary ground-floor common entries shall be oriented to the street or a public space directly facing the street, or practal than angle up to 45 degrees from an adjacent street. Primary ground-floor common entries shall not be oriented to the interior or to a parking lot.
 - Courtyards, plazas and similar entry features may be utilized to satisfy the building entrance requirement when these features are design a to connect the adjacent street edge to the main building entrance.

Response: The proposed building entries are illustrated on drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. The proposal is a mixed-use building of multi-family residential and commercial tenant space. Up to three commercial tenants are anticipated within the ground-floor adjacent to Park Place. 7'-6" wide entries to each future tenant are oriented towards Park Place and are recessed 3'-6" so that door swings do not conflict with the public right-of-way. The primary residential entry is

located along the new northeast Local Street, and is oriented towards the street and setback for weather protection. Therefore, the criteria are met.

Building projections. Building projections are allowed as follows (see Figure 9):

Cont'd 4.132(.06)M.

- Architectural elements such as eaves, cornices and cornices may project up to one foot from the face of the building.
- II. Bay windows and balconies may project up to four feet from the face of the building. Balconies that project into the right-of-way shall have a minimum vertical clearance of 12 feet from sidewalk grade or be mounted at the floor elevation, whichever is greater.
- III. See also Subsection 4.132(.06)M.2.C. for standards related to weather protection.

Response: The criteria apply to projections into the right-of-way. The only proposed building projections or ensurancements into the right-of-way are steel canopies located along Park Place, and the east, in porions of Town Center Loop, and the new northeaster Local Street. While several projecting balconies are proposed, none project into the right-of-way due to the upper floor step back. Stell anopies at the ground-level project 5 feet beyond the face of building and into the rights-of-way. Each canopy is located 11'-6" above the sidewalk, exceeding the allowable 8'-0" minimum for canopies allowed in Figure 9. Criterion iii. is met in the narrative response to 4.132.06 M.2.C. above.

Therefore, the criteria are

4.132(.06)N.

N. Off Street Parking and Localing. Parking standards are identified in Section 4.155.

Response: See the written response to the critery of Section 4.155 in later pages.

4.132(.06)0.

- O. Parking within a Building or Structu
- 1. Parking structures shall be designed to allow reuse of the building for non-parking uses, such as office or residential uses.

Response: All proposed parking is illustrated on A-000 Land Use site Handand includes open-air tuckunder, and surface parking on-site. No parking is proposed within a building or structure. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.132(.06)P.

- P. Street Connectivity:
- 3. Transportation Facility Standards:
 - a. Intersection design and spacing:
 - i. Transportation facilities shall be designed and constructed it onformance to the applicable section of the City Development Code and to the City's Public Works Standards.
 - ii. Street intersections shall have curb extensions to reduce pedestrian crossing distances unless there are other standards that apply, such as areas with flush curbs
- iii. New street intersections, including alleys, are subject to approval by the City Engineer.

Response: All proposed street alignments and design standards are in compliance with the Town Center Plan and associated appendices. The project includes work on one side of the street at two

intersections: Park Place and Town Center Loop; and Park Place and the new northeastern Local Street. Park Place is to be reconstructed in the future into a pedestrian-oriented woonerf or Promenade as described in IN.10 in the Town Center Plan. No design is provided currently. Therefore, it is not possible to provide curb extensions of the pedestrian crossing at either intersection. The project provides right-of-way dedications at Park Place and Town Center Loop to provide a 12-foot-wide sidewalk at each street, measured from the existing curb. This provides the ability for the future road construction to allow pedestrian crossing extensions to be built.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)P. b_ Transportation network connectivity:

Minimum required transportation improvements are identified in the Wilsonville Town energy Plan. Alleys are encouraged but not required. Private streets are prohibited.

Response: Transportation improvements are provided in compliance with the Town Center Plan documents. Per lleys or private streets are proposed.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)P.b. b. ii. Bicycle and pedestrian connections are required where the addition of a connection would link the end of a permanent turnaround to an adjacent street or provide a midblock connection through a long block. A mid-block connection is required where at least one block face is 400 feet or more in length (see Figure 11). A required connection must go through the interior of the block and connect the block face to its opposite block face. The mid-block crossing shall be semarcated with paving, signage, or design that clearly demarcates the crossing is designed by pedestrian and bicycle crossings.

Response: As illustrated on exhibit A-000, Land Use Cita Plan the longest resulting frontage is 239 feet along the new northeast Local Street. There or , no connection longer than 400 feet is created, and the criterion is not applicable.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)P.b.

- iii. Streets shall be extended to the boundary lines of the proposed development where necessary to give access to or allow for future development of adjoining properties.
- Any required or proposed new streets through or along the boundary of the proposed development shall be accompanied by a future street plan. The future street plan shall show that it is feasible to extend all required or proposed lew streets onto adjoining properties to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- Temporary turnarounds shall be constructed for street stubs in excess of 150 feet in length.
- Street stubs to adjoining properties shall not be considered permanent turnarounds, unless required and designed as permanent turnarounds, since they are intended to continue as through streets when adjoining properties develop.
- Reserve strips may be required in order to ensure the eventual continuation or completion of a street.

Response: Proposed streets are illustrated on exhibit A-000, Land Use Site Plan. All three streets (Town Center Loop, Park Place, and a new Local Street) extend completely up to the proposed

property lines, and align with future locations for those streets as illustrated in the Town Center Plan documents. Therefore, this criterion is met.



iv. Permanent dead end streets are not allowed except where no opportunity exists for creating a through street connection. Dead end streets shall meet all fire code access requirements and shall only be used where topographical constraints, protected natural resource areas, existing development patterns, or strict adherence to other City requirements precludes a future street connection. The lack of present ownership or control over abutting property shall not be grounds for a dead end street.

xisting streets are illustrated on G-102 Survey, and proposed streets are illustrated on d Www. A-000 Land Use Site Plan. Street function on Park Place and Town Center Loop will remain. In xisting access easement for the northeast portion of the site, and the adjacent property to the northwest, are to become a new Local Street right-of-way per the Wilsonville Town Center Nar documents. This proposal dedicates a portion of the northeast frontage to provide an internal functioning Local Street and maintain through-way public access to the neighboring lot.

and streets will result from the proposal, and existing traffic patterns are No permanent de maintained or improved. Therefore, the criterion me

Cont'd 4.132(.06)P.b.

e subject to the standards illustrated in the Wilsonville Street design, All stre Town Center Plan.

Figure 2 Street Network shows Town Yenter Loop bordering the south corner and southwestern edge of the site, and is designated as an 'Existing, Local Street'. Park Place borders the southeaster edge, and is outlined, however' give the designation of Street Hierarchy. New 'Local Street(s)' are shown as Proposed along the northwestern, and northwestern borders of Response: Figure 2 Street Network shows Town the site.

Figure 3 Multimodal Network overlays open space, and peo estrian and bike system information over the Street Network of Figure 2. Park Place is shown a Proposed Open Space and Proposed Multi-Use Path. Town Center Loop is shown as a roi Sed Cycle Track (2-way). In the Wilsonville Town Center Plan, project IN.8 Town Center Loop W Modifications, and the associated Appendix D document reference a cross-section for 'Loc' Street Option 2', with a 60-foot overall right-of-way, with 12-foot sidewalks. This 'Local St eet 1, cion 2' cross-section also illustrates the intent for the new local streets at the northeastern northwest site boundaries.

Infrastructure project 'IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign references the Park Place will become a pedestrian-oriented linear park feature, and references the 'Woonerf-style local street cross-section' in Appendix D. The 'Local Street Option 3' cross-section in Appendix D shows a woonerf-style shared roadway section, with a 54-foot right-of-way, with a 12-foot sidewalk, and 14-foot sidewalk. Table 5.1 states that IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign will occur in the medium and long-range timeline.

Drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan illustrates the proposed street and right-of-way improvements in the project. The proposal maintains the existing curb along Town Center Loop, and provides a 6.75-foot right-of-way dedication in order to provide a 12 foot-wide sidewalk for the entire southwestern site edge. This is consistent with the project description 'IN.8 Town Center Loop W Modifications', and the 'Local Street Option 2' street section.

The proposal maintains the existing curb along Park Place, and provides a 2.17-foot right-ofway dedication to allow a 12-foot wide sidewalk for the entire southeaster frontage. This is consistent with the 'Local Street Option 3' cross-section and allows for the future project IN.10 Park Place Promenade Redesign.

ont'd A partial new 'Local Street' is provided in the proposal along the northeastern site edge. The sponse: applicant has received preliminary approval from City staff to provide a functional interim street section in lieu of the 60-foot right-of-way shown in Appendix D until neighboring lots are developed. The proposed 37-foot right-of-way dedication allows a 20-foot two-way drive sleameasured from an existing northeast curb, and a 12-foot sidewalk. Planted stormwater acarties are provided within the amenity zone of the sidewalk to accommodate runoff from ne new Local Street. Future neighboring development will be required to dedicate property and truct the remaining 23 feet of on-street parking, asphalt, restriping, and sidewalk to complet cm 60-foot right-of-way illustrated in the 'Local Street Option 2' cross-section. The proposed modification is consistent with the intent of the Appendix D.

The application are received preliminary approval from City Staff to provide a partial Pedestrian and Bicycle Convection in lieu of a new Local Street along the northwest site edge connecting and Bicycle Connection in lieu of a new Local Street along the northwest site edge connecting. Town Center Look to the new Local Street at the northeast. The proposal provides a 15-foot dedication for the other northwestern edge between the existing neighboring drive-through facility and planting. A 6-foot pedestrian path, and 9-feet of landscaped planting zone provide functional interim pedectrian and bicycle connection until the neighboring lot is redeveloped. and completes the anticipated 0-foot wide right-of-way. The proposed right-of-way improvements are consistent with the street classifications and cross-sections in Figure 2, Figure 3, The Wilsonville Town Center Plan, and Appendix D. Therefore, the criterion is met.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)P.b.

Street trees shall be required long all street frontages. The minimum number of required street trees shall be determined by d'Ading the length (in feet) of the proposed development's street frontage by 30 feet. When the result is a fraction, the number of street trees required shall be the nearest whole number

Response: All bounding streets are classified as Local Streets in the The frontage for the new Sal provides 8 trees and meets northeast Local Street is 239'-1" and requires 8 trees. The for the requirement.

The frontage along Park Place is 145'-4" and requires 5 trees at 30 feet. The proposal provides 4 trees spaced at 30 feet, 1 less than the requirement but complying with the spacing standard. The Wilsonville Town Center Streetscape Plan document allows 30ge for Local Streets. Therefore, the criterion is met along Park Place.

The frontage along Town Center Loop is 203.75 feet and requires 7 trees a 30 feet. The proposal provides 6 trees roughly at 30 feet spacing and meets the spacing required in the TC Streetscape Plan. Therefore, the criterion is met along Town Center Loop.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)P.b.

Sidewalks shall have a minimum unobstructed width of six feet for pedestrian through travel. Permanent structures or utilities within the required pedestrian throughtravel area are restricted unless approved by the City Engineer. Sidewalk area outside of the required through-travel area may be used for landscaping, pedestrian amenities such as permanent street furniture, bicycle parking, trash cans, and drinking fountains.

Response: Proposed sidewalks are illustrated on drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan and L-200 Materials Plan. 12-foot sidewalks are provided at Town Center Loop, Park Place, and the new northeast Local Street. Each sidewalk comprises a 6-foot pedestrian walkway; a 4 foot amenity zone and 6 inch curb; and a 1.5 foot building zone. Proposed street trees and landscaped areas are located within the amenity and building zones and clear of the pedestrian path. Site furnishings such as benches and trash cans are also shown within the amenity zone. A 7-footwide clear pedestrian path is shown within the west Pedestrian Accessway dedication. Planted areas are provided on either side with no site furnishings proposed. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.132(.06)P.b.

Temporary placement of customer seating, merchandise display, temporary A-frame signs or other uses by businesses adjacent to the street shall be placed within the amenity dilding zone in front of the business (see Figure 12). The building zone may be extended into the Ledestrian zone in front of the building if a minimum of four feet is provided for rian through area. Placement of any temporary uses requires a temporary rightof-way use permit and approval by the City Engineer.

Response: Temporary custoing seating and merchandise display or temporary signage will be submitted with future commercial teleast improvement permits. Proposed intent for permanent and building-mounted signage is included in this application under a Class 3 Sign Permit. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)P.b.

- xii. Temporary signs, see as A-Fronces, are permitted within Town Center provided the g tanuards: temporary sign meets the following
- One temporary sign is allow d per public entrance to buildings.
- are fet in area. Only one side of a portable sign Temporary signs may be up to 12 will be counted. The vertical dimension of the sign including support structure may be no greater than 42 inches.
- Signs may be placed in front of the building only luring business hours.
- Electrical signs and changing image sign feature are prohibited.

Response: Temporary signage will be submitted with future commercial tenant in rovement permits. Proposed intent for permanent and building-mounted signage is include in this application under a Class 3 Sign Permit. Therefore, the criterion is not applie ble.

Cont'd 4.132(.06)P.b.

Off street paths shall meet the City's path standards identified in the Transportation system plan, unless noted otherwise in the Wilsonville Town Center Plan The location and type of facility shall be consistent the trail and open space, and street cross section illustrated in the Wilsonville Town Center Plan. Trail widths may be reduced where constrained by existing development, protected natural resource areas, or topography as determined by the City Engineer.

Response: An off-street path is proposed within the western Pedestrian Accessway right-of-way dedication as illustrated on A-000 Land Use Site Plan. The proposed Pedestrian Accessway includes a 7-foot-wide pedestrian path connecting the sidewalk at Town Center Loop to the new sidewalk at the northeast Local Street. Therefore, the criterion is met.

Section 4.154 On-site Pedestrian Access and Circulation

4.154(.01).B

- Standards. Development shall conform to all of the following standards:
- Continuous Pathway System. A pedestrian pathway system shall extend throughout the development site and connect to adjacent sidewalks, and to all future phases of the development, as applicable.

sex The proposal is a single-phase development, and the pedestrian pathway system is illustrated n drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. The project is bounded on all sides by two existing gha-of-way, and two rights-of way which are being dedicated and built as part of the project. rights-of-way bounding the site include pedestrian sidewalks and pathways complying with Center Plan and including, at minimum, and 6-foot-wide clear pedestrian pathway. ewan are connected directly to one another.

All building antrances are directly oriented and adjacent to the bounding sidewalks, therefore the criterion

4.154(.02).B

- Convenient. Pathways within developments shall provide safe, Safe, Dir reasonably direct and convenient connections between primary building entrances and all adjacent parking areas excreational areas/playgrounds, and public rights-of-way and crosswalks based omall of the following criteria:
 - Pedestrical pethways are designed primarily for pedestrian safety and ence, mear they are free from hazards and provide a reasonably smooth and consistent surface.
 - b. The pathway is reasonably direct. A pathway is reasonably direct when it estinations that does not involve a significant follows a route between amount of unnecessar, ove-of direction travel.
 - c. The pathway connects to all ripary uilding entrances and is consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Art (ADA) requirements.
 - d. All parking lots larger than three access it size shall provide an internal bicycle and pedestrian pathway pursuant to Section 4.155(.03)B.3.d.

Response: Pedestrian pathways and grading are illustrated on drawings A-000 and use Site Plan, and C-200 Grading Plan. The proposal is bound on all sides by three sidewalk, and a pedestrian accessway, each of which includes a minimum 6-foot-wide clear pedestrian prohway. The primary residential building entry is located along the new northeast Locateet and is immediately adjacent to the sidewalk and right-of way. C-200 notes that a 1.5% maximum slope is maintained from the building entry to the sidewalk, complying with ADA requirements. Secondary entries to each commercial tenant space are located immediately adjacent to the sidewalk at Park Place and are also limited to 1.5% slope.

> The proposal includes eight ground-floor residential units along the northeast Local Street which are accessible only from exterior entry doors at each unit. The finish floor of these units is raised 28 inches above the adjacent sidewalk. A shared ramp is provided at the north corner of the site, providing ADA-compliant accessibility to the units, and creating residential stoops as well. The proposal includes two ADA-accessible parking stalls within the on-site parking lot. These are graded with a maximum 1.5% slope on C-200, and an accessible path is provided from the access aisle between the stalls directly to the secondary residential entry. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.154(.01)B.

Vehicle/Pathway Separation. Except as required for crosswalks, per subsection 4, below, where a pathway abuts a driveway or street it shall be vertically or horizontally separated from the vehicular lane. For example, a pathway may be vertically raised six inches above the abutting travel lane, or horizontally separated by a row of bollards.

Relevant data is illustrated on A-000 Land Use Plan, C-200 Grading Plan, and L-200 Materials an. The proposed project is bounded on three sides by rights-of-way comprising 12-footid sidewalks, and one frontage by a 15 foot wide dedication and Pedestrian Accessway. The destrian pathways surrounding the site are within 12-foot-wide sidewalk construction which n cular lanes at Town Center Loop, Park Place, and the new northeast Local Street. At thes are mayes, the 6-foot-wide pedestrian pathway is separated by vehicular streets by the 4 foot wile amenity zone of the sidewalk, and a 6 inch curb which is raised 6 inches above the t. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.154(.01)B.

Yere a pathway crosses a parking area or driveway, it shall be clearly marked with contrasting paint or paving materials (e.g., pavers, light-color concrete inlay between asphalt, or sirellar contrast).

Response: The proposal includes one accessible pathway which crosses a drive aisle within the tuck-under portion of the on-site pathway. This is illustrated on A-000 Land Use Site Plan and connects the access aisle between the two accessible van and car parking stalls to the building lobby entry from the parking lot. A-0-0 illustrates that this pathway will be marked with contrasting paint and lit with emergence egress lighting as required by the OSSC code. Therefore, this criterion is met.

4.154(.01)B.

Pathway Width and Surface. Primary pransity shall be constructed of concrete, asphalt, brick/masonry pavers, or other durable subjace, and not less than five feet wide. Secondary pathways and pedestrian trails may lay an alternative surface except as otherwise required by the ADA.

Response: Pedestrian pathways locations and dimensions are illustrated on drawing A-000; materials are illustrated on L-200; and grading is illustrated on C-200. Primary projects are situated within the three sidewalks and one pedestrian accessway rights-of-way which bound the site. The three 12-foot-wide sidewalks include a 6 foot wide concrete sidewalks decline the streetscape design standards of the Town Center Plan. The pedestrian accessway includes a 7-foot-wide concrete pathway which is scored with as similar pattern as the 12 foot was sidewalks. Secondary pathways occur within the on-site parking area, which is noted on L-200 as asphalt surfacing. Therefore, the criterion is met.

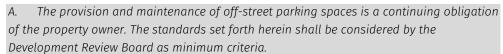
4.154(.01)B.

All pathways shall be clearly marked with appropriate standard signs.

Response: All code-required signs will be provided and clearly marked and submitted with drawings and specifications during building permit review.

Section 4.155 General Regulations - Parking, Loading, and Bicycle Parking

4.155(.02)A.



- The Board shall have the authority to grant variances or planned development waivers to these standards in keeping with the purposes and objectives set forth in the Comprehensive Plan and this Code.
- 2. Waivers to the parking, loading, or bicycle parking standards shall only be issued upon a finding that the resulting development will have no significant adverse impact on the surrounding neighborhood, and the community, and that the evelopment considered as a whole meets the purposes of this section.

Response: The proposa cast lipates no variances or development waivers to the parking, loading, or bicycle parking standards. The applicant has been directed by City staff that minimum offstreet parking will not be mandatory in accordance with state law and the implementation of the Climate-Friends and Equitable Communities (CFEC) legislation. The applicant is providing off-street parking for residents at a ratio of 0.46 stalls to 1 unit to meet the anticipated market demand for residential units.

4.155(.02)B.

B. No area shall be considered a parking space unless it can be shown that the area is accessible and usable for that purp se, and has maneuvering area for the vehicles, as determined by the Planning Director.

Response: Parking spaces and drive aisles are illustrate and dimensioned on drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. Standard parking stalls are dimensioned 9 feet wide and 18 feet deep meeting the definition in Section 4.001. Compact parking stalls are dimensioned 8 feet wide and 16 feet deep and exceed the requirements in Section 4.001. Two accessible stalls (one van and one car) are each 9 feet wide by 18 feet deep, with an 8 for twide access aisle between. These dimensions meet the requirements in OSSC Chapter 11. Two-way drive aisles provide access and maneuvering to all packing spaces and vary from 20 feet wide to 22 foot 2 inches wide.

4.155(.02)C.

C. In cases of enlargement of a building or a change of user row that existing on the effective date of this Code, the number of parking spaces required hall becased on the additional floor area of the enlarged or additional building, or change hase, as set forth in this Section. Current development standards, including parking area landscaping and screening, shall apply only to the additional approved parking area.

<u>Response:</u> No enlargement of a building or change of existing use is proposed. The criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.02)D.

D. In the event several uses occupy a single structure or lot, the total requirement for offstreet parking shall be the sum of the requirements of the several uses computed separately, except as modified by subsection "E," below. Within the TC Zone, the cumulative number of parking spaces required by this subsection may be reduced by 25 percent. Response: This criterion is met per the response to 4.155(.03) below

4.155(,02)E.

E. Owners of two or more uses, structures, or lots may utilize jointly the same parking area when the peak hours of operation do not overlap, provided satisfactory legal evidence is presented in the form of deeds, leases, or contracts securing full and permanent access to such parking areas for all the parties jointly using them.

Response to shared parking agreement is proposed with this application. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.155(.02)F.

Off-street parking spaces existing prior to the effective date of this Code may be included in the amount necessary to meet the requirements in case of subsequent enlargement of the building or use to which such spaces are necessary.

Response: No existing ff-steet parking spaces are proposed to be maintained with this application. Therefore, the criterio is not applicable.

4.155(.02)G.

G. Off-Site Proking. Except for single-family dwellings and middle housing, the vehicle parking spaces required by this Chapter may be located on another lot, provided the lot is within 500 feet of the treat there's and the DRB has approved the off-site parking through the Land Use Review. The assume from the parking area to the use shall be measured from the nearest parking space to the main building entrance, following a sidewalk or other pedestrian route. Within the TC Zane there is no maximum distance to an off-site location provided the off-site parking is located within the TC Zone. The right to use the off-site parking must be evidenced in the form of recorded deeds, easements, leases, or contracts securing full and permanent access to such parking areas for all the parties jointly using them. Within the TC zone, there is no maximum distance to an off-site location provided the off-site parking is located within the TC Zone.

Response: No shared parking agreement is proposed with this application. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.155(.02)H.

H. The conducting of any business activity shall not be percentage on the required parking spaces, unless a temporary use permit is approved pursuant to Section 4.7.3.

<u>Response:</u> All parking spaces in the proposal are for residential use. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.02)I.

I. Where the boundary of a parking lot adjoins or is within a residential district, such parking lot shall be screened by a sight-obscuring fence or planting. The screening shall be continuous along that boundary and shall be at least six feet in height.

<u>Response:</u> The boundary of the parking lot does not adjoin with a residential district. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.02)1.

J. Parking spaces along the boundaries of a parking lot over 650 square feet in area, excluding access areas, shall be provided with a sturdy bumper guard or curb at least six

inches high and located far enough within the boundary to prevent any portion of a car within the lot from extending over the property line or interfering with required screening or sidewalks

<u>onse:</u> The proposed parking lot is illustrated in drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. The parking area (including drive aisles) on-site is 16,317 square feet. Each parking space is provided a 6-inchtall x 10 inch wide concrete bumper guard, located 2 feet from the nose of the parking space.

All areas used for parking and maneuvering of cars shall be surfaced with asphalt, chcrete, or other surface, such as pervious materials (i. e. pavers, concrete, asphalt) that is ferend by the City's authorized representative to be suitable for the purpose. In all cases, skip ble drainage, meeting standards set by the City's authorized representative shall be p.ov sed.

Response: The proposed Nite materials are noted in drawing L200 Materials Plan. The proposed parking area is noted alt surface on drawing L200 Materials Plan, therefore the criterion is met.

4.155(.02)L.

Artificial Viol ling which may be provided shall be so limited or deflected as not to shine into adjoining structures or into the eyes of passers-by.

Response: Proposed outdoor lighting is Illustrated on A-020. Tuck-under portions of the parking area are lighted by surface-mounted figures (fixture type L.4). Portions of the parking that are open to the sky are lighted with pole-mounted fixtures (fixture type L.1). Cut sheets for both fixture types are illustrated on A-021, and both lave lighting angles which do not shine onto adjoining structures or rights-of-way. Therefore the criterion is met.

4.155(.02)M.

Off-street parking requirements for ypes of uses and structures not specifically listed in this Code shall be determined by the Dev Copi ent Review Board if an application is pending before the Board. Otherwise, the requirement shall be specified by the Planning Director, based upon consideration of comparable uses

Response: All proposed uses and structures are specifically listed in this case. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.02)N.

Up to 40 percent of the off-street spaces may be compactal ces as identified in Section 4.001 - "Definitions," and shall be appropriately identifie

Response: The proposal provides 53 off-street parking stalls in an open-air and tuck-under parking lot. The allowable compact stalls is 21. The proposal contains 19 compact stalls. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.155(.02)0.

Where off-street parking areas are designed for motor vehicles to overhang beyond curbs, planting areas adjacent to said curbs shall be increased to a minimum of seven feet in depth. This standard shall apply to a double row of parking, the net effect of which shall be to create a planted area that is a minimum of seven feet in depth.

Response: The proposed parking area is illustrated on drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. All parking stalls are provided wheel-stops mounted 2 feet from the nose of the parking stall, and designed so that vehicles will not overhang beyond the parking stall. Therefore, the criterion is met.



P. Parklets are permitted within the TC Zone on up to two parking spaces per block and shall be placed in front of the business. Placement of parklet requires a temporary right-of-way use permit and approval by the City Engineer.

Response: No packlets are proposed with this application. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.02)Q.

- Pesidential garages shall not count towards minimum parking requirements unless all a the jollowing criteria are met:
- 1. The gard pe contains an area, clear of any obstructions, equal to a standard size parking space (since feet by 18 feet) for each counted parking space within the garage;
- 2. Nine square set is provided either in the garage or in a screened area of the lot per container provided by the franchise hauler (solid waste, recycling, yard debris, etc.) to ensure they are not saced in the parking spaces;
- 3. A deed restriction is placed on the property requiring the space stay clear except for identified exceptions such as 30 days before and after a change of tenant or an equivalent restriction within the development CC&Ns;

Response: No residential garages are proposed with this application. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.02)R.

R. Public sidewalks, public sidewalk easement or ther public non-vehicle pedestrian easement areas shall not be counted towards theorea of parking spaces or used for parking.

Response: The proposed parking area is illustrated on A-000 Land Use Site Plan. At proposed parking spaces are off-street and no proposed parking spaces overlap the adjuse it sidewalks or pedestrian areas. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.155(.02)S.

- S. Shared visitor parking in certain residential areas:
 - In order to provide visitor parking in non-multi-family residential areas with limited parking, lot size and/or required open space may be reduced equal to the area of standard-sized parking spaces as described in 2. below if all the following criteria are met:
 - a. Ten percent or more of lots in the development do not have at least one adjacent on-street parking space that is at least 22 feet long.
 - b. Shared parking spaces are within 250 feet of a lot without an on-street parking space.

- c. Shared parking spaces will be owned by an HOA and have enforceable covenants in place to ensure spaces are managed for visitor parking and not storage of extra vehicles or overflow parking of residents. This may include time limits on parking, limits on overnight parking, or other similar limits.
- 2. When shared visitor parking is provided that meets the standards of 1. above, lot size or open space area for the development may be reduced as provided below. The same visitor parking spaces cannot be used to reduce both lot size and open space area. To achieve both reductions, adequate visitor parking space must be provided to offset both lot size and open space area reductions.
 - a. Individual lot size may be reduced by up to 2.5 percent of the minimum lot size for the zone to allow an equal area to be developed as shared parking, as long as the shared parking space is within 250 feet of the reduced lot.
 - Open space required under Subsection 4.113 (.01) may be reduced by up to 2.5 per ent of gross development area (from 25 percent down to as low as 22. (percent) to allow an area equal to the reduced open space as shared parking. No more than 50 percent of the reduced open space area may be from the required unable open space. In the RN zone, the ten percent Open Space rear imment for Small-Lot Subdistrict may be reduced to eight percent.
 - c. In order to reduce story trater unoff and the need for stormwater facilities, shared visitor paramy areas are encouraged to be constructed of pervious surfaces.

Response: No on-street parking spaces are proposed in the application; therefore the criteria are not applicable.

4.155 (.03)A.

- A. Parking and loading or delivery areas shall be designed was access and maneuvering area adequate to serve the functional needs of the site and shall:
 - Separate loading and delivery areas and circulation from cuttor er and/or employee parking and pedestrian areas. Circulation patterns small be clearly marked.
 - 2. To the greatest extent possible, separate vehicle and pedestrian traffic.

Response: The proposed parking lot is illustrated on drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. The parking area is entirely for the residents of the building. The parking stalls are accessed via two-way drive aisles which vary in clear width from 20'-0" to 22'-2". BuildiFng entry is provided to the residential lobby through the drive aisle as is typical with a private, multifamily parking lot. One accessible van, and one accessible car stall are provided adjacent to the lobby entry. An access aisle is provided and marked on the pavement from between the two stalls directly to the lobby entry, as required by code.

4.155 (.03)B.

- B. Parking areas over 650 square feet, excluding access areas, and loading or delivery areas shall be landscaped to minimize the visual dominance of the parking or loading area, as follows:
- Landscaping of at least ten percent of the parking area designed to be screened from view from the public right-of-way and adjacent properties. This landscaping shall be considered to be part of the 15 percent total landscaping required in Section 4.176.03 for the site development.

Response: The proposed parking lot is illustrated in drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. The parking area (including drive aisles) on-site is 16,317 square feet with 8,005 sf of this area open to the sky. Striff has concluded that this criterion applies to the parking area open to the sky. It has also been carified that site landscaping which buffers the parking from adjacent rights-of-way meets this st. Indard.

The criterion equires 10% of this area, or 800 sf, of landscaping be designed to screen the parking from a center rights-of-way. The right-of-way along Town Center Loop is buffered from the parking rea by landscaping varying in width from 4'-1" to 15'-5" and including 886 sf of planting. The light of-way of the new Pedestrian Accessway is buffered from the parking by a 5'-10" deep, 619 si planted area. Both planted buffers provide in total 1,505 sf of landscaped area to screen the parking. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.155(.03)B.

- 2. Landscape tree planting areas shall be a minimum of eight feet in width and length and spaced every eight me king space or an equivalent aggregated amount.
- a. Trees shall be planted in a real of one tree per eight parking spaces or fraction thereof, except in parking areas of more than 200 spaces where a ratio of one tree per six spaces shall be applied as noted in subsection [6.155](.03)B.3. A landscape design that includes trees planted in areas based on an aggregated number of parking spaces must provide all area calculations.
- b. Except for trees planted for screening, all decirals interior parking lot trees must be suitably sized, located, and maintained to provide a branching minimum of seven feet clearance at maturity.

<u>Response:</u> Landscaping surrounding the parking area and buffering the parking from adjacent rights-of-way and pedestrian paths meets the landscaped area standard within the parking area. The combined planted area and the overhanging building buffer effectively scream the parking area as intended. Therefore, no trees or 8-foot wide planted areas are recovered within the parking area itself.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

*4.1*55*(.0*3*)*B.

3. Due to their large amount of impervious surface, new development with parking areas of more than 200 spaces that are located in any zone, and that may be viewed from the public right-of-way, shall be landscaped to the following additional standards:

Response: The proposal includes 54 on-site parking spaces, therefore criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.03)C.

C. Off Street Parking shall be designed for safe and convenient access that meets ADA and ODOT standards. All parking areas which contain ten (10) or more parking spaces, shall for every 50 standard spaces., provide one ADA-accessible parking space that is constructed to building code standards, Wilsonville Code 9.000.

Response: As illustrated on A-000, the proposal includes 54 parking spaces within the off-street parking area. 52 stalls are non-accessible, and 2 are accessible. All parking spaces are constructed to building code standards.

Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.155(.03)D.

Where possible, parking areas shall be designed to connect with parking areas on which ent sites so as to eliminate the necessity for any mode of travel of utilizing the public specific parking accesses or cross movements. In addition, on-site parking shall be designed for efficient on-site circulation and parking.

Response: The proposal incurb a single on-site parking area which is accessed directly from the right-of-way at Town Center coop. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.03)E.

E. In all multi-family dyelling developments, there shall be sufficient areas established to provide for parking and clorage of motorcycles, mopeds and bicycles. Such areas shall be clearly defined and conved for the exclusive use of these vehicles.

Response: Parking for vehicles and bicycles is it ustrated and calculated on drawing A-000. The proposal provides on-site parking for 54 vehicles in an open-air parking area, and 114 bicycle parking stalls within the building. The applicant is providing sufficient vehicle parking on-site to meet the anticipated market demand. A significant pred for motorcycles and mopeds is not anticipated, however parking stalls can be converted in the future as resident needs change.

4.155(.03)F.

F. Except for single-family dwelling units and middle housing, on-street parking spaces, directly adjoining the frontage of and on the same side of the street as the subject property, may be counted towards meeting the minimum of street parking standards.

Response: No on-street parking stalls are included with this application. The criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.03)G.

G. Tables 5 shall be used to determine the minimum and maximum parking standards for various land uses. The minimum number of required parking spaces shown on Tables 5 shall be determined by rounding to the nearest whole parking space. For example, a use containing 500 square feet, in an area where the standard is one space for each 400 square feet of floor area, is required to provide one off-street parking space. If the same use contained more than 600 square feet, a second parking space would be required. Structured parking and on-street parking are exempted from the parking maximums in Table 5.

Response: Table 5 requires 1 off-street parking stall per dwelling unit in the TC zone for multi-family developments exceeding ten units. Table 5 states there is no minimum requirement for commercial retail of 1,501 sf or more when the aggregate quantity of commercial retail is less than 5,000 sf in a mixed-use building. Thus, there is no minimum required commercial parking. Under the CFEC, there will be no minimum residential parking requirement on this site.

The proposal provides 53 off-street parking stalls in an open-air and tuck-under parking lot. Section 4.155(.02) N allows up to 40%, or 21 of the off-street spaces to be compact spaces. The proposal provides 32 standard stalls, 19 compact stalls, and 2 accessible car and van stalls.

b refore, the criteria are met.

4.155(.03)H.

- H. Electrical Vehicle Charging Stations:
- 1. Paning spaces designed to accommodate and provide one or more electric vehicle charging stations on site may be counted towards meeting the minimum off-street parking standards.
- 2. Modification existing parking spaces to accommodate electric vehicle charging stations on site allower outright.

Response: Accommodations for electric behicle charging stations will be provided with the project in compliance with the CFEC rating. Stations will likely be installed at a later date; however the applicant is deferring the decident to after building permit to respond to market demand.

4.155(.03)I.

- I. Motorcycle parking:
- 1. Motorcycle parking may substitute for up to five spaces or five percent of required automobile parking, whichever is less. Est every four motorcycle parking spaces provided, the automobile parking requirement is reduced by one space.
- 2. Each motorcycle space must be at least four feet dide and eight feet deep. Existing parking may be converted to take advantage of this provision.

Response: No motorcycle parking is proposed with this application.

4.155(.04)A.

(.04) Bicycle Parking:

- A. Required Bicycle Parking—General Provisions:
- 1. The required minimum number of bicycle parking spaces for each use category is shown in Table 5, Parking Standards.
- 2. Bicycle parking spaces are not required for accessory buildings. If a primary use is listed in Table 5, bicycle parking is not required for the accessory use.
- 3. When there are two or more primary uses on a site, the required bicycle parking for the site is the sum of the required bicycle parking for the individual primary uses.
- 4. Bicycle parking space requirements may be waived by the Development Review Board per Section 4.118(.03)A.9. and 10.

<u>Response:</u> Bicycle parking is illustrated and calculated on drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. Cut sheets and diagrams for each proposed bike rack type is also provided on A-000.

The ground floor bike room contains two types of bike racks commonly used in urban mixed-use development: 16 wall-hung bike racks and 10 stacked horizontal bikes. The wall-hung bike racks stagger bikes vertically and provide a 2-foot-wide space for each bike within a 14-inch horizontal spacing. Each rack is 3 feet and 4 inches deep. The stacked horizontal bikes are placed one over the other and offset, allowing for two bikes within a 3-foot spacing. There is a pneumatic lift system for the upper-level bikes, and an access aisle of 7 feet and 4 inches is provided between the two rack systems, which exceeds the 5-foot requirement. Additionally, four forizontal bike spaces measuring 2 feet by 4 feet are available next to the residential to by entry for added convenience.

At Level 3-5, a residential storage room holds 15 secure active-gear lockers. Each locker is 2'-6" vide by 4'-0" deep and is large enough to hold a vertically hung bicycle. An 8'-10" aisle is provider bet yeen lockers and exceeds the 5-foot requirement. All lockers will be securely anchored to the floor, the rear wall, and to each other. Therefore, the viberia are met.

4.155(.04)B.

- B. Standar s fo kequired Bicycle Parking:
- 1. Each space must be at least two feet by six feet in area and be accessible without moving another bicycle.
- 2. An aisle at least five feet wide shall be maintained behind all required bicycle parking to allow room for bicycle nareavering. Where the bicycle parking is adjacent to a sidewalk, the maneuvering area may extend it to the right-of-way.
- 3. When bicycle parking is presided in racks, there must be enough space between the rack and any obstructions to use the space properly.
- 4. Bicycle lockers or racks, when provided, shall be securely anchored.
- 5. Bicycle parking shall be located within 30 fet of the main entrance to the building or inside a building, in a location that is easily accessible for bicycles. For multi-tenant developments, with multiple business entrances, becycle parking may be distributed on-site among more than one main entrance.
- 6. With Planning Director approval, on street vehicle parking can also be used for bicycle parking.

Response: Bicycle parking is illustrated and calculated on drawing A-000 Land 16 Site Pton.

Bicycles within the first-floor bike room utilize two types of racks commonly used in urban mixed-use development. 16 Wall-hung bike racks stagger bikes vertically from one another, allowing a 2'-0" wide space for each bike within a 14" spacing. Each of these is 3'-4" deep. 10 Stacked Horizontal Bikes provide two bikes within a 3-foot spacing due to stacking one bike over and offset from the next. These provide convenient access to both spaces without lifting the bicycle with a pneumatic lift system for the upper-level bikes. A 7'-4" access aisle is provided between these two rack systems and exceeds the 5-foot requirement.

4 horizontal bike spaces dimensioned 2'-0" x 4'-0" are provided adjacent to the residential

4 horizontal bike spaces dimensioned 2'-0" x 4'-0" are provided adjacent to the residential lobby entry.

At Levels 3-5, a residential storage room holds 15 secure active-gear lockers. Each locker is 2'-6" wide by 4'-0" deep and is large enough to hold a vertically hung bicycle. An 8'-10" aisle is provided between lockers and exceeds the 5-foot requirement. All lockers will be securely anchored to the floor, the rear wall, and to each other.

Space will be provided in units for an additional 45 in-unit bike racks. These bike racks will be provided and installed by the owner in the future at resident request. Therefore, the criteria are met.



- Long-term Bicycle Parking:
- Long-term bicycle parking provides employees, students, residents, commuters, and others who generally stay at a site for several hours a weather-protected place to park bicycles.
- 2 For a proposed multi-family residential, retail, office, or institutional development, or for a park and ride or transit center, where six or more bicycle parking spaces are required yrs ant to Table 5, 50% of the bicycle parking shall be developed as long-term, secure equired long-term bicycle parking shall meet the following standards:
- All required spaces shall meet the standards in subsection (B.) above, and must be covered 🖍 🗤 of the following ways: inside buildings, under roof overhangs or permanent cle leckers, or within or under other structures.
- All spaces must be located in areas that are secure or monitored (e.g., visible to employees, monitored security guards, or in public view).
- Spaces are not subject to the locational criterion of [subsection] B.5.

Response: Bicycle parking is illustrated a calculated on drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan. The proposal includes multi-family resident al and commercial tenant space, and Table 5 requires 114 parking spaces for the residential drives only. All required parking is provided in secure rooms or lockers within the building, and in 4 covered exterior spaces near the building entry. All 118 provided parking spaces meet the receivements for Long-term Bicycle parking, and therefore exceed the requirement for 59.

4.155(.05)A.

- (.05) Minimum Off-Street Loading Requirement
- A. Every building that is erected or structurally aftered to increase the floor area, and which will require the receipt or distribution of maleries of merchandise by truck or similar vehicle, shall provide off-street loading berths on the basis of minimum requirements as follows:
- Commercial, industrial, and public utility uses which have a s floor area of 5,000 square feet or more, shall provide truck loading or unloading better rdance with the following tables:
- Restaurants, office buildings, hotels, motels, hospitals and institutions, schools and colleges, public buildings, recreation or entertainment facilities, and any similar use which has a gross floor area of 30,000 square feet or more, shall provide off-street truck loading or unloading berths in accordance with the following table:
- A loading berth shall contain space 12 feet wide, 35 feet long, and have a height clearance of 14 feet. Where the vehicles generally used for loading and unloading exceed these dimensions, the required length of these berths shall be increased to accommodate the larger vehicles.

- 4. If loading space has been provided in connection with an existing use or is added to an existing use, the loading space shall not be eliminated if elimination would result in less space than is required to adequately handle the needs of the particular use.
- 5. Off-street parking areas used to fulfill the requirements of this Ordinance shall not be used for loading and unloading operations except during periods of the day when not required to meet parking needs.

Response The proposed project and parking area are illustrated and summarized on drawing A-000. The ploject includes 114 residential apartments, and 3,707 sf or commercial tenant space. In refore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.155(.06)A.

(.0) Carpool and Vanpool Parking Requirements:

A. Carpool and vanpool parking spaces shall be identified for the following uses:

Response: The proposed project and parking area are illustrated and summarized on drawing A-000. The project provides 4 paking spaces which is less than the threshold of 75 in the standard. Therefore, no carpet or vapool parking is required or proposed.

4.155(.07)A.

(.07) Parking Area Refleve opment. The number of parking spaces may be reduced by up to ten percent of the minimum required parking spaces for that use when a portion of the existing parking area is a diffied to a commodate or provide transit-related amenities such as transit stops, pull-outs, shelter, and park and ride stations.

Response: The proposed project and parking area are ill Istrated and summarized on drawing A-000. No existing parking area is proposed to be retained. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

Section 4.156 Sign Regulations

4.156.02(.02)

(.02) Sign Permits and Master Sign Plans. Many properties in the City have signs pre-approved through a Master Sign Plan. For the majority of applications where a Master Sign Plan has been approved the applicant need not consult the sign requirements for the zone, but rather the Master Sign Plan, copies of which are available from the Planning Division. Signs conforming to a Master Sign Plan require only a Class I Sign Permit.

achor

The proposal includes up to three commercial tenants and per 4.156.02(.03) requires a Master Sign Plan for this review. All signage will be designed and permitted under future tenant in provements as Class 1 Sign Permits. Drawings and documents required for the Master Sign Plan Ryiew are provided below, and in exhibit A-004 Signage Plan.

4.156.02(.03)

(3) Chisses of Sign Permits, Master Sign Plans, and Review Process. The City has three classes of sign permits for permanent signs: Class I, Class II, and Class III. In addition, non-residential develop neats with three or more tenants require a Master Sign Plan. Class I sign permits are reviewed through the Class I Administrative Review Process as outlined in Subsection 4.030(.01)A. Class II sign permit are reviewed through the Class II Administrative Review Process as outlined in Subsection 4.030 (.01)B. Class III Sign Permits and Master Sign Plans are reviewed by the Development Review Board (DRB) as outlined in Section 4.031.

Response: The proposal includes up to three commercial tenants and per 4.156.02(.03) requires a Master Sign Plan for this review. All signage will be designed and permitted under future tenant improvements as Class 1 Sign Permitted Drawings and documents required for the Master Sign Plan review are provided below, as a in whibit A-004 Signage Plan.

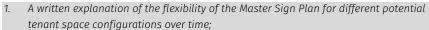
4.156.02(.06)

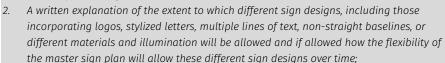
- (.06) Class III Sign Permit. Sign permit vegue to shall be processed as a Class III Sign Permit when associated with new development, except as noted to Subsection 4.156.02(.05)C., or redevelopment requiring DRB review, and not requiring a Master Sign Plan; when a sign permit request is associated with a waiver or non- administrative variance, or when the sign permit request involves one or more freestanding or ground mounted signs greater than eight feet in height in a new location
- A. Class III Sign Permit Submission Requirements. Ten permit electronic copies of the submission requirements for Class II Sign Permits plus information on any requested waivers or variances in addition to all required fees.
- B. Class III Sign Permit Review Criteria: The review criteria for Class VI S in Permits plus waiver or variance criteria when applicable.

<u>Response:</u> Per 4.156.02(.03), the proposal includes three commercial tenants and therefore requires a Master Sign Plan review. All signage is deferred and will be designed and permitted under future Class 1 Sign Permits. Therefore the criterion is not applicable.

4.156.02(.07)A

- (.07) Master Sign Plans. A Master Sign Plan is required for non-residential developments with three or more tenants. In creating a Master Sign Plan thought should be given to needs of initial tenants as well as the potential needs of future tenants.
- A. Master Sign Plan Submission Requirements. Applications for Master Sign Plans shall include ten paper and electronic copies of all the submission requirements for Class II and III Sign Permits and the following in addition to all required fees:





3. A written explanation of how the sign plan provides for a consistent and compatible sign design throughout the subject development.

Insection Proposed master signage guidelines are illustrated and narrated in exhibit A-004 Signage law Proposed, flexible locations are illustrated in plan and elevation, and all guidelines for recept ls, format, font, and lighting are provided in the narrative on A-004. As etated in the 'Master Sign Plan' portion of the narrative on A-004, the guidelines are established to allow tenants to "highlight their product or service while reinforcing the design excellence" (WC-01 as a whole". Signage and logo design should "express a refined urban sophistical on "grough the use of clean and contemporary shapes and forms". Allowable materials are in end of to harmoniously blend with the exterior materials of the building.

limited to the retail frontoge along Park Place (and the future promenade).

The guidelines provide rum rous examples of 'clean and contemporary' signage, graphics, materials, and formats there a variety of commercial tenant and business needs and changes over time that remain consistent with the overall building character.

Signage is anticoated in the zones shown in plan and elevation on A-004, and is primarily

4.156.02(.07)B

- B. Master Sign Plan Review Criteria in a dition to the review criteria for Class II and Class III Sign Permits, Master Sign Plans shall meet the following criteria:
 - 1. The Master Sign Plan provide for consistent and compatible design of signs throughout the development; and
 - 2. The Master Sign Plan considers future feeds including potential different configurations of tenant spaces and different sign designs, if all were

Response: Proposed master signage guidelines, and locations in plantand elevation are illustrated and narrated in exhibit A-004 Signage Plan. The Master Sign Plant documentation on exhibit A-004 sets the intent of the design and function of all future commercial tensor signage, and provides multiple, flexible design examples and material options of net hods to ensure that a wide variety of needs can be met within a compatible design for the ontire development over time. Current CC&R's for the site will limit the quantity of commercial signals to (3) maximum at one time. However the building provides (4) entries along back Place to allow flexibility in sizing of the retail spaces, as well as flexibility in signage for each tenant.

4.156.02(.07)C

C. Modifications of a Master Sign Plan. Modifications of a Master Sign Plan, other than Minor and Major Adjustments, shall be reviewed the same as a new Master Sign Plan.

<u>Response:</u> No modification of a Master Sign Plan are included in this application. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

Section 4.171 General Regulations – Protection of Natural Features and Other Resources

4.17 (.02)A.

(.02) General Terrain Preparation:

A. All developments shall be planned, designed, constructed and maintained with maximum regard to natural terrain features and topography, especially hillside areas, floodplains, and other significant landforms.

Response: The existing site of the proposal is a relatively flat surface parking lot and does not contain any significant topography, natural terrain features, or floodplains.

Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.171(.02)B.

in a cordance with the Uniform Building Code.

Response: The development will be planned, designed, and constructed to the applicable codes.

4.171(.02)C.

- C. In addition to any fermits required under the Uniform Building Code, all developments shall be playingd, designed, constructed and maintained so as to:
- 1. Limit the extent of disturbance of soils and site by grading, excavation and other land alterations.
- 2. Avoid substantial probabilities of: (i), accelerated erosion; (2) pollution, contamination, or siltation of lakes, rivers, streams and wetlands; (3) damage to vegetation; (4) injury to wildlife and fish habitats.
- 3. Minimize the removal of trees and other native vegetation that stabilize hillsides, retain moisture, reduce erosion, siltation and preserve the natural scenic character.

Response: The development will be planned, designed, and constituted to applicable codes.

4.171(.03)

(.03) Hillsides. All developments proposed on slopes greater the .25 percent shall be limited to the extent that:

Response: The site of the proposal is not sloped greater than 25 percent. Therefore, by criterion is not applicable.

4.171(.04)

(.04) Trees and Wooded Areas

Response: The site of the proposal does not contain trees or wooded areas. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.171(.05)

(.05) High Voltage Powerline Easements and Right-of-Way and Petroleum Pipeline Easements:

A. Due to the restrictions placed on these lands, no residential structures shall be allowed within high voltage powerline easements and rights-of-way and petroleum pipeline

easements, and any development, particularly residential, adjacent to high voltage powerline easements and rights-of-way and petroleum pipeline easements shall be carefully reviewed.

B. Any proposed non-residential development within high voltage powerline easements and rights-of-way and petroleum pipeline easements shall be coordinated with and approved by the Bonneville Power Administration, Portland General Electric Company or other appropriate utility, depending on the easement or right-of-way ownership.

Response: No high voltage powerline easements, right-of-way, or petroleum pipeline easements exist argacent to the site or are proposed in the project. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.171(.06) Hazards to Safety: Purpose.

<u>Response:</u> The development poses no hazards to safety. The criterion is not applicable.

4.171(.07) (.07) Standar s for Earth Movement Hazard Areas:

Response: The project is not within a Farth Movement Hazard Areas. The criterion is not applicable.

4.171(.08) (.08) Standards for Soil Harardareas:

<u>Response:</u> The project is not within Soil Hazard Mas. We criterion is not applicable.

4.171(.09) (.09) Historic Protection: Purpose.

Response: No historic or cultural resources existing on the site of the proposal. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.171(.10) (.10) Alteration and Development Criteria.

Response: No historic or cultural resources existing on the site of the proposal. The efore, the criterion is not applicable.

(.11) Cultural Resource Designation Criteria. A cultural resource may be designated and placed on the Cultural Resources Inventory if it meets the following criteria:

Response: No historic or cultural resources existing on the site of the proposal. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

Section 4.175 Public Safety and Crime Prevention

4.175(.01)

(.01) All developments shall be designed to deter crime and insure public safety.

ponse: The proposed site plan is illustrated on exhibit A-000. With 114 new residences and ground floor active commercial space, the project is designed to greatly increase the "eyes on the street" in this multi-modal pedestrian friendly area. With more residents in the area for more hours of the day, together with street improvements and active commercial space, the project s designed to deter crime and ensure public safety. Exterior lighting is provided to illuminate lleeas of the site and is illustrated on the Site Lighting Plan, exhibit A-021. In addition, the ndscape design (see exhibit L-510) provides low lying landscape with interspersed trees to te pen views and transparency and reduce areas of hidden refuge. With this design, the deter crime and ensure public safety.

*4.*175*(.0*2*)*

(.0.) Addressing and directional signing shall be designed to assure identification of all structures by emergency response personnel, as well as the general public. buildin

Response: Code-required (gna, e, such as fire department connection signage, and building address signage will be designed in accordance with applicable building and fire codes and coordinated through the permitting process with the relevant jurisdictions. Proposed signage is provided on exhibit A 000 and is being reviewed under a Sign Permit with this application.

4.175(.03)

(.03) Areas vulnerable to rime shall be designed to allow surveillance. Parking and loading areas shall be designed for access by police in the course of routine patrol duties.

Response: The proposed site plan is illustrated on exhibit A-000. Street-lighting in the rights-of-way, 114 upper floor residences, and active commercial spaces provide eyes on the street for all street frontages. The on-site parking area is illuminated throughout both the surface and tuck-under portions, and the surrounding landscaping is low-lying with interspersed trees to provide transparency and view to reduce areas of hinder refuge and deter crime. Security surveillance systems will be provided at all building entries and any hidden or vulnerable portions of the on-site parking area.

4.175 **(.0**4)

Ascourage crime. (.04) Exterior lighting shall be designed and oriented to

Response: The proposed Site Lighting Plan is illustrated on exhibit A-021. The firm ages of Park Place, the new northeast Local Street, and the southern end of Town Center Loop are illuminated by street-lighting in the rights-of-way, light coming from the ground-floor North, and residential use at all hours of the evening. Lighting is provided at each retail entry atong Park Place and will remain on throughout the night outside of business hours. The new Local Street is illuminated by two types of lighting at each ground-floor residential stoop. Light fixture L.3 illuminates the foot path and unit addresses and will remain on at all hours of the night. Fixture L.4 will be resident operated and combined with lighting spilling out from the interior residences, will add further illumination. The entire Pedestrian Accessway is lighted with site bollard lights to illuminate the ground plane. The proposed site lighting and buildingmounted lighting, combined with the interior lighting of the 114 residences and active ground-floor commercial space will discourage crime at all hours.

Section 4.176 Landscaping, Screening, and Buffering

4.176(.02)D

- D. Low Screen Landscaping Standard:
- 1. Intent. The Low Screen Landscaping Standard is a landscape treatment that uses a combination of distance and low screening to separate uses or developments. It is intended to be applied in situations where low screening is adequate to soften the impact of one use or development on another, or where visibility between areas is more important than a total visual screen. The Low Screen Landscaping Standard is usually applied along street lot lines or in the area separating parking lots from street rights-of-

Required materials. The Low Screen Landscaping Standard requires sufficient low shrubs to form a continuous screen three feet high and 95 percent opaque, year-round. In addition one tree is required for every 30 linear feet of landscaped area, or as otherwise required to provide a tree canopy over the landscaped area. Ground cover plants must fully cover the regular and of the landscaped area. A three foot high masonry wall or a berm may be a postitute of for the shrubs, but the trees and ground cover plants are still required. When applied along street lot lines, the screen or wall is to be placed along the interior side of the landscaped area. (See Figure 22: Low Screen Landscaping).

Response: The overall development to a site plan it illustrated on drawing A-000 Land Use Site Plan, and proposed planting is illustrated on La 10 Pranting Plan. The area of development relative to this code section is at the southwestern, and northwestern frontages where the off-street parking area abuts the right-of-way. Contiguous planted buffer lines the adjacent pedestrian path and buffers it from the parking area along Tawn Center Loop, and along the new Pedestrian Accessway.

As shown on L-510, the planted area screening the park of from the Town Center Loop pedestrian path includes on-site trees, 36-inch-tall grubs, and grasses and groundcover. Additional screening of the right-of-way is provided by are at trees in the right-of-way. A small portion of the parking area is screened from the Town Center Loop pedestrian path by an extension of the ground-floor facade and a proposed steel art so een in lieu of a masonry wall.

Screening of the Pedestrian Accessway right-of-way is provided with of stite crees, shrubs, and grasses and groundcover. Existing trees and shrubs are maintained ong the northwest property line on the adjacent property to provide screening of the parking area to the neighboring lot. Two existing easements run diagonally across the west corner of the site and hinder the ability to provide trees at 30 lineal feet spacing. The proposal includes 36-inchtall shrubs and contiguous grasses or ground cover in this area to provide a continuous evergreen screening. Ground cover plants fully cover the area as well to meet the standard for this area.

4.176**(.0**3**)**

(.03) Landscape Area. Not less than 15 percent) of the total lot area, shall be landscaped with vegetative plant materials. The ten percent parking area landscaping required by section 4.155.03(B)(1) is included in the 15 percent total lot landscaping requirement. Landscaping shall be located in at least three separate and distinct areas of the lot, one

of which must be in the contiquous frontage area. Planting areas shall be encouraged adjacent to structures. Landscaping shall be used to define, soften or screen the appearance of buildings and off-street parking areas. Materials to be installed shall achieve a balance between various plant forms, textures, and heights. The installation of native plant materials shall be used whenever practicable. (For recommendations refer to the Native Plant List maintained by the City of Wilsonville). .

The applicant has received clarification that the required landscaping in the TC-MU subdistrict should be 10%, and the parking area landscaping for the proposal can be met within the screening planted area at the abutting rights-of-way. The site plan and poss ped area calculations are shown on drawing A-000, and proposed planting is shown 15.0 The proposal provides 4,519 sf of landscaping and exceeds the requirement per the response to 4.132(.06) C.

As illustrated as A-000 and L-510, an 18" portion of the rights-of-way in the amenity zone is planted along T wn Center Loop and the new Local Street to soften the appearance of the building and differentiate these frontages from the retail frontage on Park Place. Planted materials and spacings are described on L-510 and provide a wide variety of sizes, species, and heights. The sizes of the landscaped areas and intended urbanized context precludes an exclusively native planting polette. All propose plant materials are either native or acclimatized to our region with native plant materials being located where appropriate and to the extent practical.

4.176 **(.0**4)

- (.04) Buffering and Screening. Additional to the standards of this subsection, the requirements of the Section 4.177.5 (Screening and Buffering Overlay Zone) shall also be applied, where applicable.
- All intensive or higher density developments shall be screened and buffered from less intense or lower density development
- B. Activity areas on commercial and industrial sit is shall be buffered and screened from adjacent residential areas. Multi-family developments shall be screened and buffered from single-family areas.
- All exterior, roof and ground mounted, mechanical and utility equipment shall be screened from ground level off-site view from adjacent streets of properties.
- All outdoor storage areas shall be screened from public view unless visible storage has been approved for the site by the Development Review Board of Prograing Director acting on a development permit.
- In all cases other than for industrial uses in industrial zones, landscaping shall be designed to screen loading areas and docks, and truck parking.
- In any zone any fence over six feet high measured from soil surface at the outside of fence line shall require Development Review Board approval.

Response: The site is surrounded on all sides by zoning of equal or greater intensity of development. No single-family residential or low-density development exists immediately adjacent to the site. All roof-mounted mechanical and utility equipment is screened as described in the response to section 4.132(.06) M.2.f.

> Site utilities are illustrated on drawings C-300 and A-000, and plantings are illustrated on L-510. Ground-mounted utilities include an electrical transformer and vault, a gas service

regulator, and gas meters along the Town Center Loop right-of way. The electrical transformer and gas regulator are within a contiguous planted area and screened by a minimum of 4-foot-deep planting which includes 36-inch-tall shrubs and groundcover to meet the low-screen standard.

The proposed gas meters are within the parking area and screened from the right-of-way by an extension of the ground-floor façade.

No outdoor storage areas are proposed. Resident storage occurs within the building at all floors, and waste and recycling storage occurs within an enclosed room at the west corner of the parking area. No fences are proposed with this application.

4.176**(.05**

(.05) Sight-Obscuring Fence or Planting. The use for which a sight-obscuring fence or planting is required shall not begin operation until the fence or planting is erected or in place and approved by the City. A temporary occupancy permit may be issued upon a porting of a bond or other security equal to 110 percent of the cost of such fence or planting and its installation. (See Sections 4.400 to 4.470 for additional requirements.)

<u>Response:</u> No fences or signt-of curing planting is proposed. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.176 **(.06)A**

- A. Shrubs and Graup C ver. All required ground cover plants and shrubs must be of sufficient size and number to meet these standards within three years of planting. Non-horticultural plastic sheeting or other appermeable surface shall not be placed under mulch. Native topsoil shall be plessived and reused to the extent feasible. Surface mulch or bark dust are to be fully raked into soil of appropriate depth, sufficient to control erosion, and are confined to areas around plantings. Areas exhibiting only surface mulch, compost or barkdust are not to be used as substitutes for plant areas.
- 1. Shrubs. All shrubs shall be well branched and coical of their type as described in current AAN Standards and shall be equal to or Letter han 2-gallon containers and ten inches to 12 inches spread.
- 2. Ground cover. Shall be equal to or better than the following depending on the type of plant materials used: gallon containers spaced at four feet of center minimum, four inch pot spaced two feet on center minimum, two one-fourth inch pots spaced at 18 inch on center minimum. No bare root planting shall be permitted. Ground over shall be sufficient to cover at least 80 percent of the bare soil in required land scape areas within three years of planting. Where wildflower seeds are designated for use as a ground cover, the City may require annual re-seeding as necessary.
- 3. Turf or lawn in non-residential developments. Shall not be used to cover more than ten percent of the landscaped area, unless specifically approved based on a finding that, due to site conditions and availability of water, a larger percentage of turf or lawn area is appropriate. Use of lawn fertilizer shall be discouraged. Irrigation drainage runoff from lawns shall be retained within lawn areas.

- 4. Plant materials under trees or large shrubs. Appropriate plant materials shall be installed beneath the canopies of trees and large shrubs to avoid the appearance of bare ground in those locations.
- 5. Integrate compost-amended topsoil in all areas to be landscaped, including lawns, to help detain runoff, reduce irrigation and fertilizer needs, and create a sustainable, low-maintenance landscape.
- Proposed planting is illustrated on drawing L-510. A planting scheduled lists species, size, ipaking, and water need for all proposed Street Trees, On-Site Trees, Shrubs, and Ground
 - All proposed shrubs are specified to be a minimum 3-gallon at installation. All ornamental grass s, perennials, herbaceous perennials, and groundcovers are specified to be a minimum of 1 ga ton) t installation. No turf or lawn is specified as part of this development. All new lands one bed, are to receive imported and amended topsoil.

4.176 (.06)B

- B. Thes All trees shall be well-branched and typical of their type as described in current American Association of Nurserymen (AAN) Standards and shall be balled and burlapped. The trees shall be grouped as follows:
- 1. Primary trees, mich define, outline or enclose major spaces, such as Oak, Maple, Linden, and Seedless and hall be a minimum of two inch caliper.
- 2. Secondary trees which define, outline or enclose interior areas, such as Columnar Red Maple, Flowering Pear, Flamer sh, and Honeylocust, shall be a minimum of 1¾ inch to 2 inch caliper.
- 3. Accent trees which, are used to add color variation and accent to architectural features, such as Flowering Pear and Kousa Sawood, shall be 1¾ inch minimum caliper.
- 4. Large conifer trees such as Douglas Fir or Decdar Cedar shall be installed at a minimum height of eight feet.
- 5. Medium-sized conifers such as Shore Pine, Teste in Red Cedar or Mountain Hemlock shall be installed at a minimum height of five to six feet.

Response: Proposed planting is illustrated on drawing L-510. A planting schedules lists species, size, spacing, and water need for all proposed Street Trees, On-Site Trees, Shubs, and Ground Cover

A mix of medium and large-scale trees are proposed to outline the site long each street frontage. These species are specified to be 2-inch caliper at installation. Small trees re proposed to define interior spaces. These spaces are intended to be multi-stem trees and are specified to be 10-12' height at installation.

4.176 (.05)C

- C. Where a proposed development includes buildings larger than 24 feet in height or greater than 50,000 square feet in footprint area, the Planning Director or the Development Review Board, as applicable, may require larger or more mature plant materials.
- 1. At maturity, proposed trees shall be at least one-half the height of the building to which they are closest, and building walls longer than 50 feet shall require tree groups located no more than 50 feet on center, to break up the length and height of the façade.

- Either fully branched deciduous or evergreen trees may be specified depending upon the desired results. Where solar access is to be preserved, only solar-friendly deciduous trees are to be used. Where year-round sight obscuring is the highest priority, evergreen trees are to be used.
- 3. The following standards are to be applied:
- Deciduous trees:
- Minimum height of ten feet; and
- Minimum trunk diameter (caliper) of two inches (measured at four and one-half feet above arade).
- Evergreen trees: Minimum height of 12 feet.

Response: Propoged planting is illustrated on drawing L-510. A planting scheduled lists species, size, spacing and enter need for all proposed Street Trees, On-Site Trees, Shrubs, and Ground Cover. The proposed building is 60'-0" tall.

The proposi Linctions 18 street trees within right-of-way improvements and in accordance with relevant steet sign standards for the new Local Street, Town Center Loop, and Park Place.

Proposed street trees ar specified to have a two-inch caliper at the time of planting which exceeds the requirement for local street classifications. Per the Oregon State department of horticulture (https://landscareplants.oregonstate.edu/) and J. Frank Schmidt & Son Co. tree nursery (https://jfschmidt.com/resources/reference-guide/), the specified street trees have the expected heights at maturity:

- Acer rubrum 'Armstrong' 4
- Liriodendron tulipifera 'Fast giata' !
- Rhamnus purshiana 50' ht.

Proposed trees on site are specified as multi-stem rees with a minimum height of 10-12' at installation.

Building footprint and existing/proposed easements or stallation of large-scale trees on site.

4.176**(.05)D.1**

- Street Trees. In order to provide a diversity of species, the De opment Review Board ard waives the may require a mix of street trees throughout a development. requirement for reasons supported by a finding in the record, differen types of street trees shall be required for adjoining blocks in a development.
- All trees shall be standard base grafted, well branched and typical of their type as described in current AAN Standards and shall be balled and burlapped (b&b). Street trees shall be planted at sizes in accordance with the following standards:
- Arterial streets—Three inches minimum caliper
- b. Collector streets—Two inches minimum caliper.
- Local streets or residential private access drives—1¾ inches minimum caliper. C.
- Accent or median tree—1¾ inches minimum caliper.

Response: The street trees specified on L-510 were derived from the lists contained within the Wilsonville Town Center Streetscape Plan. The specified species meet the intended code related street tree diversity goals and are well suited for an urban context. The specified trees are located in a manner to enhance architectural features (such as allowing to capitalize on natural light) for the new development while fitting into the existing context by matching existing street tree species along Town Center Loop where trees are to be replaced.

> Proposed street trees are specified to have a two-inch caliper at the time of planting which exceeds the requirement for local street classifications.

- The following trees and varieties thereof are considered satisfactory street trees in most circumstances; however, other varieties and species are encouraged and will be considered:
- Tres over 50 feet mature height: Quercus garryana (Native Oregon White Oak), Tyba borealis (Red Oak), Acer Macrophylum (Native Big Leaf Maple), Acer nigrum (Green Column Black Maple), Fraxinus americanus (White Ash), Fraxinus pennsylvannica 'Marshall' (Narshall Seedless Green Ash), Quercus coccinea (Scarlet Oak), Quercus pulustris (PinGak), Tilir americana (American Linden).
- Trees under 5 feet) nature height: Acer rubrum (Red Sunset Maple), Cornus nuttallii (NativePacific Dogwood), Ceditsia triacanthos (Honey Locust), Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford' (Bradford Pear), Tilia cortaa (Little teaf Linden), Fraxinus oxycarpa (Flame Ash).
- Other street tree species. Of or species may be specified for use in certain situations. For instance, evergreen species may be specified where year-round color is desirable and no adverse effect on solar access is antilipeted. Water-loving species may be specified in low locations where wet soil conditions are articipated.

Response: The street trees specified on L-510 were derived for the lists contained within the Wilsonville Town Center Streetscape Plan. The specified species meet the intended code related street tree diversity goals and are well suited for an orban context. The specified trees are located in a manner to enhance architectural features (such as allowing to capitalize on natural light) for the new development while fitting into the existing ontext by matching existing street tree species along Town Center Loop where trees are to be replaced.

4.176(.06)E.1

- E. Types of Plant Species:
- Existing landscaping or native vegetation may be used to meet these standards, if protected and maintained during the construction phase of the development and if the plant species do not include any that have been listed by the City as prohibited. The existing native and non-native vegetation to be incorporated into the landscaping shall be identified.

Response: No existing plant material is designated for retention onsite. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.176(.06)E.2

- E. Types of Plant Species:
- 2. Selection of plant materials. Landscape materials shall be selected and sited to produce hardy and drought-tolerant landscaping. Selection shall be based on soil characteristics, maintenance requirements, exposure to sun and wind, slope and contours of the site, and compatibility with other vegetation that will remain on the site. Suggested species lists for street trees, shrubs and groundcovers shall be provided by the City of Wilsonville.

Response: All proposed plant material on site is either native or acclimatized and is situated within site pecific microclimates that are appropriate for each species.

4.176(.06)E.3

3. Prohibited plant materials. The City may establish a list of plants that are prohibited in lands aped areas. Plants may be prohibited because they are potentially damaging to sidewalks, words underground utilities, drainage improvements, or foundations, or because the are shown to be invasive to native vegetation.

Response: No prohibited plant materials are proposed, all invasive plant materials are to be removed prior to installation of few Lindscape materials per notes on sheet L-510.

4.176(.06)F

F. Tree Credit. Existing trees that an in good health as certified by an arborist and are not disturbed during construction may count for landscaping tree credit as follows (measured at four and one-half just above grade and rounded to the nearest inch):

Response: Existing trees and trees proposed to be preserved are illustrated on L-500. Trees intended for preservation do not meet the threshold for appliable tree credits, therefore this criterion is not applicable.

4.176(.07)A

A. Installation. Plant materials shall be installed to correct industry standards and shall be properly staked to assure survival. Support devices (guy wires, etc.) shall not be allowed to interfere with normal pedestrian or vehicular movement.

Response: All plant material shall be installed in accordance with industry sandards.

4.176(.07)B.

B. Maintenance. Maintenance of landscaped areas is the on-going responsibility of the property owner. Any landscaping installed to meet the requirements of this Code, or any condition of approval established by a City decision-making body acting on an application, shall be continuously maintained in a healthy, vital and acceptable manner. Plants that die are to be replaced in kind, within one growing season, unless appropriate substitute species are approved by the City. Failure to maintain landscaping as required in this Section shall constitute a violation of this Code for which appropriate legal remedies, including the revocation of any applicable land development permits, may result.

<u>Response:</u> Proposed landscaped areas will be maintained in accordance with City requirements and conditions of approval for this application.

4.1 6(.07)C.

C. Irrigation. The intent of this standard is to assure that plants will survive the critical establishment period when they are most vulnerable due to a lack of watering and also to assure that water is not wasted through unnecessary or inefficient irrigation. Approved irrigation system plans shall specify one of the following:

Res a nse All new planting areas are to receive a permanent, built-in, high efficiency automatic rigation system.

4.176(.07)D.

D. Projection. All required landscape areas, including all trees and shrubs, shall be protected from potential among by conflicting uses or activities including vehicle parking and the storage of materials.

Response: All plant material stall be situated to prevent damage from conflicting uses, including vehicle parking.

4.176(.08)

(.08) Landscaping on Corper Lots. All landscaping on corner lots shall meet the vision clearance standards of section 4.17. If high screening would ordinarily be required by this Code, low screening shall be substituted within vision clearance areas. Taller screening may be required outside of the vision clearance area to mitigate for the reduced height within it.

Response: Proposed landscaping is illustrated on A-000 and 2-510. No landscaping is proposed within the vision clearance areas. All landscaping will addered the requirements of Section 4.177.

4.176(.09)

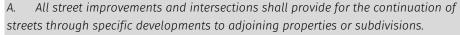
(.09) Landscape Plans. Landscape plans shall be submitted showing all existing and proposed landscape areas. Plans must be drawn to scale and show the type, installation size, number and placement of materials. Plans shall include a propromaterial list. Plants are to be identified by both their scientific and common name. The condition of any existing plants and the proposed method of irrigation are also to be realcated. Landscape plans shall divide all landscape areas into the following categories based on projected water consumption for irrigation:

Response: Proposed landscaping is illustrated on L-510. Plans are drawn to 1"=10'-0" scale and include type, installation size, number and placement of various plant materials, anticipated water usage, and a plant material schedule listing common name and scientific name.

Section 4.177 Street Improvement Standards

4.177(.02)A.1

(.02) Street Design Standards:



Development shall be required to provide existing or future connections to adjacent sites through the use of access easements where applicable. Such easements shall be required in addition to required public street dedications as required in Section 4.236(.04).

nnection to adjacent sites is provided in this development through rights-of-way by Town enten Loop, Park Place, and the new Local Street. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.177(.02)B

City Engineer shall make the final determination regarding right-of-way and et element widths using the ranges provided in Chapter 3 of the Transportation Pleannd the additional street design standards in the Public Works Standards.

Response: Proposed stree widths at Town Center Loop and Park Place are widened through dedications with the proposarco allow 12-foot-wide sidewalk from the existing curb at each street. The resulting rights-of-way addits exceed the required widths illustrated in the Town Center Plan appendices and allow for the envisioned design at each street. The new Local Street at the northeast frontage of the site is proposed as an interim street, and relies on dedications from future development of the prignboring rite to complete the required street width and design. The proposed interim design provider the 2-foot-wide sidewalk, and 20-foot-wide drive lanes taken from an existing curb. Refer to the Land Use Site Plan on A-000.

4.177(.02)C

- Rights-of-way:
- 1. Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy Building permits or as a part of the recordation of a final plat, the City shall require dedication of rights-of-way in accordance with the Transportation System Plan. All dealers on shall be recorded with the County Assessor's Office.
- The City shall also require a waiver of remonstrace, sainst formation of a local improvement district, and all non-remonstrances shall e record in the County Recorder's Office as well as the City's Lien Docket, prior to issuance a a Certificate of Occupancy Building Permit or as a part of the recordation of a final plat
- In order to allow for potential future widening, a special setback requirement shall be maintained adjacent to all arterial streets. The minimum setback shall be 55 feet from the centerline or 25 feet from the right-of-way designated on the Master Plan, whichever is greater.

Response: The project includes right-of-way dedications on all four frontages, as noted on the Land Use Site Plan A-000. The three streets are classified as Local Streets, and the northwest property is dedicated as a Pedestrian Accessway. The required documents will be provided to the County for recording after final confirmation of the dedication widths has been given. The required waiver of remonstrance will be recorded at the same time. No arterial streets are adjacent to the development, therefore that criterion is not applicable.

4.177(.02)D

D. Dead-end Streets.

Response: No dead end streets are proposed or result from the proposed development. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

- E. Corner or clear vision area:
- A clear vision area which meets the Public Works Standards shall be maintained on each corner of property at the intersection of any two streets, a street and a railroad or a street and a driveway. However, the following items shall be exempt from meeting this requirement:
- Light and utility poles with a diameter less than 12 inches.
- Trees less than six inch d.b.h., approved as a part of the Stage II Site Design, or ad ninis rative review.
- ot is allowed by b., above, an existing tree, trimmed to the trunk, ten feet above the cur
- Official war ing or street sign.
- Natural Contours there the natural elevations are such that there can be no crossvisibility at the interfection and necessary excavation would result in an unreasonable hardship on the property owner or deteriorate the quality of the site.

Response: The proposed site plan and adjacent right of-way improvements are illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan, A-000. Clear vision area is provided at the intersection of Town Center Loop and Park Place, and the intersection of Park Place and the new Local Street. Light poles with diameters less than 12 inches are proposed within the clear vision area. Therefore, the criteria are met.

4.177(.02)F

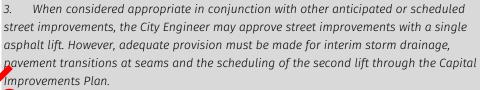
Vertical clearance. A minimum clearance of 12 feet above the pavement surface shall be maintained over all streets and access drive

Response: No private streets, or structures above streets, are prothis development. Access drives through the on-site parking area are illustrated of A-500, and in drawings 1 and 3 on exhibit A-201. A portion of the access drives are under the potprint the upper building. A-201 illustrates that the floor to floor height at this location is 16' , it has resulting clear height a the parking access drives of 14'-0". Therefore, the critery n is met.

4.177(.02)G

- Interim improvement standard. It is anticipated that all existing reets, except those in new subdivisions, will require complete reconstruction to support urban level traffic volumes. However, in most cases, existing and short-term projected traffic volumes do not warrant improvements to full Master Plan standards. Therefore, unless otherwise specified by the Development Review Board, the following interim standards shall apply.
- Arterials 24 foot paved, with standard sub-base. Asphalt overlays are generally considered unacceptable, but may be considered as an interim improvement based on the recommendations of the City Engineer, regarding adequate structural quality to support an overlay.





Response: Street improvements proposed in this development are in accordance with the relevant street sections and streetscape designs in the Town Center Plan and accompanying documents

4.177(.03)

- (.03) Sidewarks. Sirewalks shall be provided on the public street frontage of all development. Sirewalks shall generally be constructed within the dedicated public right-of-way, but may be located outside of the right-of-way within a public easement with the approval of the City English.
- A. Sidewalk widths shall include a minimum through zone of at least five feet. The through zone may be reduced pursuant to variance procedures in Section 4.196, a waiver pursuant to Section 4.118, or by authority of the City Engineer for reasons of traffic operations, efficiency, or safety.
- B. Within a Planned Development, an Development Review Board may approve a sidewalk on only one side. If the sidewalk is permitted on just one side of the street, the owners will be required to sign an agreement to in a sessment in the future to construct the other sidewalk if the City Council decides it is necessary.

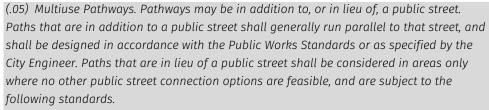
Response: All proposed sidewalks maintain a 6-foot-wide clear pede trial path and are designed in accordance with the Town Center Plan documents. The development offects 1 side of each street, and therefore includes only one sidewalk on one side of each street. Sidewalks on the other side of each street are maintained and will be required to be in urtained or improved by neighboring developments.

4.177(.04)

(.04) Bicycle Facilities. Bicycle facilities shall be provided to implement the Transportation System Plan, and may include on-street and off-street bike lanes, shared lanes, bike boulevards, and cycle tracks. The design of on-street bicycle facilities will vary according to the functional classification and the average daily traffic of the facility.

Response: No bicycle facilities are provided with this development. Existing bike lanes on Town Center Loop are preserved. The preferred cross section for the new Local Street, and the future Park Place Promenade have no been selected. The project provide interim street improvements that do not inhibit the future development of the Local Street and Promenade to include bike lanes if desired.

4.177(.05)



A. Paths shall be located to provide a reasonably direct connection between likely pedestrian and bicyclist destinations. Additional standards relating to entry points, maximum length, visibility, and path lighting are provided in the Public Works Standards.

B. To ensure ongoing access to and maintenance of pedestrian/bicycle paths, the City of gireer will require dedication of the path to the public and acceptance of the path by the City as public right-of-way; or creation of a public access easement over the path.

Response: No Multius Parlways are proposed; therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.177(.06)

(.06) Transit in provem ats. Development on sites that are adjacent to or incorporate major transit streets shall provide improvements as described in this section to any bus stop located along the sites frontage, unless waived by the City Engineer for reasons of safety or traffic operations manifolded bus stops, shelters, and related facilities. Required transit facility in proxements may include the dedication of land or the provision of a public easement.

<u>Response:</u> The development is not adjacent to or incorporat major transit streets, therefore the criterion is not applicable.

4.177(.07)A

(.07) Residential Private Access Drives. Residential Private Access Drives shall meet the following standards:

Response: No Residential Private Access Drives are proposed. There are criterion is not applicable.

4.177(.08)A.

(.08) Access Drive and Driveway Approach Development Star fard

A. An access drive to any proposed development shall be designed to ovide a clear travel lane free from any obstructions.

Response: Refer to the Land Use Site Plan, A-000. The access driveway and access drive throughout the on-site parking area are wide enough for two-way traffic, and preserve this width throughout without any obstructions. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.177(.08)B

B. Access drive travel lanes shall be constructed with a hard surface capable of carrying a 23-ton load.

Response: Access drive travel lanes will occur within the surrounding rights-of-way and streets at Park Place, Town Center Loop, and the new northeast Local Street. The on-site parking area will be utilized by residents only. All travel lanes within the streets will be constructed of concrete per the City's standard details. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.177(.08)C

C. Where emergency vehicle access is required, approaches and driveways shall be designed and constructed to accommodate emergency vehicle apparatus and shall conform to applicable fire protection requirements. The City may restrict parking, require signage, or require other public safety improvements pursuant to the recommendations of an emergency service provider.

exhibit FS-1. All emergency vehicle access is illustrated in the TVF&R Permit documents, and specifically exhibit FS-1. All emergency vehicle access will be provided in the surrounding street rightsof-way, with apparatus staging areas available along Park Place and the new Local Street.
Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.177(.08)D

Secondary or emergency access lanes may be improved to a minimum 12 feet with an armeather surface as approved by the Fire District. All fire lanes shall be dedicated eatements

Response: All emergel charges are within surrounding street rights-of-way and are not within private propert. The efore, the 12-foot width and surface requirements are exceeded and the criterion is in a contract of the con

4.177(.08)E

E. Minimum access requirements shall be adjusted commensurate with the intended function of the site based in vehicle types and traffic generation.

Response: The criterion is not applicable.

4.177(.08)F

F. The number of approaches a higher classification streets (e.g., collector and arterial streets) shall be minimized; where pract cable access shall be taken first from a lower classification street.

Response: All streets surrounding the property are classified as local Streets. Access to the parking area is taken off of Town Center Loop, which is a Local Street. herefore, the criterion is met.

4.177(.08)G

G. The City may limit the number or location of comercións to a street, or impose access restrictions where the roadway authority requires mitigation to alleviate safety or traffic operations concerns.

Response: The proposed site access is illustrated on exhibit A-000, and is located at the western corner of the site along Town Center Loop. Only this single access is proposed

4.177(.08)H

H. The City may require a driveway to extend to one or more edges of a lot and be designed to allow for future extension and inter-lot circulation as adjacent properties develop. The City may also require the owner(s) of the subject site to record an access easement for future joint use of the approach and driveway as the adjacent property(ies) develop(s).

Response: The proposed driveway is illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan, exhibit A-000, and is located at the western corner of the site along Town Center Loop. The driveway extends completely from the proposed property line through the sidewalk to the street. Required circulation to

all parking stalls is provided in the on-site parking area via two-way drive aisles, and ample maneuvering clearances are provided for resident vehicles. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.177(08)1

Driveways shall accommodate all projected vehicular traffic on-site without vehicles stacking or backing up onto a street.

<u>kesponse:</u> The proposed driveway is illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan, exhibit A-000, and is located at the western corner of the site along Town Center Loop. The driveway extends completely from the proposed property line through the sidewalk to the street. Required circulation to ıll parking stalls is provided in the on-site parking area via two-way drive aisles, and ample neuvering clearances are provided for resident vehicles. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.177(.08)

Driveways shall be designed so that vehicle areas, including but not limited to driverive-through facilities and vehicle storage and service areas, do not obstruct any lic right-of-way.

avis illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan, exhibit A-000, and is located Response: The propos at the western orne of the site along Town Center Loop. The driveway extends completely from the proposed property line through the sidewalk to the street. Required circulation to all parking stalls is provided in the on-site parking area via two-way drive aisles, and ample maneuvering clearance, are provided for resident vehicles. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.177(.08)K

Approaches and drivewas shall not be wider than necessary to safely accommodate projected peak hour trips and turping novements, and shall be designed to minimize crossing distances for pedestria

The proposed driveway is illustrated on the cond Use Site Plan, exhibit A-000, and is located at the western corner of the site along Tow Cester Loop. The driveway extends completely from the proposed property line through the sidewalk to the street. The width of the driveway at the pedestrian path is 20'-0" and is the minimum required for a two-way drive aisle. Therefore, the driveway is the minimum required and meets the criterion. Response: The proposed driveway is illustrated on the

4.177(.08)L

As it deems necessary for pedestrian safety, the City, a consultation with the roadway authority, may require traffic-calming features such as meed tables, textured driveway surfaces, curb extensions, signage or traffic control 💋 or other features, be installed on or in the vicinity of a site.

Response: The criterion is not applicable.

4.177(.08)M

M. Approaches and driveways shall be located and designed to allow for safe maneuvering in and around loading areas, while avoiding conflicts with pedestrians, parking, landscaping, and buildings.

Response: The proposed driveway is illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan, exhibit A-000, and is located at the western corner of the site along Town Center Loop. The driveway extends completely from the proposed property line through the sidewalk to the street. Ample maneuvering is provided through minimum 20-foot-wide, two-way drive aisles on-site and does not conflict with pedestrians, landscaping, or buildings.

4.177(.08)N

Where a proposed driveway crosses a culvert or drainage ditch, the City may require the developer to install a culvert extending under and beyond the edges of the driveway on both sides of it, pursuant applicable Public Works standards.

ponse: The proposed driveway does not cross a culvert or ditch; therefore the criterion is not applicable.

Except as otherwise required by the applicable roadway authority or waived by the City Engineer, temporary driveways providing access to a construction site or staging area shall be paved or graveled to prevent tracking of mud onto adjacent paved streets.

ary access and excavation for construction activity will be designed to applicable e time of building permit submittal.

4.177(.08)P

- constrained by topography, natural resources, rail lines, freeways, existing or pproved development, or easements or covenants, driveways proposed as part of a resident of mixed-use development shall meet local street spacing standards and shall be structeto align with existing or planned streets, if the driveway.
- Intersects with public street that is controlled, or is to be controlled in the planning period by a raffic signal;
- Intersects with an existing or planned arterial or collector street; or 2.
- Would be an extension of an Alsting or planned local street, or of another major 3. driveway.

The proposed driveway is illustrated on the find Use Site Plan, exhibit A-000, and is located at the western corner of the site along Tow Cester Loop. The driveway connects directly to the on-site parking area and runs perpendictor to and completely through the adjacent pedestrian path along Town Center Loop to create the post direct, and shortest path to the street. The driveway is separated from the intersection of Park Place and Town Center Loop Response: The proposed driveway is illustrated on the by 203'-9". Therefore the criteria are met.

4.177(.09)

- (.09) Minimum street intersection spacing standards.
- New streets shall intersect at existing street intersections of that centerlines are not offset. Where existing streets adjacent to a proposed development of not align properly, conditions shall be imposed on the development to provide for processory gnment.
- Minimum intersection spacing standards are provided in Transpectation System Plan Table 3-2.

Response: The proposed site plan and surrounding streets included in the development are illustrated on exhibit A-000. The Transportation System Plan table states that the desired intersection space should be between 100 feet minimum, and 300 feet maximum. The project includes the construction of a new Local Street along the northeast frontage. The project provides a functional two-way interim street section and relies on right-of-way dedications and improvements by the neighboring property to fulfill the street design in the Town Center Plan. The center of the proposed Local Street is spaced 211 feet from the intersection of Town Center Loop and Park Place, and therefore falls within the allowable range between 100 feet and 300 feet. In the future, the Local Street will be widened to 60 feet, and the centerline will

be moved northeast. At this time, the centerline will be roughly 250 feet northeast of the intersection with Town Center Loop and therefore will also be within the allowable range. Therefore, the criterion is met.

(.10) Exceptions and Adjustments. The City may approve adjustments to the spacing standards of subsections (.08) and (.09) above through a Class II process, or as a waiver per Section 4.118(.03)(A.), where an existing connection to a City street does not meet the standards of the roadway authority, the proposed development moves in the direction of Code compliance, and mitigation measures alleviate all traffic operations and safety concerns. Mitigation measures may include consolidated access (removal of one access), ont use driveways (more than one property uses same access), directional limitations ene-way), turning restrictions (e.g., right in/out only), or other mitigation.

Response: No exc adjustments to the spacing standards are anticipated with this development.

Section 4.179 Mixed Solid Waste and Recyclables Storage in New Multi-Family Residential and Non-Residential Buildings.

4.17 (.01)

(.01) All site plans for multi-family residential and non-residential buildings submitted to the Wilsonville Development Review Board for approval shall include adequate storage space for mixed solid waste and source separated recyclables.

e: The proposed waste and recyclable storage are illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan, exhibit 1-000. The proposed storage space is a shared, interior room at the northwest portion of the site labeled 'Shared Waste and Recycling'. The room has been sized in coordination with kepts lic Services to appropriately accommodate the anticipated wasted and recycling needs (the 14 residential units, and the proposed commercial spaces. Also refer to documentation of communication with Republic Services in previous pages of this document. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.179(.02)

(.02) The jiver area of an interior or exterior storage area shall be excluded from the calculation of buying floor area for purposes of determining minimum storage requirements.

Response: The waste and recyclin, storige area calculation is determined based on the quantity of residential units, number of stories, and quantity and intensive use of the commercial tenant space.

4.179(.03)

(.03) The storage area requirement shall be based on the predominant use(s) of the building. If a building has more than one of the uses listed herein and that use occupies 20 percent or less of the floor area of the building, the floor area occupied by that use shall be counted toward the floor area of the predominant use(s). If a building has more than one of the uses listed herein and that use occupies more than 20 percent of the floor area of the building, then the storage area requirement for the whole building shall be the sum of the requirement for the area of each use:

Response: The project summary and ground-floor plan is illustrated or exhibit 4-000, the Land Use Site Plan. The project is a total 92,397 gross square feet and is predominantly 114 residential multi-family units with 3,707 square feet of commercial tenant stace. The commercial space is roughly 4 percent of the overall project; therefore the multi-family tandard should be applied when calculating the commercial need for waste and recycling storage space. Given that the multi-family standard is based on a per-unit, rather than floor area standard – the applicant has provided enough wasted and storage area on-site to meet the commercial and residential standards independently. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.179(.04) (.04) Storage areas for multiple uses on a single site may be combined and shared.

Response: The proposal utilizes a shared waste and recycling storage room for both residential and retail as illustrated on exhibit A-000. Therefore, the criterion is met.

(.05) The specific requirements are based on an assumed storage height of four feet for solid waste/recyclables. Vertical storage higher than four feet but no higher than seven feet may be used to accommodate the same volume of storage in a reduced floor space.

Where vertical or stacked storage is proposed, the site plan shall include drawings to illustrate the layout of the storage area and dimensions for the containers.

Response: The proposed layout and quantity of storage containers is illustrated on exhibit A-000. Further detail is provided in the documented coordination with Republic Services provided in a previous section of this narrative. Therefore, the criterion is met.

(.06) The specific requirements for storage area are as follows:

- multi-family residential buildings containing five-ten units shall provide a minimum torage area of 50 square feet. Buildings containing more than ten residential units shall vide an additional five square feet per unit for each unit above ten.
- Non-residential buildings shall provide a minimum storage area of ten square feet,
- Four square feet per 1,000 square feet gross floor area (GFA);
- tal. en square feet per 1,000 square feet GFA;
- 3. Wholes ale/ Carehouse/Manufacturing: Six square feet per 1,000 square feet GFA; and
- Other: For square feet per 1,000 square feet GFA.

Response: The development has 4 read dential units and 3,707 sq. ft. of commercial tenant space (likely retail/cafe). The required on-site waste and recyclable storage area is 557 sq. ft. (520 sq. ft. for residential and 37 sq. ft. for deamercial). The proposal includes a 453 sq. ft. shared waste and recycling room on the ground floor, and a 59-sq. ft trash chute room on all upper floors, providing a total of 689 sq. ft. of storage space, exceeding the criterion.

4.179(.07)

(.07) The applicant shall work with the (tv's franchised garbage hauler to ensure that site plans provide adequate access for the laule sequipment and that storage area is adequate for the anticipated volumes, level of pryite and any other special circumstances which may result in the storage area exceeding as a pacity. The hauler shall notify the City by letter of their review of site plans and made recommendations for changes in those plans pursuant to the other provisions of this section

Response: A Service Provide Letter, Trash Room Plan Updates, and a Trash and Los ding Sketch has been provided in a previous section of this narrative documenting coordination and approval from Republic Services. Architectural and Civil drawings C-200, and A-000 how designated waste and recycling rooms in the building, and designated areas within the right-yeway of the new local street for days of service. Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.179(.08)

(.08) Existing multi-family residential and non-residential developments wishing to retrofit their structures to include storage areas for mixed solid waste and recycling may have their site plans reviewed and approved through the Class I Administrative Review process, according to the provisions of Section 4.035. Site plans for retrofitting existing developments must conform to all requirements of this Section, "Mixed Solid Waste and Recyclables Storage In New Multi-Family Residential and Non-Residential Buildings," and 4.430, "Location, Design and Access Standards for Mixed Solid Waste and Recycling Areas," of the Wilsonville City Code.

<u>Response:</u> No existing development is proposed to be maintained with this application. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

Section 4.199 Outdoor Lighting.

4.19**.**7.4.(.01)B

- Prescriptive Option. If the lighting is to comply with this Prescriptive Option, the installed lighting shall meet all of the following requirements according to the designated Lighting Zone.
- The maximum luminaire lamp wattage and shielding shall comply with Table 7.

 Except for those exemptions listed in Section 4.199.20(.02), the exterior lighting for the site shall comply with the Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code, Exterior Lighting.
- 3. Te wkimum pole or mounting height shall be consistent with Table 8.
- 4. Each ly nine is shall be set back from all property lines at least three times the mounts of eight of the luminaire:
- a. Exception 1: If the subject property abuts a property with the same base and lighting zone, no setback from the common lot lines is required.
- b. Exception 2: If the subject property abuts a property which is zoned (base and lighting) other than the subject, arcel, the luminaire shall be setback three times the mounting height of the luminaire, measured from the abutting parcel's setback line. (Any variance or waive, to the abutting property's setback shall not be considered in the distance calculation).
- c. Exception 3: If the luminaire is used for the purpose of street, parking lot or public utility easement illumination and is located less than three mounting heights from the property line, the luminaire shall include a house side shield to protect adjoining property.
- d. Exception 4: If the subject property includes an exterior column, wall or abutment within 25 feet of the property line, a luminaire party shielded or better and not exceeding 60 lamp watts may be mounted onto the exterior or dumn, wall or abutment or under or within an overhang or canopy attached their o.
- e. Exception 5: Lighting adjacent to SROZ areas shall be set back to ee times the mounting height of the luminaire, or shall employ a house side shield to protect the natural resource area.

Response: Proposed lighting is illustrated on exhibit A-021, Outdoor Lighting Plan. The applicant has provided locations, quantity, and basis-of-design intent illustrations for all types of applicable lighting. These include site-lighting fixtures within the on-site parking area, entry fixtures at the retail entries and primary residential lobby entry, sconces and step lights at each ground-floor residential unit, landscape lights in the Pedestrian Accessway, and light fixtures at upper floor balconies. The applicant is deferring final fixture and lamp specification, and calculations for code compliance to later phases as is typical with design-

build bidding and construction. Code compliance will be demonstrated during the building permit review.

4.199 40(.01)B.

- D. Curfew. All prescriptive or performance based exterior lighting systems shall be controlled by automatic device(s) or system(s) that:
- 1. Initiate operation at dusk and either extinguish lighting one hour after close or at the curfew times according to Table 10; or
- 2. Reduce lighting intensity one hour after close or at the curfew time to not more than 50 percent of the requirements set forth in the Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code unless waived by the DRB due to special circumstances; and
- Extinguish or reduce lighting consistent with 1. and 2. above on Holidays. The Extowing are exceptions to curfew:
- a. Exception 1: Building Code required lighting.
- b. Ecept in 2: Lighting for pedestrian ramps, steps and stairs.
- c. Exception 3 Posinesses that operate continuously or periodically after curfew.

Response: All applicable light fixtures will be controlled by an automated system except for fixture 'L.4" at each ground-floor rendential unit entry. This light fixture at this location will be resident-operated so that they have a functional and provide illumination at night, however turned off during late hours for livability. All other exterior lights will be controlled to illuminate surrounding site and righter way areas for security and safety.

4.199.50(.01)

- (.01) Applicants shall submit the following information as part of DRB review or administrative review of new consmercial industrial, multi-family or public facility projects:
- A. A statement regarding which of the lighting methods will be utilized, prescriptive or performance, and a map depicting the lighting z new for the property.
- B. A site lighting plan that clearly indicates intended lighting by type and location. For adjustable luminaires, the aiming angles or coordinates shall be shown.
- C. For each luminaire type, drawings, cut sheets on other documents containing specifications for the intended lighting including but not limited to, luminaire description, mounting, mounting height, lamp type and manufacturer, lamp week, ballast, optical system/distribution, and accessories such as shields.
- D. Calculations demonstrating compliance with Oregon Energy Efficiency Specialty Code, Exterior Lighting, as modified by Section 4.199.40(.01)(B.)(2.)
- E. Lighting plans shall be coordinated with landscaping plans so that pole lights and trees are not placed in conflict with one another. The location of lights shall be shown on the landscape plan. Generally, pole lights should not be placed within one pole length of landscape and parking lot trees.
- F. Applicants shall identify the hours of lighting curfew.

Response: The proposal will comply with the prescriptive performance option, and the development is within the LZ3 lighting overlay per the city map. An Outdoor Lighting Plan is provided in

exhibit A-021, and the location, and basis-of-design for each type of fixture is provided. No adjustable exterior light fixtures are proposed.

The applicant is deferring final fixture and lamp specification, and calculations for code compliance to later phases as is typical with design-build bidding and construction. Code compliance will be demonstrated during the building permit review.

4.19 .50(.02)

(.02) In addition to the above submittal requirements, Applicants using the <u>Prescriptive</u> <u>Method</u> shall submit the following information as part of the permit set plan review:

- A. A site lighting plan (items 1.A—F, above) which indicates for each luminaire the three mounting height line to demonstrate compliance with the setback requirements. For tominaires mounted within three mounting heights of the property line the compliance exeption or special shielding requirements shall be clearly indicated.
- Response: The applicant is deferring final fixture and lamp specification, and calculations for code compliance to later phases as is typical with design-build bidding and construction. Code compliance with be demonstrated during the building permit review. Setback compliance and mounting heights can be provided at that time.

4.199.50(.03)

(.03) In addition to the above submittal requirements, Applicants using the Performance Method shall submet the jollowing information as part of the permit set plan review:

Response: The applicant will comply with the Prescriptive Method. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.199.50(.04)

(.04) In addition to the above explicible submittal requirements, Applicants for Special Permits shall submit the following to the DRB for review:

- A. Tabulation of International Engineering Society of North America (IESNA) lighting recommendations for each task including area Illuminated, recommended illumination level, actual maintained illumination level, and sum saires used specifically to achieve the indicated criteria.
- B. Lighting plans shall be prepared by a qualified light engineer.

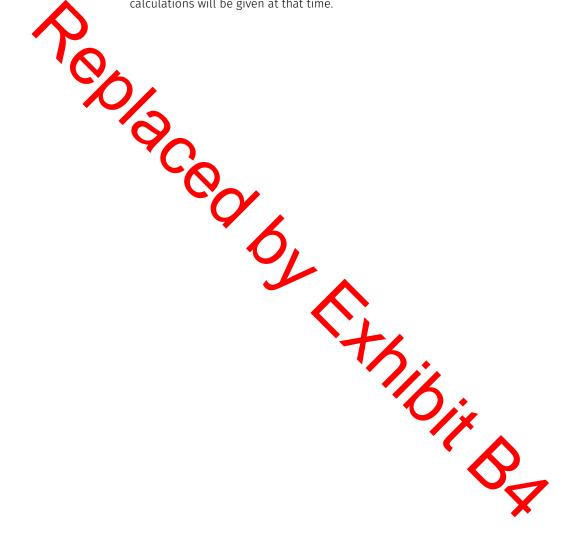
<u>Response:</u> No Special Permits are included in this application; therefore, the order on is not applicable.

4.199.50(.05)

(.05) For all calculations, the following light loss factors shall be dead unless an alternative is specifically approved by the City:

Metal halide	0.6
High pressure sodium	0.8
Compact fluorescent	0.7
Full size fluorescent	0.75
Incandescent	0.9
Halogen	0.95
Other	As approved

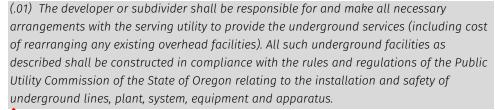
Response: The applicant is deferring final fixture and lamp specification, and calculations for code compliance to later phases as is typical with design-build bidding and construction. Code compliance will be demonstrated during the building permit review. Light loss factor calculations will be given at that time.



Section 4.300 Underground Utilities

4.320(.01)

4.320(.02)



Easting utilities are illustrated on exhibit G-102 Existing Survey, and proposed utilities are illustrated on C-300. Three existing easements are preserved at the northeast frontage, and the porthwest frontage. Existing power, communication, and water easements along Town Center coop are proposed to be vacated, and utilities to be relocated underground and aligned to the new right-of-way, out of the footprint of the development. The applicant and the selected general contractor will make all necessary arrangements with the serving utility companies. My an will be completed in compliance with necessary codes.

(.02) The location of the buried facilities shall conform to standards supplied to the subdivider by the City rise City also reserves the right to approve location of all surface-mounted transformers.

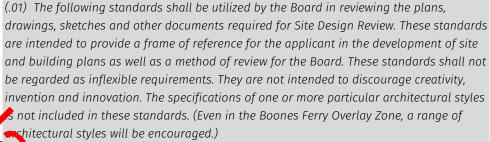
Response: Proposed underground utilities and an above-ground transformer are illustrated on exhibit C-300.

(.03) Interior easements (back in lines) will only be used for storm or sanitary sewers, and front easements will be used for of a utilities unless different locations are approved by the City Engineer. Easements gaussactory to the serving utilities shall be provided by the developer and shall be set for not the plat.

Response: Existing utilities are illustrated on exhibit G-102 Existing Sirve), and proposed utilities are illustrated on C-300. All utility easements utilized by this divelopment will be within street rights-of-way after completion. Two existing easements un magonally across the southwestern corner of the site, and include sanitary sewel and water mains for neighboring properties. These easements will be unaffected and maintained by his development.

Section 4.421 Criteria and Application of Design Standards

4.421(.01)A.



Preservation of Landscape. The landscape shall be preserved in its natural state, gar s practicable, by minimizing tree and soils removal, and any grade changes shall with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas.

The proposed site punds illustrated on A-000 and landscaping is illustrated on L-510. An approximately 1-0" ride strip of existing planting and trees are to remain at the northeastern Response: The propose property line. Trees will be preserved and planting will be preserved to the extend practical. A small portion of existing panting will be preserved along the northwestern property line, and installed to blend with ne existing neighbor planting.

4.421(.01)B.

Relation of Propose Calidings to Environment. Proposed structures shall be located and designed to assure harmony, (the natural environment, including protection of steep slopes, vegetation and other naturally sensitive areas for wildlife habitat and shall provide proper buffering from less intendive uses in accordance with Sections 4.171 and 4.139 and 4.139.5. The achievement of such recationship may include the enclosure of space in conjunction with other existing wildings of other proposed buildings and the creation of focal points with respect to avenues of coroach, street access or relationships to natural features such as vegetation of topography.

Response: No existing steep slopes, significant vegetation, or naturally ensitive areas exist on the site or on adjacent sites. Surrounding properties will be equal or greate intensive uses per the Town Center Plan. The site plan, floor plan, and massing of the banking reinforces the street network and envisioned pedestrian connectivity by activating 10% of the Park Place and New Local Street frontages with urban, active space and providing right-or- ay of sign and screening at other frontages to preserve a pleasant pedestrian experien

4.421(.01)C.

Drives, Parking and Circulation. With respect to vehicular and pedestrian circulation, including walkways, interior drives and parking, special attention shall be given to location and number of access points, general interior circulation, separation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic, and arrangement of parking areas that are safe and convenient and, insofar as practicable, do not detract from the design of proposed buildings and structures and the neighboring properties.

Response: Relevant data is illustrated on A-000 Land Use Plan, C-200 Grading Plan, and L-200 Materials Plan. The proposed project is bounded on three sides by rights-of-way comprising 12 foot wide sidewalks, and one frontage by a 15 foot wide dedication and Pedestrian Accessway. The pedestrian path in each sidewalk is separated from vehicular traffic by the 4-foot wide amenity zone, and raised 6" curb. The drive entry to the off-street parking area is accessed in a single two-way curb-cut off of Town Center Loop which crosses perpendicular to the pedestrian path. Low-screening landscape at this area provides a clear vision angle for drivers and protects pedestrians. Additionally, the driveway is separated from the primary commercial pedestrian walkway along Park Place to mitigate interactions between pedestrians and vehicles. No dead end drive aisles exist within the parking area. Therefore, the criteria are met.

Surface Water Drainage. Special attention shall be given to proper site surface drainage so that removal of surface waters will not adversely affect neighboring ore perties of the public storm drainage system

Response: Site gr ding is illustrated on C-200, and utilities and stormwater control are illustrated on C-300.

All tempor (1) and final grading is designed to applicable building and development codes. Surface water to ilding runoff is contained and treated on site. Sidewalks within the rights-of-way are dramed to adjacent stormwater planters and existing stormwater facilities in the rights-of-w.

The proposed design dos int drain surface waters onto the public right-of-way in an adverse way. Therefore the criterion is met.

4.421(.01)E.

Utility Service. Any with installations above ground shall be located so as to have a harmonious relation to neighboring properties and site. The proposed method of sanitary and storm sewage disposal frog all wildings shall be indicated.

Utilities are illustrated on exhibit C-300. A capove ground pad-mounted electrical transformer is shown adjacent to the parking a ear entry on Town Center Loop. The transformer is screened from the adjacent pedestran path by low-standard landscaping. Response: Utilities are illustrated on exhibit C-300. This location and screening treatment creates and no rous relation to existing above-ground utilities immediate adjacent on the neighbor 1g p operty to the northwest, and provides a more pleasing pedestrian character along 22 x Place and the new Local Street. An above-ground gas service regulator is also located along 75wn Center Loop where the building façade ends. This location allows the regulator to still be seened by landscaping, and additionally concealed from pedestrians by the corner of the stade Therefore, the criterion is met.

4.421(.01)F.

Advertising Features. In addition to the requirements of the Citys of regulations, the following criteria should be included: the size, location, design, olor, texture, lighting and materials of all exterior signs and outdoor advertising structures or features shall not detract from the design of proposed buildings and structures and the surrounding properties.

Response: Proposed signage is being reviewed under a Class 3 Sign Permit with this application. Proposed sign locations and intent of building-mounted signs are illustrated on exhibit A-004. Size and location of each intended sign is provided on A-004. The final design of all signs will be deferred to Class 1 sign permits for each commercial tenant.

4.421(.01)G.

G. Special Features. Exposed storage areas, exposed machinery installations, surface areas, truck loading areas, utility buildings and structures and similar accessory areas and structures shall be subject to such setbacks, screen plantings or other screening methods as shall be required to prevent their being incongruous with the existing or contemplated environment and its surrounding properties. Standards for screening and buffering are contained in Section 4.176.

None of the items listed are proposed in the development. Therefore, the criterion is not applicable.

4.421(.02)

(b) The standards of review outlined in Sections (a) through (g) above shall also apply to all adjessory buildings, structures, exterior signs and other site features, however related the major buildings or structures.

The criterion is not a pricable.

4.421(.03)

(.03) The Board shall also be guided by the purpose of Section 4.400, and such objectives shall serve as additional given and standards.

Response: The criterion is not applicable.

4.421(.04)

(.04) Conditional application. The Planning Director, Planning Commission, Development Review Board or City Council may, as a Condition of Esproval for a zone change, subdivision, land partition, variance, conditional lise, or other land use action, require conformance to the site development standards set for the interest of the site development.

Response: The criterion is not applicable.

4.421(.05)

(.05) The Board may attach certain development or use conditions in granting an approval that are determined necessary to insure the proper and efficient functioning of the development, consistent with the intent of the Comprehensive Plan, allowed densities and the requirements of this Code. In making this determination of compliance and attaching conditions, the Board shall, however, consider the effects of this action on the availability and cost of needed housing. The provisions of this section shall not be used in such a manner that additional conditions either singularly or accumulatively have the effect of unnecessarily increasing the cost of housing or effectively excluding a needed housing type.

Response: The criterion is not applicable.



(.06) The Board or Planning Director may require that certain paints or colors of materials be used in approving applications. Such requirements shall only be applied when site development or other land use applications are being reviewed by the City.

Where the conditions of approval for a development permit specify that certain paints or colors of materials be used, the use of those paints or colors shall be binding upon the applicant. No Certificate of Occupancy shall be granted until compliance with ud conditions has been verified.

sequent changes to the color of a structure shall not be subject to City review unless the conditions of approval under which the original colors were set included a condition requiring a subsequent review before the colors could be changed.

Response: The criterion is lot a



Section 4.430 Location, Design and Access Standards for Mixed Solid Waste and Recycling Areas.



(.02) Location Standards:

- To encourage its use, the storage area for source separated recyclables shall be colocated with the storage area for residual mixed solid waste.
- Indoor and outdoor storage areas shall comply with Uniform Building and Fire Code requirements.
- Storage area space requirements can be satisfied with a single location or multiple ations and can combine with both interior and exterior locations.
- Exterior storage areas can be located within interior side yard or rear yard areas. mun setback shall be three feet. Exterior storage areas shall not be located within a Tont yard setback, including double frontage lots.
- eric storage areas shall be located in central and visible locations on a site to enhance security or users.
- Exterior storage greas can be located in a parking area if the proposed use provides at least the minimum number of parking spaces required for the use after deducting the area used for storage loginge areas shall be appropriately screened according to the provisions of Section 4.43 (33), below.
- The storage area shall be accessive for collection vehicles and located so that the storage area will not obstruct processian or vehicle traffic movement on the site or on public streets adjacent to the site.

Response: Waste and recycling access and storage areas are hustrated on the Land Use Site Plan (exhibit A-000), and floor plans A-101 through A-16. Residential waste and recycling is stored with commercial waste and recycling in a shared 'waste and recycling' room inside the building at the north corner of the parking area. Additionally, a waste chute access room is provided for residents at each upper floor. Space for ecycling ins at each chute access room is also provide. Therefore, criteria A., C. are met.

All indoor and outdoor storage areas will comply with applicable by doing and fire codes. No exterior storage areas are proposed, therefore criteria D, E, and Pare no applicable. The proposed waste and recycling storage room has been located and access has been coordinated with the waste hauler, and the applicant has provided doc me ation of this coordination in previous pages. The waste and recycling hauler will see the site from the new Local Street. Building management staff will move full waste and recycling containers from the waste and recycling room to the sidewalk adjacent to the new Local Street on days of service. The 'staging' location of the waste and recycling trucks is located at the far northwest corner of the site, allowing convenient service and ensuring the truck will not interfere with neighboring business or traffic. Therefore, criterion G is met.

4.430(.03)

(.03) Design Standards:

- The dimensions of the storage area shall accommodate containers consistent with current methods of local collection.
- Storage containers shall meet Uniform Fire Code standards and be made of or covered with waterproof materials or situated in a covered area.

- C. Exterior storage areas shall be enclosed by a sight obscuring fence, wall or hedge at least six feet in height. Gate openings for haulers shall be a minimum of ten feet wide and shall be capable of being secured in a closed or open position. In no case shall exterior storage areas be located in conflict with the vision clearance requirements of Section 4.177.
- D. Storage area(s) and containers shall be clearly labeled to indicate the type of materials accepted.

<u>Johnse:</u> Vaste and recycling access and storage areas are illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan (abib) A-000), and floor plans A-101 through A-105. The applicant has also provided discurrentation of coordination with the local waste and recycling hauler (Republic Services) in pregious bages.

The dimessions of the storage room, and quantity of containers, have been confirmed by Republic S (v), vs., and criterion A is met.

Storage containers, and the waste and recycling room and chute rooms will be designed to meet all applicable uilding and fire codes. Therefore, criterion B is met.

No exterior storage areas are proposed; therefore, criterion C is not applicable. Waste and recycling cortain as will be clearly labeled, and rules of use and maintenance will be provided for the residents and commercial tenants.

4.430(.04)

(.04) Access Standards:

- A. Access to storage areas can be limited for security reasons. However, the storage area shall be accessible to users at convenient times of the day and to collect service personnel on the day and approximate time they are scheduled to provide collection service.
- B. Storage areas shall be designed to be early accessible to collection trucks and equipment, considering paving, grade and vehicle access. A minimum of ten feet horizontal clearance and eight feet of vertical clearance is required if the storage area is covered.
- C. Storage areas shall be accessible to collection vehicles without requiring backing out of a driveway onto a public street. If only a single access for t is available to the storage area, adequate turning radius shall be provided to allow oblication vehicles to safely exit the site in a forward motion.

Response: Waste and recycling access and storage areas are illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan (exhibit A-000), and floor plans A-101 through A-105. Access to all waste storage areas will be limited to residents and commercial tenants for security. Residents, commercial tenants, and building management staff will have convenient keyed or electronic access at all times. The location, size, and access of the ground-floor waste and recycling room has been coordinated and confirmed with the waste hauler (Republic Services). Waste trucks will not enter the site; therefore, the vertical clearance criterion is not applicable. Waste trucks will service the site from the new Local Street at the northwest corner and criterion C is met.

Section 4.600 Tree Preservation and Protection

4.610.10(.01)H.

Except where an application is exempt, or where otherwise noted, the following standards shall govern the review of an application for a Type A, B, C or D Tree Removal Permit: (Relevant subsections included).

H. Limitation. Tree removal or transplanting shall be limited to instances where the applicant has provided completed information as required by this Chapter and the reviewing authority determines that removal or transplanting is necessary based on the riteria of this subsection.

ting trees are proposed to be removed and mitigated, or protected both on-site, and in nt-of-way improvements as part of the project. The applicant has provided an Existing Conditions Jurvey (exhibit G-102), a Tree Preservation and Removal Plan (L-500), and an accompanying free Protection Plan report by a certified arborist to document the trees to be removed and vicigated or protected in the project. The species, size, health and structure of existing on-site free and 4 adjacent off-site trees are described in exhibit L-500 and further described in the arborist's Tree Protection Plan report.

4.610.10(.01)1.

I. Additional Standards for Type C Permits

1.Tree survey. For all site development applications reviewed under the provisions of Chapter 4 Planning and Z nies, the developer shall provide a Tree Survey before site development as required by WC 4,5000, and provide a Tree Maintenance and Protection plan, unless specifically exempted with Planning Director or DRB, prior to initiating site development.

Response: The applicant has provided an Existing Conditions Survey (exhibit G-102), a Tree Preservation and Removal Plan (L-500), and an accompanying Tee Protection Plan report by a certified arborist to comply with requirements of WC 4.613.49. Refer to following narrative response to that code.

4.610.40(.02)A

The applicant must provide ten copies of a Tree Mainte and Protection Plan completed by an arborist that contains the following information

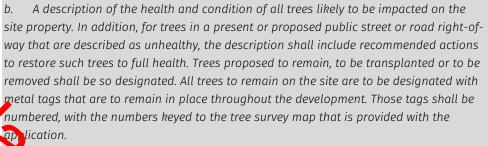
- A plan, including a topographical survey bearing the storm an signature of a qualified, registered professional containing all the following info mation:
 - 1. Property Dimensions. The shape and dimensions of the property and the location of any existing and proposed structure or improvement.

Response: The applicant has provided an Existing Conditions Survey (exhibit G-102), a Tree Preservation and Removal Plan (L-500), and a Tree Protection Plan report by a certified arborist (see external attachment). The property shape and dimensions are illustrated on G-102, L-500, and further on the Land Use Site Plan (exhibit A-000).

4.610.40(.02)A

- 2. Tree survey. The survey must include:
- An accurate drawing of the site based on accurate survey techniques at a minimum scale of one inch equals 100 feet and which provides a) the location of all trees having six inches or greater d.b.h. likely to be impacted, b) the spread of canopy of those trees, (c)

the common and botanical name of those trees, and d) the approximate location and name of any other trees on the property.



Where a stand of 20 or more contiguous trees exist on a site and the applicant does not propose to remove any of those trees, the required tree survey may be simplified to accurately 5 ow only the perimeter area of that stand of trees, including its drip line. Only those trees or the perimeter of the stand shall be tagged, as provided in "b," above.

d. All Ore non white oaks, native yews, and any species listed by either the state or federal government agrare or endangered shall be shown in the tree survey.

Response: The applicant has provided an Existing Conditions Survey (exhibit G-102), a Tree Preservation and Removal Plan (L-500), and a tree Protection Plan report by a certified arborist (see external attachment). All applicable tractage described and scheduled in the separate report, and on L-500. No stand of 20 km make contiguous trees exists on the site, and no Oregon white oaks or relevant Federal listed or endangered species exist.

4.610.40(.02)A

3. Tree Protection. A statement describing how trees intended to remain will be protected during development, and where rot ctive barriers are necessary, that they will be erected before work starts. Barriers shall be syfficiently substantial to withstand nearby construction activities. Plastic tape or smilar forms of markers do not constitute "barriers."

Response: The applicant has provided a Tree Protection Plan report by a certifical arborist in the external attachments. Tree protection is described for 11 existing these promain along the northeast frontage, and the southwest frontage. These trees are illustrated on exhibit L-500, with notes referencing the arborist' Tree Protection Plan report.

4.610.40(.02)A

4. Easements and Setbacks. Location and dimension of existing approposed easements, as well as all setbacks required by existing zoning requirements.

Response: All existing easements are illustrated on exhibit G-102, Existing Survey. All proposed easements and setbacks are illustrated on the Land Use Site Plan, A-000, and the Utility Plan, C-300.

4.610.40(.02)A

5. Grade Changes. Designation of grade changes proposed for the property that may impact trees.

Response: No significant grade exists or is proposed on the site or project area. Existing grading is included in exhibit G-102, and proposed grading is illustrated on exhibit C-200. Grading around trees marked for tree protection is not significantly altered.

O(.02)A

Cost of Replacement. A cost estimate for the proposed tree replacement program with a detailed explanation including the number, size and species.

nse: No trees are proposed to be replaced.

4.610.40(.02)

Tree Identification. A statement that all trees being retained will be identified by mbered metal tags, as specified in subsection "A," above in addition to clear htification on construction documents.

Response: All trees to be protected will be identified on-site with numbered metal tags and marked for protection mac ordance with the arborist's Tree Protection Plan report.

4.620.00(.01)

Requiremen Esta Lished. A Type B or C Tree Removal Permit grantee shall replace or moved bee having six inches or greater d.b.h. within one year of removal. relocate each

Response: Existing trees are proposed to be removed and mitigated, or protected both on-site, and in the right-of-way improvement as part of the project. The applicant has provided an Existing Conditions Survey (exhibit G.1957, a Tree Preservation and Removal Plan (L-500), and an accompanying Tree Protection Plan record by a certified arborist to document the trees to be removed and mitigated or protected in the project.

Per L-500, of the 27 on-site exiting trees, 20 pre proposed to be removed, and 19 of those are greater than 6 inches DBH. As illustrated in exhibit L-510, 26 new trees are proposed

exceeding the one-to-one replacement requirement. These new trees will be planted within one year of the removal of existing trees.

4.620.00(.02)

Basis For Determining Replacement. The permit groupe shall replace removed trees on a basis of one tree replanted for each tree removed. All eplacement trees must measure two inches or more in diameter. Alternatively, the Planting Nirector or Development Review Board may require the permit grantee to replace remover ees on a per caliper inch basis, based on a finding that the large size of the trees teng i moved justifies an increase in the replacement trees required. Except, however, that he Planning Director or Development Review Board may allow the use of replacement Oregon white oaks and other uniquely valuable trees with a smaller diameter.

Response: As illustrated on L-500, 19 trees proposed for removal meet the standard for required replacement. Per L-510, 26 trees are proposed for installation as a part of the site development, exceeding replacement requirements. Proposed single stem trees are specified to be 2" caliper at installation. Proposed multi-stem trees are specified to be of similar size and quality at installation.

4.620.00(.03)

(.03) Replacement Tree Requirements. A mitigation or replacement tree plan shall be reviewed by the City prior to planting and according to the standards of this subsection. A. Replacement trees shall have shade potential or other characteristics comparable to the removed trees, shall be appropriately chosen for the site from an approved tree species list supplied by the City, and shall be state Department of Agriculture Nursery Grade No. 1 or better.

B. Replacement trees must be staked, fertilized and mulched, and shall be quaranteed by the permit grantee or the grantee's successors-in-interest for two years after the planting

C. A "quaranteed" tree that dies or becomes diseased during that time shall be replaced.

- D. Diversity of tree species shall be encouraged where trees will be replaced, and diversity of pecies shall also be maintained where essential to preserving a wooded area or

Response: Exist

Existing trees designated for removal are a mix of deciduous shade trees, conifers, and ornamental trees. Proposed trees are a mix of small to medium shade trees derived from Sintle City of Wilsonville Town Center Plan Appendix J and multi-stem recommendado ornamental trees. Othe 26 proposed trees, five different species are specified and adequately diversity tree secies.

Per notes included on 1,516, at trees planted as a part of site development are specified to meet the noted standards for questity and maintenance.

4.620.00(.04)

(.04) All trees to be planted shall on set of nursery stock that meets requirements of the American Association of Nurse (me) (AAN) American Standards for Nursery Stock (ANSI Z60.1) for top grade.

Response: Per notes included on L-510, all trees planted as site development are specified to meet the noted standards for quality.

4.620.00(.05)

(.05)Replacement Tree Location.

A. City Review Required. The City shall review tree relocation or replacement plans in order to provide optimum enhancement, preservation and protetion of wooded areas. To the extent feasible and desirable, trees shall be relocated or eplaced on-site and within the same general area as trees removed.

B. Relocation or Replacement Off-Site. When it is not feasible or desi le to relocate or replace trees on-site, relocation or replacement may be made at another location approved by the City.

Response: Per L-510 replacement trees are to be planted onsite in the same general areas as trees to be removed. Proposed trees are to be planted along the east, south, and west road frontages in intervals and locations consistent with code. Additional trees are to be planted adjacent to parking and along the pedestrian corridor to the north to enhance each of the experience for each of these site elements.

4.620.00(.06)

(.06) City Tree Fund. Where it is not feasible to relocate or replace trees on site or at another approved location in the City, the Tree Removal Permit grantee shall pay into the City Tree Fund, which fund is hereby created, an amount of money approximately the value as defined by this subchapter, of the replacement trees that would otherwise be required by this subchapter. The City shall use the City Tree Fund for the purpose of producing, maintaining and preserving wooded areas and heritage trees, and for planting trees within the City.

A. The City Tree Fund shall be used to offer trees at low cost on a first-come, first-serve basis to any Type A Permit grantee who requests a tree and registers with the City Tree

B. In addition, and as funds allow, the City Tree Fund shall provide educational materials to ssist with tree planting, mitigation, and relocation.

Response: Per L-700, Trees proposed for removal meet the standard for required replacement. Per L-510, 20 trees are proposed for installation onsite as a part of the site development. The proposed expanting exceeding replacement requirements and payment into the tree fund is not neces refere this section does not apply.



Anticipated Waivers:

Waiver 1 - Section 4.132.(.06)D. Building Height (Stories)

Table 5 lin its buildings in the TC-MU sub-district to 4 stories. The applicant requests that the allowable building neight in stories be increased from four to five. Criteria for approval are described in Section 4.118(.03) and Section 132(.06) D.

Per 4.118(.53) 12 cm DRB may waive the following relevant standards in order to implement the purposes and objectives of ection 1.140:

- Height an yard requirements
- Height are yet requirements
 Height of ban lines other than signs

The purpose of Section 4 40 Planned Development Regulations is: (.01) Purpose:

- A. The provisions of Stitic 4.140 shall be known as the Planned Development Regulations. The purposes of these regulations are to encourage to development of tracts of land sufficiently large to allow for comprehensive master planning, and to provide flexibility in the application of certain regulations in a manner consistent with the intent of the Comprehensive Plantand general provisions of the zoning regulations and to encourage a harmonious variety of uses through miled use design within specific developments thereby promoting the economy of shared public services and ficilities and a variety of complimentary activities consistent with the land use designation on the Comprehensive Plantand the creation of an attractive, healthful, efficient and stable environment for living, shopping or working
- B. It is the further purpose of the following Section:
 - 1. To take advantage of advances in technology, rchitectural design, and functional land use design;
 - 2. To recognize the problems of population density, distribution and circulation and to allow a deviation from rigid established patterns of land uses, but controlled by defined policies and objectives detailed in the comprehensive plan;
 - 3. To produce a comprehensive development equal to obetter than that resulting from traditional lot land use development.
 - 4. To permit flexibility of design in the placement and uses of by dings and open spaces, circulation facilities and off-street parking areas, and to more efficiently ut are potentials of sites characterized by special features of geography, topography, size or shape or characterized by problems of flood hazard, severe soil limitations, or other hazards;
 - 5. To permit flexibility in the height of buildings while maintaining a ratio of sit are to dwelling units that is consistent with the densities established by the Comprehensive Plan and the intent of the Plan to provide open space, outdoor living area and buffering of low-density development.
 - 6. To allow development only where necessary and adequate services and facilities are available or provisions have been made to provide these services and facilities.
 - 7. To permit mixed uses where it can clearly be demonstrated to be of benefit to the users and can be shown to be consistent with the intent of the Comprehensive Plan.
 - 8. To allow flexibility and innovation in adapting to changes in the economic and technological climate.

Additionally, The Town Center zone purposes per 4.132(.01) are:

The purposes of the TC Zone are to:

A. Implement the Town Center policies and implementation measures of the Comprehensive Plan.

- B. Implement the Wilsonville Town Center Plan recommendations for the Town Center Comprehensive Plan Map designation.
- C. Create a vibrant, walkable destination that inspires people to socialize, shop, live, and work.
- D. A Support future development that transforms Town Center into the heart of Wilsonville.
- ster active parks, civic spaces, and amenities that provide year-round, compelling experiences.
- F. Ceate a development pattern where Wilsonville residents and visitors come for shopping, dining, culture, and extertainment.

The character are TC-MU sub-district is described as:

c. Mix a Use A veriety of two- to four-story buildings throughout Town Center would provide the mix of residential, commercial and office uses the community is looking to have in Town Center. Moderate activity near Wilsonville Road would be for mercially focused while the areas near Town Center Park would include more residential and mixed-use built ligs.

The code allows waivers to de le of ment standards to provide flexibility for developments to better meet the goals of the Comprehensive Plan and the Town Center Plan. Prominent and relevant goals of the Comprehensive Plan and Town Center Plan can be paraphrased as:

providing greater densities and types of housing, and a variety of shopping and employment opportunities, all within a vibrary and valkable mixed-us district that would become the "heart of Wilsonville"

The proposed design emphasizes maximizing active-use for age along the future Promenade and the new northeast Local Street, prioritizing a successful urban redistrian experience for both frontages. The entire Park Place frontage features ground floor commercial space to highlight the public character, while the primary residential lobby and eight urban ground floor residential unit are located along the new Local Street. The building fronts 100% of both frontages, exceeding the 50% stalldar in the TC zone, establishing a robust precedent for neighboring development to follow suit.

The ground floor frontage along Park Place is entirely commercial temap use with highly glazed and durable facades, and canopies for weather protection to encourage year-round use of the sidewalk. The commercial space anchors the east intersection with the new Local Street and is situated to be a primary pedestrian gathering spot with future planned improvements in the Town Center Plan. Along the new Local Street, a similar ground floor façade leads to the primary residential lobby entry. Further north west the ground floor steps back 9'-11" from the property line, and the remainder of the frontage is activated to desidential units which are raised above the sidewalk and provided with individual entry stoops and raise a plant is.

The building massing further reinforces the importance of the active and pedestrian orient orient or ground floor and anchors the Park Place and future Promenade frontage. The design includes a civic-scale, 17-foot-tall ground floor to promote successful and active commercial space and create a more successful typology of ground-floor residences, with finish floors raised 2 feet above and setback from the sidewalk, and tall ceilings to provide natural light and a feeling of openness to the residents. The upper floors of the building are set back 6 feet on Park Place, and 8 feet along the Local Street to give prominence to the commercial ground floor along Park Place and at the primary corner.

The waiver to allow a 5th floor permits the development to provide the envisioned density and variety of housing types while also provide the active commercial use along Park Place that will make the future Promenade successful. The design provides commercial space for the entire frontage along Park Place, increasing street-level activity at this important frontage which would typically be developed as residential

units. In doing so, the proposal meets the Comprehensive Plan goals of providing a variety of much-needed urban housing, employment, and shopping, and sets a development pattern for the promenade and new Local Street that will encourage visitors to make this the heart of Wilsonville.

Section 132(.06)D, states that:

D. Waivers to Development Standards. Development standards apply to all new development within the Town Center bound St.

The Lev lopment Review Board (DRB) may approve waivers to the size of the ground floor of a building floorplate and/or the <u>numler of stories of a building within the MU</u> and C-MU sub-districts, consistent with the provisions of Section 1.11s (1.3) if one item from each of the two following menus are met in a manner to clearly go substantially above and beyond Coce requirements and typical building and site design to create a sense of place and mitigate negative impacts of the project Lated to the reason for the waiver. Items chosen from the menus shall account for need based on adjacent sites or the sur ounding area:

Menu One:

- 1. Public amenities, such a plaza or other community gathering space, incorporated into the building design. Public plaza or other gathering spaces located in a prominent, visible location adjacent to a public street and include movable furniture that is functional and visually interesting.
- Public community meeting space provided within the building.
- 3. Provision of ground floor facades that actude additional supporting storefronts. The primary entrance of all businesses shall be located on the primary street frontage.
- 4. Provision of incubator space on site eiter within oradjacent to the development that provides below market lease rates for small businesses.
- 5. Provision of affordable housing on the development, ite, consistent with the provisions of Table 2, footnote 4.

Menu Two:

- 1. Innovative building techniques, such as rainwater harvesting, growater systems, green roofs, or other environmental systems, shall be incorporated into the building derign a significantly reduce impact to the environment.
- 2. Building architecture that creates a distinctive community landmake x movifying the preferred materials and form for Town Center described in Subsection 4.132(.06)M. and discussed in the Town Center Plan.
- 3. Pedestrian-oriented and creative lighting incorporated into landscape features and degas and/or interior window retail displays that are lit at night.
- 4. Achievement of LEED certification, Earth Advantage, or another recognized envir nme tal certification.
- 5. Installation of public art, consistent with the provisions of Subsection 4.132(.06)K. for all with a plaza areas.

The proposed design fulfills Menu One, Item 3 by having an active ground-floor use, storefront treatment, and ground-floor scale. The ground-floor is programmed with commercial tenant space for the entire frontage along Park Place and the storefront wraps around the corners at the north and south, resulting in high street-level activity. The commercial storefront along the future Promenade is given prominence by a 16-foot-tall ground floor and a 6-foot setback of the upper floors along Park Place, enhancing the pedestrian experience. Commercial entries and 5-foot deep, 11.5-foot-high canopies provide weather protection along the sidewalk for year-round outdoor seating and mark the public character along Park Place

The design satisfies Menu Two, Item 4 by aiming to achieve certification through the Green Globes Multifamily for New Construction program. This certification program mandates enhancements in energy efficiency, indoor

ventilation, air quality, and construction techniques, as well as product specifications to minimize waste, incorporate renewable resources, and install efficient appliances and fixtures.



Waiver 2- Section 4.132.(.06)M.2.b.ii Building Facades

The applicant requests that the required 6-foot step back at street-facing facades be allowed at the second floor Coveria for approval are described in Section 4.118(.03) and Section 4.132(.06)D.

Per 4. 8(.03)A, the DRB may waive the following relevant standards in order to implement the purposes and object version 4.140 :

- 3. Right and yard requirements
- 8. He gnts of buildings other than signs
- 13 A chit ct ral Design Standards

The purpose of Sect on 440 Planned Development Regulations is:

(.01) Purpose:

- C. The provisions of Section 4.140 shall be known as the Planned Development Regulations. The purposes of these regulations are to a require the development of tracts of land sufficiently large to allow for comprehensive master planning, and to provide flexibility in the application of certain regulations in a manner consistent with the intent of the Comprehensity. Plan and general provisions of the zoning regulations and to encourage a harmonious variety of uses arough passed use design within specific developments thereby promoting the economy of shared public services and facilities and a variety of complimentary activities consistent with the land use designation on the Comprehensial Plan and the creation of an attractive, healthful, efficient and stable environment for living, shopping it working.
- D. It is the further purpose of the following Section:
 - 1. To take advantage of advances in technology, rchitectural design, and functional land use design;
 - To recognize the problems of population density, distribution and circulation and to allow a deviation from rigid established patterns of land uses, but controlled by defined policies and objectives detailed in the comprehensive plan;
 - 3. To produce a comprehensive development equal to or better than that resulting from traditional lot land use development.
 - 4. To permit flexibility of design in the placement and uses of buildings and open spaces, circulation facilities and off-street parking areas, and to more efficiently utilize notentials of sites characterized by special features of geography, topography, size or shape of characterized by problems of flood hazard, severe soil limitations, or other hazards;
 - 5. To permit flexibility in the height of buildings while maintaining a ratio of ite area to dwelling units that is consistent with the densities established by the Comprehensive clar and the intent of the Plan to provide open space, outdoor living area and buffering of low-density development.
 - 6. To allow development only where necessary and adequate services and facilities are available or provisions have been made to provide these services and facilities.
 - 7. To permit mixed uses where it can clearly be demonstrated to be of benefit to the users and can be shown to be consistent with the intent of the Comprehensive Plan.
 - 8. To allow flexibility and innovation in adapting to changes in the economic and technological climate.

Additionally, The Town Center zone purposes per 4.132(.01) are:

The purposes of the TC Zone are to:

- A. Implement the Town Center policies and implementation measures of the Comprehensive Plan.
- B. Implement the Wilsonville Town Center Plan recommendations for the Town Center Comprehensive Plan Map designation.

- C. Create a vibrant, walkable destination that inspires people to socialize, shop, live, and work.
- D. Support future development that transforms Town Center into the heart of Wilsonville.
- E. Foster active parks, civic spaces, and amenities that provide year-round, compelling experiences.
- F. Create a development pattern where Wilsonville residents and visitors come for shopping, dining, culture, and attentionment.

The character of the TC-MU sub-district is described as:

c. Moved Use. A variety of two- to four-story buildings throughout Town Center would provide the mix of residential, common city, and office uses the community is looking to have in Town Center. Moderate activity near Wilsonville Roof would be commercially focused while the areas near Town Center Park would include more residential and mixed-use buildings.

The proposed building der tock is illustrated on drawings A-300, A-200, and A-201. The street-facing facades are the southeast along fark Place, the northeast along the new Local Street, and a portion of the building along Town Center Loop. The Along is 5 stories tall, with the required upper stories setback at street facing facades occurring at the second fit or

The building design prioritizes retail and pedestrian frontage on Park Place and the future promenade, differentiated from the residential portions of the building along the new Local Street. A 16-foot-tall conceptual retail 'pavilion' creates a prominent ground-floor along the promenade. Step backs at the second floor along Park Place (7-foot), Town Center Loop (6-foot), and the eastern portion of the Local Street (6-foot) contribute to the 'civic scale'. Durable materials differentiate the ground-floor and complement at-grade landscaping and right-of-way furnishings. Extensive glazing, detailed storef onts, and deep canopies enhance the lively pedestrian atmosphere.

The northwestern section of the Local Street features a ground floor set back 9'11" from the property line, with raised units offering private entry stairs, patios, and layered tandscreen for an urban pedestrian experience. The upper floors have a 7.75-foot setback and overhang the ground-level façade by 1.5 feet, creating differentiation and weather protection for residential private entries.

By locating the step back at the second floor rather than the fourth floor, the resulting roofline of the building is the same, and the resulting mass of the building more effectively supports are commence of the commercial frontage and future Promenade.

Section 4.132(.06) D, states that:

D. Waivers to Development Standards. Development standards apply to all new development within the Town Center boundary.

The Development Review Board (DRB) may approve waivers to the size of the ground floor of a building floorplate and/or the *number of stories of a building within the MU* and C-MU sub-districts, consistent with the provisions of Section 4.118 (.03) if one item from each of the two following menus are met in a manner to clearly go substantially above and beyond Code requirements and typical building and site design to create a sense of place and mitigate negative impacts of the project related to the reason for the waiver. Items chosen from the menus shall account for need based on adjacent sites or the surrounding area:

Menu One:

- 1. Public amenities, such as a plaza or other community gathering space, incorporated into the building design. Public plaza or other gathering spaces located in a prominent, visible location adjacent to a public street and include movable furniture that is functional and visually interesting.
- 2. Public community meeting space provided within the building.

- 3. Provision of ground floor facades that include additional supporting storefronts. The primary entrance of all businesses shall be located on the primary street frontage.
- 4. Provision of incubator space on site, either within or adjacent to the development that provides below market lease rates for small businesses.
- Provision of affordable housing on the development site, consistent with the provisions of Table 2, footnote 4.

Me u T

- It novative building techniques, such as rainwater harvesting, graywater systems, green roofs, or other errors mental systems, shall be incorporated into the building design to significantly reduce impact to the environment.
- 2. Building are itecture that creates a distinctive community landmark exemplifying the preferred materials and form for 100.90 enter described in Subsection 4.132(.06)M. and discussed in the Town Center Plan.
- 3. Pedestriant rie rea and creative lighting incorporated into landscape features and plazas and/or interior window retail lisplays that are lit at night.
- 4. Achievement of LEE Cort ication, Earth Advantage, or another recognized environmental certification.
- 5. Installation of publicat, consistent with the provisions of Subsection 4.132(.06)K. for art within plaza areas.

The proposed design fulfills Menu One, Item 2 by having an active ground-floor use, storefront treatment, and ground-floor scale. The ground-floor is program med with commercial tenant space for the entire frontage along Park Place and the storefront wraps ground the corners at the north and south, resulting in high street-level activity. The commercial storefront along the future Promenade is given prominence by a 16-foot-tall ground floor and a 6-foot setback of the upper noors along Park Place, enhancing the pedestrian experience. Commercial entries and 5-foot deep, 11.5-foot-high cangules provide weather protection along the sidewalk for year-round outdoor seating and mark the public character long Park Place

The design satisfies Menu Two, Item 4 by aiming to achieve connication through the Green Globes Multifamily for New Construction program. This certification program manually sechancements in energy efficiency, indoor ventilation, air quality, and construction techniques, as well as product specifications to minimize waste, incorporate renewable resources, and install efficient appliances and extrems.



Waiver 3 – Section 4.132.(.06) I.2 Designated residential parking spaces.

The applicant requests parking stalls in the on-site private parking area be permitted to be designated to individual residential tenants. Criteria for approval are described in Section 4.118(.03) and Section 4.132(.06) D.

Per 4.7 8(.03) A, the DRB may waive the following relevant standards in order to implement the purposes and object ver on section 4.140:

- 9. No king space configuration and drive aisle design
- 10. Maim m number of parking or loading
- E.2 Parking ratios and areas expressed in relation to use of various portions of the property and/or building foor area

The purpose of Section 4.1 or lanned Development Regulations is: (.01) Purpose:

- E. The provisions of School 1.140 shall be known as the Planned Development Regulations. The purposes of these regulations are to excavage the development of tracts of land sufficiently large to allow for comprehensive master planning, and to crovial flexibility in the application of certain regulations in a manner consistent with the intent of the Comprehensive Plan and general provisions of the zoning regulations and to encourage a harmonious variety of uses through mined use design within specific developments thereby promoting the economy of shared public service and jabilities and a variety of complimentary activities consistent with the land use designation on the Comprehen are Plan and the creation of an attractive, healthful, efficient and stable environment for living, shopping or working
- F. It is the further purpose of the following Section
 - 1. To take advantage of advances in technology, architectural design, and functional land use design;
 - 2. To recognize the problems of population density distribution and circulation and to allow a deviation from rigid established patterns of land uses, but controlled by defined policies and objectives detailed in the comprehensive plan;
 - 3. To produce a comprehensive development equal to or butter than that resulting from traditional lot land use development.
 - 4. To permit flexibility of design in the placement and uses of bald'has and open spaces, circulation facilities and off-street parking areas, and to more efficiently still a potentials of sites characterized by special features of geography, topography, size or shape or characterized by problems of flood hazard, severe soil limitations, or other hazards;
 - 5. To permit flexibility in the height of buildings while maintaining a ratio of site area to dwelling units that is consistent with the densities established by the Comprehensive Plan and the intent of the Plan to provide open space, outdoor living area and buffering of low-density development.
 - 6. To allow development only where necessary and adequate services and facilities are available or provisions have been made to provide these services and facilities.
 - 7. To permit mixed uses where it can clearly be demonstrated to be of benefit to the users and can be shown to be consistent with the intent of the Comprehensive Plan.
 - 8. To allow flexibility and innovation in adapting to changes in the economic and technological climate.

Additionally, The Town Center zone purposes per 4.132(.01) are:

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- C. Create a vibrant, walkable destination that inspires people to socialize, shop, live, and work.
- D. A Support future development that transforms Town Center into the heart of Wilsonville.
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- F. Leate a development pattern where Wilsonville residents and visitors come for shopping, dining, culture, and exceptainment.

The character the TC-MU sub-district is described as:

c. Mix a Use A variety of two- to four-story buildings throughout Town Center would provide the mix of residential, commercial and office uses the community is looking to have in Town Center. Moderate activity near Wilsonville Road would re-sor mercially focused while the areas near Town Center Park would include more residential and mixed-use buildings.

The proposal's off-street parking is illustrated on A-100 and shows 52 parking stalls and 2 ADA accessible stalls for resident parking. All parking stalls are unbundled and will be for rent by individual tenants., therefore they must be designated for individual regizents. The priority will be given to residents needing the accessible stalls. Because this criterion refers to a general category of "off street parking lots" it is inapplicable in this case. Instead, here we have a mixed-use of velociment that does not otherwise have a minimum parking requirement. Parking is being provided in a "acklander" configuration with some surface parking. Unlike a general "off street parking lot" that can be utilized for a variety of uses in a shared parking arrangement, this lot is designated for residential use and accessory to the est dential units. Further, to reduce parking demand, and be consistent the climate friendly amendments to the TPR, these spaces are unbundled and are therefore targeted for rental to the building's residents. Therefore these residential spaces are not general spaces in an off-street lot and must be designated for individual use.

Under OAR 660-012-0440, this site is either within ¾ mile of a rail stop of ¼ mile of a frequent transit corridor. As a result, there is no minimum parking requirement, and the City cannot enforce parking mandates.]

If a waiver is required, the waiver meets the criteria of 4.140(.01) F.2, and 1.3, and 4.55(.02)A.2. To reduce parking demand and in furtherance of the CFEC legislation, the off-street parking with a offered at a lower ratio and unbundled. Because, as stated above, this is not a general off-street parking lot that can be shared by multiple users, the criterion that requires all spaces to be non-designated and shared argually should not apply in this case. The resulting designated use parking spaces at a lower parking ratio will have no stanificant impact on the neighborhood. Unbundling parking is one of the identified measures to reduce parking design and reduce carbon emissions within neighborhoods. Residents of this building will not be encouraged by utilize vehicle trips through the provision of excessive or free parking. Rather, residents will have to purchase a parking space, thereby reducing demand and reducing reliance on the single occupancy vehicle. Because the proposal will provide a low parking ratio that is consistent with climate friendly practices and the pedestrian friendly multi modal environment, the neighborhood will not be subject to excessive parking allowances or demands that would otherwise create adverse impacts. Further, because unbundling is an identified climate friendly parking measure, it should be made consistent with a local code provision that requires shared parking of off-street parking lots. To read the CFEC measures consistent with the Wilsonville code, one would conclude that the mandatory shared use provision does not apply to parking lots accessory to residential uses that are operating as unbundled.

Under the second criteria, certainly the development meets the purpose of the section regulating parking. The parking will not be excessive, will meet the identified demand, will be consistent with well managed parking

areas in mixed use areas, will be consistent with climate friendly practices and will be appropriately located on the site in compliance with the access provisions. As background to the CFEC legislation, the state found "excess parking has a significant negative impact on housing costs, business costs, the feasibility of housing development and business redevelopment, walkability, air and water pollution, climate pollution, and general company character. Parking mandates force people who don't own or use cars to pay indirectly for other people's parking.... About one-sixth of Oregon renter households own zero vehicles." Thus, this proposal meets the waver criteria by reducing the parking supply and parking demand and protecting the overall health of the neight or 100 and the climate. Section 132.06 D, states that:

opment Standards. Development standards apply to all new development within the Town Center boundary.

The Develop ten eview Board (DRB) may approve waivers to the size of the ground floor of a building floorplate and/or the *number* of stories of a building within the MU and C-MU sub-districts, consistent with the provisions of Section 4.118 (.03) if one tem free each of the two following menus are met in a manner to clearly go substantially above and beyond Code requirements and typical building and site design to create a sense of place and mitigate negative reasor for the waiver. Items chosen from the menus shall account for need based on impacts of the project related to adjacent sites or the surrounding dea:

Menu One:

- Public amenities, such as a plazager offer community gathering space, incorporated into the building design.

 Public plaza or other gathering spaces to ated in a prominent, visible location adjacent to a public street and include movable furniture that is functions and visually interesting.
- Public community meeting space provided within he wilding.
- Provision of ground floor facades that include dan onal supporting storefronts. The primary entrance of all businesses shall be located on the primary street frontage
- Provision of incubator space on site, either within or the development that provides below market lease rates for small businesses.
- 10. Provision of affordable housing on the development site, consi ent with the provisions of Table 2, footnote 4.

Menu Two:

- Innovative building techniques, such as rainwater harvesting, graywater, s, green roofs, or other environmental systems, shall be incorporated into the building design to significantly reduce impact to the
- 7. Building architecture that creates a distinctive community landmark exemplifying the eferred materials and form for Town Center described in Subsection 4.132(.06)M. and discussed in the To
- 8. Pedestrian-oriented and creative lighting incorporated into landscape features and plazand/or interior window retail displays that are lit at night.
- 9. Achievement of LEED certification, Earth Advantage, or another recognized environmental certification.
- 10. Installation of public art, consistent with the provisions of Subsection 4.132(.06)K. for art within plaza areas.

The proposed design fulfills Menu One, Item 3 by having an active ground-floor use, storefront treatment, and ground-floor scale. The ground-floor is programmed with commercial tenant space for the entire frontage along Park Place and the storefront wraps around the corners at the north and south, resulting in high streetlevel activity. The commercial storefront along the future Promenade is given prominence by a 16-foot-tall ground floor and a 6-foot setback of the upper floors along Park Place, enhancing the pedestrian experience. Commercial entries and 5-foot deep, 11.5-foot-high canopies provide weather protection along the sidewalk for year-round outdoor seating and mark the public character along Park Place

The design satisfies Menu Two, Item 4 by aiming to achieve certification through the Green Globes Multifamily for New Construction program. This certification program mandates enhancements in energy efficiency, indoor ventilation, air quality, and construction techniques, as well as product specifications to minimize waste, incorporate renewable resources, and install efficient appliances and fixtures.







29690 SW TOWN CENTER LOOP, WILSONVILLE, OR 97070

Submitted by

Peter van Oss PN-8145A

Date Wednesday, February 1, 2023



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Table of Contents

Summary
Background
Tree Inventory
Purpose and Use of the Report
Limits of the Kepert
Observations
Proposed Tree Removels
Tree Protection During Construction
Additional Tree Protection Ming tion in Appendix E
Conclusion
Enclosures:
Appendix A: Certification of Performance
Appendix B: Assumptions and Limiting Conditions
Appendix C – Site Plans
Appendix D – Inventory Spreadsheet
Appendix E: Tree Protection Specifications

Summary

Teragan and Associates has been contracted with Level Development to provide arboricultural consulting services. This report is the tree plan for the demolition and construction phase of the proposed project. The tree plan meets the recommendations and requirements of the City of Wilsonville Code - section 4.610.40 - Type C Permit.

Background

The plans propose he deconstruction of the existing structure, parking lot, and landscaping and the construction of a new commercial building including parking facilities and landscaping. This tree plan is written for the protection of the trees that are on the neighboring property and provides the removal narrative for the proposed removals.

Tree Inventory

I completed the inventory during medite visit on February 1st, 2023. The tree diameters were recorded using a diameter tape. The health and conditions of the trees are determined by the plant species profiles compared to the current condition the trees precent, attributes that can negatively impact the ratings are growing conditions, bark inclusions, broken branches, pror vigor...etc. All trees are tagged with aluminum tags that have the corresponding numbers scribed on them except for trees that were not accessible due to accessibility restrictions.

Purpose and Use of the Report

The purpose of this report is to establish a narrative for the region of the trees and tree protection measures that will need to be adhered to during the construction project to ensure a positive outcome of the retention efforts. This report may be used by the owner to establish a communication between the city planning department, the contractors, and sub-contractors regarding the tree protection efforts of the project.

Limits of the Report

The trees were visually assessed from the ground only, no tools were used to a see any of the tree parts.

Observations

The trees that are directly onsite, including the street trees are proposed for removal due to the impacts from the proposed construction and the overall health and conditions of the trees. There are five trees that are located on the neighboring property that are protected during the construction process.

The trees that are removed shall be replaced at a one for one ratio and the mitigation trees can be used in the landscaping of the new structure and parking lot.

Proposed Tree Removals

Trees #9 through #16, #23 and #24, and #28 through #32 are proposed for removal because they are in the direct footprint of the proposed building and the new parking lot. The new parking lot has a different layout and the existing tree wells would not work with the new design.

Trees #17 though 121 are proposed for removal, they have outgrown their planter areas and are moving the sidewalk. The shallow roots cannot be cut to allow for mitigation of the lifting of the sidewalk. The roots are growing over the edge of the sidewalk and curbs on the roadside. Tree #20 is a dead tree.

Tree Protection During Construction

Trees that are retained should be protected at the recommended distance of 6 inches per diameter inch of the trees. This means that the soil as arbance should be 6 inches per diameter inch away from the tree in circumference of the tree.

It is important to note that some of the renancie within the measurement of 6X the diameter. The project arborist shall be notified if ground disturbance takes place near 10X, a distance measured at a rate of ten inches per diameter inch of the tree, measured from the face of the trunk. The project arborist must oversee the ground disturbing activities when they take mace

Trees with low canopies should be pruned prior to the start of the project to ensure that there is enough clearance for the equipment being used. Care must be taken to precent damages to any of the tree parts including the roots, tree trunk, scaffold, and secondary branches (canopy of the tree).

It is recommended that an excavator with a toothless bucket is used, and the excavator is equipped with a thumb clamp to allow for the removal of individual building materials without the need to scrape or dig the soil. Flat work must be removed by carefully lifting the material without the disturbance of the subgrade.

It is recommendable to modify and reuse as much of the utilities as possible an avoid street connection within the tree protection zones. New utility lines are recommended to be designed to be installed outside of the tree protection zones of the trees measured at 12X the diameter where possible.

The attached existing conditions plan provided by Level Development NW has been maded up a scale. The blue circles indicate the tree protection zone at 12X the diameter and the orange circles indicate the tree protection zones at 6X the diameter. Areas that require the supervision of the project arborist have been marked. It is recommendable to coordinate the oversight appropriately to ensure availability and to minimize the time needed to complete the oversight.

Additional Tree Protection Mitigation in Appendix E

Teragan and Associates, Inc.
Arboricultural Consultants
3145 Westview Circle, Lake Oswego, OR 97034
503-697-1975 | info@teragan.com

Conclusion

It is in my professional opinion that the tree protection measures set forth in this tree plan will suffice in the protection of the trees during construction. It is important to adhere to the standards in this report to ensure that the retention goals are successful.

Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Peter van Oss | Senior Associate

ISA Certified Arborist PN-8145A

Tree Risk Assessment Qualified

ASCA Member

Enclosures:

Appendix A: Certification of Performance

Appendix B: **Assumptions and Limiting Conditions**

Appendix C: Site Plan Fencing Placement and Proposed Removals

Appendix D: Inventory

Appendix E: Tree Protection Standards

> Teragan and Associates, Inc. Arboricultural Consultants 3145 Westview Circle, Lake Oswego, OR 97034 503-697-1975 | info@teragan.com

Appendix A: Certification of Performance

I, Peter van Oss, certify that:

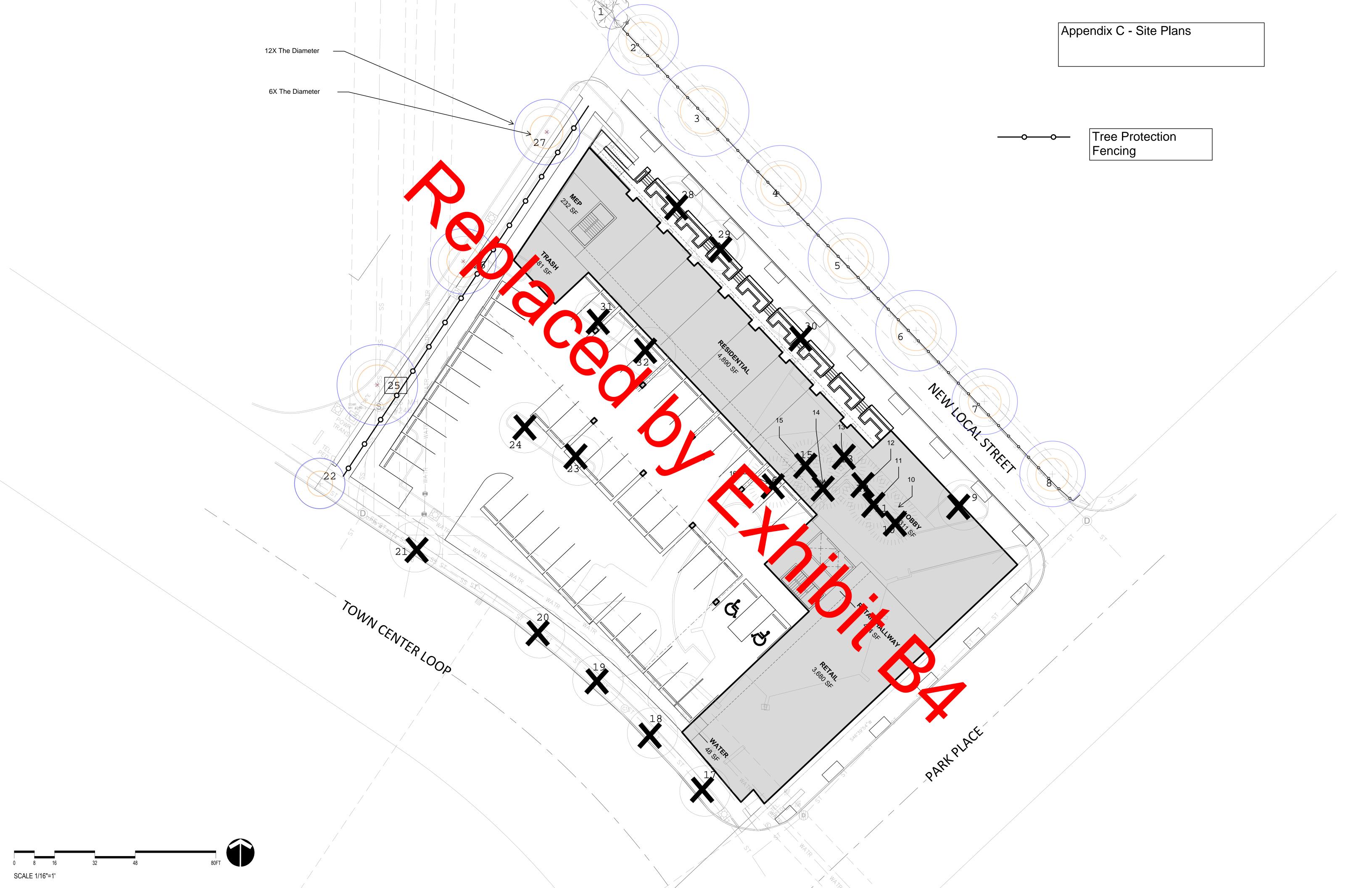
- I have personally inspected the trees and the property referred to in this report and have stated my findings accurately. The extent of the evaluation or appraisal is stated in the attached report and the Terms of the Assignment.
- I have no current or prospective interest in the vegetation or the property that is subject of this report and have no personal interest or bias with respect to the parties involved.
- The analysis, pinions and conclusions stated herein are my own and are based on current professional projectures and facts.
- My analysis, pinions and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared according to commonly accepted arboricultural practices.
- No one provided significant professional assistance to me, except as indicated in the report.
- My compensation is not contagent upon reporting of a predetermined conclusion that favors the cause of the client or any the party nor upon the results of the assessment, the attainment of stipulated results, or the occurrence of any subsequent events.

I further certify that I am a member of, and certified as an arborist by the ISA. I have been involved in the arboricultural field in a full- time capacity for a paned of 16 years.



Appendix B: Assumptions and Limiting Conditions

- 1. A field examination of the site was made. My observations and conclusions are as of that date.
- 2. Care has been taken to obtain all information from a reliable source, however the arborist can neither guarantee nor be responsible for accuracy of information provided by others.
- 3. Unless stated otherwise, information contained in this report covers only those trees that were examined and reflects the condition of those trees at the time of inspection. The inspection is limited to visual examination of the subject trees without dissection, excavation, probing, or coring. There is no warrant to guarantee that problems or deficiencies of the subject tree may not arise in the future.
- 4. This report and any values/opinions expressed herein represents my opinion as an arborist. Inaction on the part of hos receiving the report is not the responsibility of the arborist.
- 5. Loss or alteration of this report invalidates the entire report.
- 6. Any legal description provided to the consultant/ appraiser is assumed to be correct. Any titles and ownerships to any property are assumed to be good and marketable. No responsibility is assumed for matters legal in character. All property is appraised or evaluated as though free and clear, under responsible ownership and comparent.
- 7. The consultant/ appraiser shall no be required to give testimony or attend court by reason of this report unless subsequent contract al arrangements are made, including payment for such services.
- 8. Possession of this report does not imply right of publication or use for any other purpose by any other than the person to whom it is addressed, without the prior expressed written consent of the consultant/ appraiser.



SITE PLAN LEGEND 01 Pathway O1 Patnway O2 Stoops O3 ROW Planting, Typ. O4 Planting Area, Typ. O5 Potential Stormwater Planting Area O6 Tree/Large Shrub, Typ. O7 Existing Water Easement O8 Existing Sanitary Easement offsite trees 08 -05 TOWN CENTER LOOP



			Contition 1	Condition	Crown		Construction Impact				
ObjectID	Common and Scientific Name	D'	Heal	Structure	Radius	Crown Class	Tolerance	Native Soil Condition	Status	Proposed Removals	Field Notes/ Comments
1	red maple (Acer rubrum)	5	Jd	Fair	6	Suppressed	Good		Neighbor's Tree		
2	red maple (Acer rubrum)	14	Good	Fair	15	Dominant	Good	Limited Volume			roots pushing curb
3	red maple (Acer rubrum)	18		Poor	15	Dominant	Good	Limited Volume			roots growing over curb
4	red maple (Acer rubrum)	16	air	Poor	15	Dominant	Good	Limited Volume			roots growing over curb. girdling roots
5	red maple (Acer rubrum)	16	Pou	P00	15	Dominant	Good	Limited Volume			roots growing over curb. girdling roots
6	red maple (Acer rubrum)	16	Fair	Poo	15	Dominant	Good	Limited Volume			roots growing over curb. girdling roots
7	red maple (Acer rubrum)	13	Fair	T of	15	Dominant	Good	Limited Volume			roots growing over curb. girdling roots
8	red maple (Acer rubrum)	13	Fair	Poc	-	Dominant	Good	Limited Volume			roots growing over curb. girdling roots
9	Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)	15	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Good	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	
10	western-red-cedar (Thuja plicata)	14	Poor	Fair		Codominant	Poor	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	basal decay. thinning foliage in the crown.
11	western-red-cedar (Thuja plicata)	12	Poor	Fair	8	Co pminant	Poor	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	thinning foliage in the crown.
12	western-red-cedar (Thuja plicata)	17	Poor	Fair	8	Couominant	Poor	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	thinning foliage in the crown.
13	western-red-cedar (Thuja plicata)	20	Poor	Fair	8	c min. it	Poor	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	thinning foliage in the crown.
14	western-red-cedar (Thuja plicata)	19	Poor	Fair	8	C don na t	Poor	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	thinning foliage in the crown.
15	dogwood (Cornus SPP)	8	Good	Good	7	Su _k ar ssect	Moderate	Normal		To Be Removed	
16	dogwood (Cornus SPP)	5	Good	Good	7	Suppress	derate	Normal		To Be Removed	
											outgrown the landscape area. roots moving sidewalk and
17	red maple (Acer rubrum)	23	Fair	Poor	15	Dominant	Moderat	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	growing over concrete
											outgrown the landscape area. roots moving sidewalk and
18	red maple (Acer rubrum)	23	Fair	Poor	15	Dominant	M erate	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	growing over concrete
											outgrown the landscape area. roots moving sidewalk and
19	red maple (Acer rubrum)	23	Fair	Poor	15	Dominant	Moderate	ited Volume		To Be Removed	growing over concrete
											outgrown the landscape area. roots moving sidewalk and
20	red maple (Acer rubrum)	18	Dead	Failed	15	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Young		To Be Removed	growing over concrete
											outgrown the landscape area. roots moving sidewalk and
21	red maple (Acer rubrum)	23	Fair	Poor	15	Dominant	Moderate	Lin. ted Volume		To Be Removed	growing over concrete
22	red maple (Acer rubrum)	10	Fair	Fair	15	Dominant	Moderate	Limite Volume	To be Retained	To Be Removed	
23	Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)	12	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	
24	Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)	14	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	
25	Bradford-pear (Pyrus calleryana)	16	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume	Nei hbor's Tree		topped tree
26	Bradford-pear (Pyrus calleryana)	13	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume	No shbor's Tree		topped tree
27	Bradford-pear (Pyrus calleryana)	13	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume	veigh or's 7 ee		topped tree
28	Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)	14	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	
29	Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)	14	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume		◆ To Be Removed	
30	Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)	14	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume		Te Be Removed	
31	Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)	18	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume		Be Removed	
32	Zelkova (Zelkova serrata)	18	Fair	Poor	10	Dominant	Moderate	Limited Volume		To Be Removed	
									5		
									3		

Appendix E: Tree Protection Specifications

It is critical that the following steps be taken to ensure that they are retained and protected.

Before Construction Begins

- 1. **Notify all contractors of the tree protection procedures.** For successful tree protection on a construction site, all contractors must know and understand the goals of tree protection. It can only take one mistake with a misplaced trench or other action to destroy the future of a tree.
 - 1.1. Hold a Tree Protection meeting with all contractors to fully explain goals of tree protection.
 - 1.2. Have all subcontractors sign memoranda of understanding regarding the goals of tree protection. Memoranda to include penalty for violating tree protection plan. Penalty to equal appraised value of tree(s) whim the violated tree protection zone per the current Trunk Formula Method as outline by the Council of Tree & Landscape Appraisers current edition of the *Guide for Plant Appraisal*.

2. Fencing.

- 2.1. Establish renorm round each tree or grove of trees to be retained as shown on the tree protection site plan.
- 2.2. The fencing is to be put in place before the ground is cleared to protect the trees and the soil around the trees from any distribunce at all. Exception is if trees are to be removed that are located within the tree protection zone, they should be removed prior to installing the tree protection fencing without the use of mechaniz twheeled or tracked equipment.
- without the use of mechanize (wheeled or tracked equipment.

 2.3. Fencing is to be placed at the enge of the root protection zone as shown on the Tree Protection Plan (Appendix C). Root protection zones are established by the project arborist based on the needs of the site and the tree to be protected.
- the site and the tree to be protected.

 2.4. "Protection fencing consisting of a minimum 6-foot-high metal chain-link fencing, secured with 8-foot metal posts shall be established at the date of the root protection zone and permissible encroachment area on the development site. I within structures and/or existing secured fencing at least 3.5 feet tall can serve as the required protective fencing." If construction fencing is used it is recommended that the panels are secured to preven novement of the fencing during construction.
- 2.5. Fencing is to remain in the position that is established by the project arborist and not to be moved without written permission from the project arborist until the epil of the project after the final inspection has been completed.

3. Signage

- 3.1. All tree protection fencing should have signage clearly indicating that the area is a vegetation protection zone (Signage provided with the tree protection application).
- 3.2. Signage should be placed as to be visible from all sides of a tree protection trea and spaced every 35 feet.

During Construction

4. Protection guidelines within the Root Protection Zone

- 4.1. No traffic shall be allowed within the root protection zone. No vehicle, heavy equipment, or even repeated foot traffic.
- 4.2. No storage of materials including but not limited to soil, construction material, or waste from the
- 4.3. Waste includes but is not limited to concrete wash out, gasoline, diesel, paint, cleaner, thinners, etc.
- 4.4. Construction trailers are not to be parked / placed within the root protection zone without written clearate from the project arborist.
- 4.5. No rehicles shall be allowed to park within the root protection areas.
- 4.6. No act vity shall be allowed that will cause soil compaction within the root protection zone.
- 4.7. The use a straw waddles is strongly recommended instead of silt fencing to avoid the need for trenching within the root protection zones.

5. Landscaping

- 5.1. Landscaping within the tree protection zones at a distance of 12X the diameter of the tree may commence after approve from the project arborist.
- 5.2. Inground irrigation systems must be avoided, and it is recommended that only above ground irrigation systems are used. Temporary systems and/or drip irrigation are preferred.
- 5.3. Any hardscapes within the texp otection zones shall be approved by the project arborist prior to soil disturbance taking place.
- 5.4. Landscape vegetation can be insalled inside of the tree protection zones by pocket planting only. It is not recommended that soils are amende unless laboratory testing indicates that soil amelioration is needed.
- 5.5. No more than 4" of fill is allowed within the fee protection zone measured at a distance of 12X the diameter in circumference of the trees No methan 25% of the tree protection zone may be impacted without the consent of the project arborist
- 5.6. It is highly recommended that nutrient rich mulch or aborist woodchips are used in the planter areas. The material may be enriched with nitrogen to enhance the nutrient uptake by the soils.
- 6. **Tree protection.** Retained trees shall be protected from any cutting skinning, or breaking of branches, trunks, or roots.
- 7. **Root pruning.** Any roots that are to be cut from existing trees that are to be retained, the project consulting arborist shall be notified to evaluate, document, and oversee me roper cutting of roots with sharp cutting tools. Cut roots are to be immediately covered with soil of malest to prevent them from drying out.
- 8. Grade changes. No grade change should be allowed within the root protection zone.
 9. Root protection zone changes. Any necessary deviation of the root protection zone be cleared by the project consulting arborist in writing.
- 10. Watering. Provide water to trees during the summer months as needed. Tree(s) that will we had root system(s) cut back will need supplemental water to overcome the loss of ability to absorb necessary moisture during the summer months.
- 11. **Utilities**. Any necessary passage of utilities through the root protection zone shall be by means of tunneling under roots by hand digging or boring.
- 12. **Re-inspection of fencing.** Tree protection fencing is subject to inspection by the city. The project arborist highly recommends monthly inspections of tree protection fencing to ensure compliance with the permit and protection of the trees.

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After Construction

- 13. Fences are to remain standing until the final inspection has been completed by the city for the project.
- 14. Provide for or ensure that adequate drainage will occur around the retained trees.
- 15. Pruning of the existing trees should be completed as one of the last steps of the landscaping process before the final placement of trees, shrubs, ground covers, mulch, or turf.
- 16. Trees that are retained may need to be fertilized as called for by the project arborist if acceptable thresholds are exceeded. Lab analysis may be required.
- 17. The existing trees should be monitored for decline for a period of three years post construction. Proper care should be prescribed if the trees start to signs of stress.

If there are an questions or concerns regarding the proper protection of the trees during the construction process contact the project arborist.



VEGETATION/TREE PROTECTION ZONE

DO NOT REMOVE OR ADJUST THIS FENCING.
THE FENCE LOCATIONS ARE APPROVED TO PROTECT
VEGETACION AND TREES.

Please contact the Code Enforcement Specialist and project arborist, if alterations to the approved location of the protection fercing are needed.



Project Arborist: TERAGAN & ASSOCIATES, INC 503-697-1975

Stormwater Management Facilities

Private Stormwater Report LEVEL WTC



Date: March 2, 2023 **Revised** April 28, 2023

Table of Contents

	Project Overview and Description	2
	Vicinity Map	3
	Methodology	4
	Analysis	5 6
	Engineering Conclusions	6
APPENDICES		
Appendix A	Stermwater Facility Details / Exhibits	Α
Appendix A	Catchment Map	A
	Utility Map	
	ADS Chamber System Detail	
	LID Tanter Detail	
Annondiy R	Support Calculations	В
Appelluix B	HydroCAD Report	b
	BMP Report	
	Conveyance Calculations	
	Conveyance Calculation	
Appendix C	Additional Forms & Associated Reports	С
	Geotechnical Report	
	Infiltration Testing Information	
	Infiltration Testing Information	
	X	

Project Overview and Description

Location of Project 29690 Town Center Loop W, Wilsonville, OR 97070

Site Area/Acreage 1.09 Proposed Impervious Area 30497

Nearest Cross Street Park Place

Property Zoning Town Center Mixed Use(TC-MU)

The existing site contains a 1-story commercial building with asphalt

parking lot.

Proposed Development The proposed site will consists of a (5) stories mixed residential and

continuing with parking lot.

Watershed Description

Subwatershed

Willamette River

Willamette River

Tax Map 31W14D

Tax Lot 411

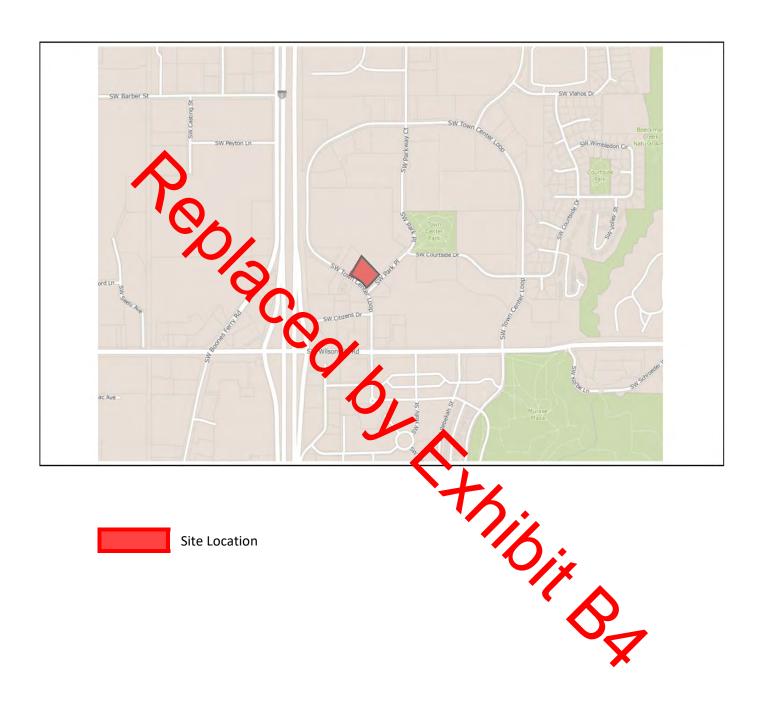
Flood Zone None

Permits Required Building Permit

DEQ UIC Permit
Public Works Permit

This is

Vicinity Map



Methodology

Existing Drainage

Stormwater on the site is currently conveyed to various catch basins located on the site and sent to the public 36" storm only

Infiltration Results

NV5 Inc. performed (3) falling head infiltration tests. The first was at a depth of 7.5 ft BFG with an infiltration rate of 0.4 in/hr. The second was at a depth of 13 ft BFG with an infiltration rate of 3 in/hr. The last was at a depth of 10 ft BFG with an infiltration rate of 7.2 in/hr. Please see attached infiltration testing information.

PRIVATE Propose Stormwater Management Techniques

Stormwater will be managed with a combination of an LID planter and an underground infiltration gallery (UIC). Due to the limited infiltration at shallow depths a planter at the surface will not infiltrate the required amount of stormwater. Infiltrating at the greater depth allows the system to be appropriately sized. The system will infiltrate the entire 10 year event and will safely pass both the 25 and 100 year events though the overflow connection to the public system.

PUBLIC Proposed Stormwater Management Techniques lar lens with orifices. Overflow from planter will be delivered to the existing 36" storm only sewer on new local street.

Due to conficts with existing infrastructure we are proposing to size the consite private storm system to account for the impervious areas within the ROW that are impractical to capture and treat entirely within the ROW.

Runoff from the new pedestrian walkway will be managed using a 6' wide vegetated filter strip. Overflows from the filter strip will be collected within a 4" perforate pipe and will be connected to the public system in connected to the public system in connected.

Discharge Point

Runoff from private property will be infiltrated into the ground up to the 10 year storm event. The 25 and 100 year events will overflow with a connection the existing 18" storm only main within Town Center Loop.

Runoff from the new local street will be directed to the 36" storm only sewer.

Analysis

Computational Method Used

HydroCAD models of a SBUH Type 1A Storm were used to calculate the stormwater management facility sizes for the catchment areas. See attached calculations. Below is a summary of the results.

Hydrologic Soil

Hydrologic Soil

В

Group

Silt Loam

Types

Table 1 - Curve Num ers

Predevelope I Pervious CN	79
Predeveloped line vious CN	98
Post-Developed Provided N	79
Post-Developed Impervious SN	98

Table 2 - Design Storms

WQ Storm	0.83 inches
2-year	2.50 inches
10-year	3 45 inches
25-year	3.90 i ches
100-year	4.50 in hes

Table 3 – Time of Concentration

Predeveloped TOC	5 min
Post-Developed TOC	5 min

Stormwater Management Narrative Stormwater runoff from the 30,497 sf of proposer impervious area from the private site will be managed with a private stormwater planter and ADS chamber infiltration system. Runoff from parking area will be collected and piped to the stormwater planter for water quality only. Overflow from planter and runoff from roof will be delivered to the infiltration system. Stormwater runoff from the 3,473 SF of proposed impervious area from the Town Center Loop W and Park Place will be trade to private impervious area and managed by private stormwater planter.

Table 4 - Catchment Areas and Facility Table

Catchment/ Facility ID	Source (roof, road, etc.)	Treatment Area (sf)	Ownership (private/ public)	Facility Type/ Function	Facility Size
Α	Roof	22,661	Private	Infiltration Chamber	1,845
В	Parking Lot	7,836	Private	LID Planter	175
С	Sidewalk	3,473	Public	LID Planter	145

Engineering Conclusions

The preceding methodologies and calculations presented indicate compliance with the current jurisdictional stormwater management codes and requirements. A summarized breakdown is presented below:

Water Quality

The proposed development will meet the provisions for water quality per the 2015 Stormwater & Surface Water Design & Construction Standards.

Water Quantity

pru 2015 .

There are no upsu development. The proposed development will meet the provisions for water quantity per the 2015 Stormwater & Surface Water & Design Construction Standards.

Downstream / Upstream **Impacts**

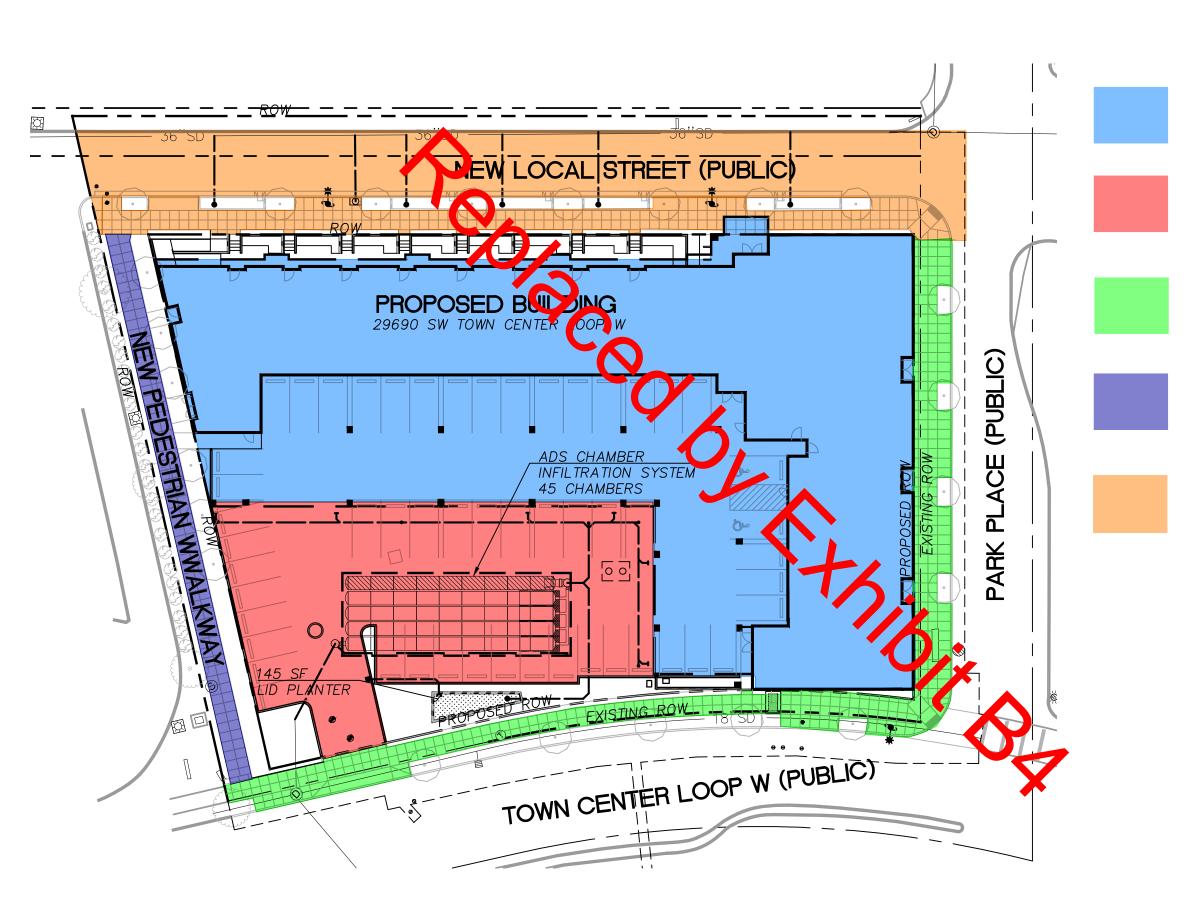
here are no upstream or downstream impacts created by this proposed

Appendix A

Stormwater Facility Details / Exhibits

Catchment Map
Utility Map
ADS Chamber System Detail
LID Planter Detail





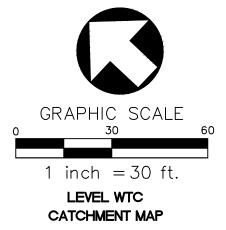
New Impervious Area (Roof) = 22,661 SF

New Impervious Area will be treated by LID planter for water quality = 7,836 SF

Trading public impervious area = 3,473 SF

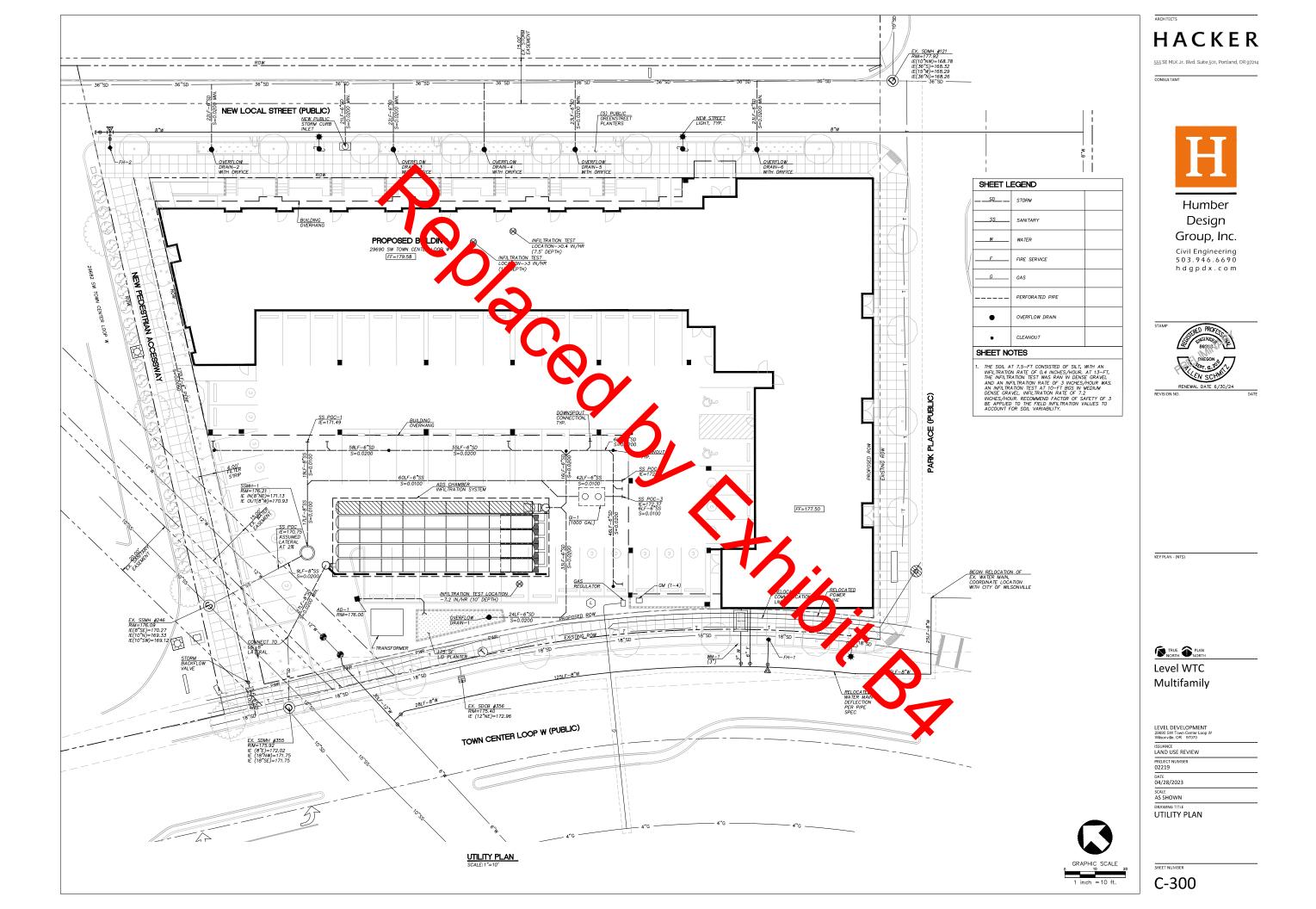
New Impervious area will be treated by filter strip = 1,325 SF

New Impervious Area will be treated by public storm planter = 8,603 SF



PROJECT NO.:	THA012	15
DRAWN BY:	MCS	
DESIGN BY:	MCS	
REVIEWED BY:	AKS	
DATE:	04/27/2023	
	·	Civil F





PROJEC	CT INFORMATION
ENGINEERED PRODUCT MANAGER	
ADS SALES REP	
PROJECT NO.	







PORTLAND, OR, USA

SC-740 STORMTECH CHAMBER SPECIFICATIO

- CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH SC-740.
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE ARCH-SHAPED AND SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM VIRGIN, IMPACT-MODIFIED F
- CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLEIF (PP) ORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS"
- CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORTS TH IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
- THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS. THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL NSU THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS. BASED ON THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE VEHICLE PRESENCES.
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED, TESTED AND ALLOWABLE LOAD CONFIGURATIONS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". LOAD CONFIGURATIONS SHALL INCLUDE: 1) INSTANTANEOUS (<1 MIN) AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK LIVE LOAD ON MINIMUM COVER 2) MAXIMUM PERMANENT (75-YR) COVER LOAD AND 3) ALLOWABLE COVER WITH PARKED (1-WEEK) AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK
- REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION:
 - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING. CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL. INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
 - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 2"
 - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 550 LBS/FT/%. THE ASC IS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 73° F / 23° C), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.
- ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. UPON REQUEST BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OWNER, THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE PROJECT SITE AS FOLLOWS:
 - THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL BE SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.
 - THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL DEMONSTRATE THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95 FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY SECTIONS 3 AND 12.12 OF THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS FOR THERMOPLASTIC PIPE.
 - THE TEST DERIVED CREEP MODULUS AS SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 SHALL BE USED FOR PERMANENT DEAD LOAD DESIGN EXCEPT THAT IT SHALL BE THE 75-YEAR MODULUS USED FOR DESIGN.
- CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY.

IMPORTANT - NOTES FOR THE BIDDING AND INSTALLATION OF THE SC-740 SYSTEM

- STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS COMPLETED A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE INSTALLERS.
- STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- CHAMBERS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITH A DOZER OR AN EXCAVATOR SITUATED OVER THE CHAMBERS. STORMTECH RECOMMENDS 3 BACKFILL METHODS:
 - STONESHOOTER LOCATED OFF THE CHAMBER BED.
 - BACKFILL AS ROWS ARE BUILT USING AN EXCAVATOR ON THE FOUNDATION STONE OR SUBGRADE.
 - BACKFILL FROM OUTSIDE THE EXCAVATION USING A LONG BOOM HOE OR EXCAVATOR.
- THE FOUNDATION STONE SHALL BE LEVELED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO PLACING CHAMBERS.
- JOINTS BETWEEN CHAMBERS SHALL BE PROPERLY SEATED PRIOR TO PLACING STONE.
 - MAINTAIN MINIMUM 6" (150 mm) SPACING BETWEEN THE CHAMBER ROWS.
- EMBEDMENT STONE SURROUNDING CHAMBERS MUST BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE 3/4-2" (20-50 mm).
- ACTOR MUST REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH CHAMBER FOUNDATION MATERIALS BEARING CAPACITIES TO THE SITE DESIGN THE COM **ENGIN**
- RECOMMENDS THE USE OF "FLEXSTORM CATCH IT" INSERTS DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR ALL INLETS TO PROTECT THE SUBSURFACE MWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF.

UNSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

- STORMTECH SC-70 CHA IBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- THE USE OF CONSTRUCTION ECOIPMENT OVER SC-740 CHAMBERS IS LIMITED:

 NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLO AS ON BARE CHAMBERS.

 NO RUBBER TIRED LO DERS DUMP TRUCKS, OR EXCAVATORS ARE ALLOWED UNTIL PROPER FILL DEPTHS ARE REACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTE" H SC 10/2C-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
 - WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRU TICE EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE"
- FULL 36" (900 mm) OF STABILIZED COXER MATERIANS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING.

USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETTEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGE D BY THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD WARRANTY.

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694 WITH ANY QUESTONS IN INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

DDODOCED I AVOLIT	CONCERTIAL FL	EVATIONIC	1		*INVFI	RT ABOVE BA	ASE OF CHAMBER		$\overline{}$
PROPOSED LAYOUT 45 STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBERS	CONCEPTUAL EL MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP OF PAVEN	MENT/UNPAVED): 11.0	PART TYPE	ITEM ON	DESCRIPTION	INVER	1		
10 STORMTECH SC-740 END CAPS 6 STONE ABOVE (in)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNPAVED WITH MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNPAVED NO T	TRAFFIC): 5.0 RAFFIC): 4.5	00 50 PREFABRICATED EZ END CAP	A	24" BOTTOM PREFABRICATED EZ END CAP, PART#: SC740ECEZ / TYP OF ALL 24" BOTTOM CONNECTIONS AND ISOLATOR PLUS ROWS	0.10"			
6 STONE BELOW (in) 40 STONE VOID	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP OF RIGID OF MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (BASE OF FLEXI	CONCRÉTE PAVEMENT): 4.5	FLAMP		INSTALL FLAMP ON 24" ACCESS PIPE / PART#: SC74024RAMP			İ	A NG
INSTALLED SYSTEM VOLUME (CF)		3.5	NYLOPLAST (INLET W/ ISO	C	8" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD, MOLDED FITTINGS 30" DIAMETER (24.00" SUMP MIN)	16.50'		. ₹. ²	NN: L
3823 (COVER STONE INCLUDED) (BASE STONE INCLUDED)	8" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT: 12" BOTTOM CONNECTION INVERT:	I 10	PLUS ROW) ON THE PROPERTY OF T	D E	30" DIAMETER (24.00 SOME MIN) 30" DIAMETER (DESIGN BY ENGINEER)		2.4 CFS IN 2.0 CFS OUT	- 34(DRAWN: NCHECKED:
1845 SYSTEM AREA (SF)	24" ISOLATOR ROW PLUS INVERT:	0.5	1 UNDERDRAIN	F	6" ADS N-12 DUAL WALL PERFORATED HDPE UNDERDRAIN		2.0 01 0 001) DFS	AND
194.4 SYSTEM PERIMETER (ft)	BOTTOM OF SC-740 CHAMBER: UNDERDRAIN INVERT: BOTTOM OF STONE:	0.5	50					ASDFSAGA	DATE: DATE: DESCRIPTION PROJECT#:
	E F				D C B A D S 3.25 S 23.25 S 25.85 S 25.			StormTech®	yste
								4640 TRUEMAN BLVD HILLIARD, OH 43026 1-800-733-7473	10 20
	PLUS125 WOVEN GEOTEXTILE OVER BEDDING	NOTES MANIFOLD SIZE TO BE DETE	RMINED BY SITE DESIGN ENGINEE	ER. SEE T	ECH NOTE #6.32 FOR MANIFOLD SIZING GUIDANCE. E AND DESIGN CONSTRAINTS, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO CUT AND COUPLE ADDITIONAL PIP	E TO STAND	APD MANIECI D	2	
CHAMBER INLET ROWS	AMBER FEET FOR SCOUR PROTECTION AT ALL	COMPONENTS IN THE FIELD. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER THIS CHAMBER SYSTEM WA: DETERMINING THE SUITABILITY OF THE SOIL AND	MUST REVIEW ELEVATIONS AND S DESIGNED WITHOUT SITE-SPEC	IF NECES	E AND DESIGN CONSTRAINTS, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO COT AND COUPLE ADDITIONAL PIP ISARY ADJUST GRADING TO ENSURE THE CHAMBER COVER REQUIREMENTS ARE MET. RMATION ON SOIL CONDITIONS OR BEARING CAPACITY. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RES HE INSITU SOILS. THE BASE STONE DEPTH MAY BE INCREASED OR DECREASED ONCE THIS	PONSIBLE F	OR	*	o □ SHEET
BED LIMITS		PROVIDED.	TION:		PURPOSES ONLY TO PROVE CONCEPT & THE REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUME CAN BE ACHIE			· 2	OF 6

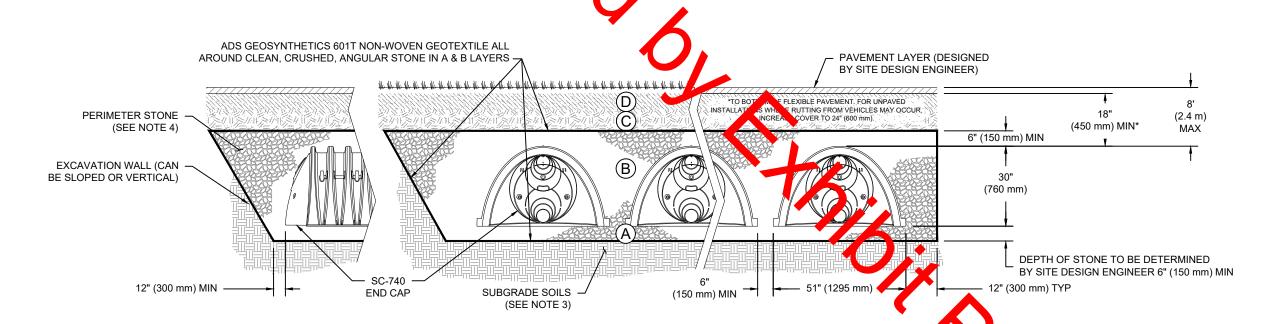
ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

	MATERIAL LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	AASHTO MATERIAL CLASSIFICATIONS	COMPACTION / DENSITY REQUIREMENT
D	FINAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER.	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A	PREPARE PER SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S PLANS. PAVED INSTALLATIONS MAY HAVE STRINGENT MATERIAL AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS.
С	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 18" (450 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANGAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOS PALEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	AASHTO M145 ¹ A-1, A-2-4, A-3 OR AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57, 6, 67, 68, 7, 78, 8, 89, 9, 10	BEGIN COMPACTIONS AFTER 12" (300 mm) OF MATERIAL OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REACHED. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN 6" (150 mm) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR WELL GRADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY FOR PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS. ROLLER GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 12,000 lbs (53 kN). DYNAMIC FORCE NOT TO EXCEED 20,000 lbs (89 kN).
В	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.
А	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	LEAM CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	PLATE COMPACT OR ROLL TO ACHIEVE A FLAT SURFACE. ^{2,3}

- THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, INC. 24, FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR NO. 4 (AASHTO M43) STONE".

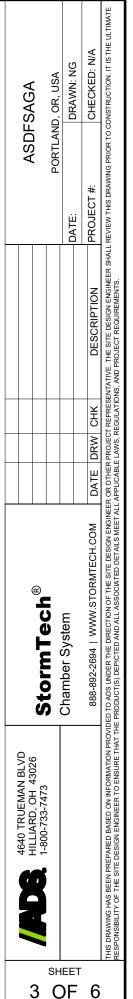
 STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 6" (50 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR.

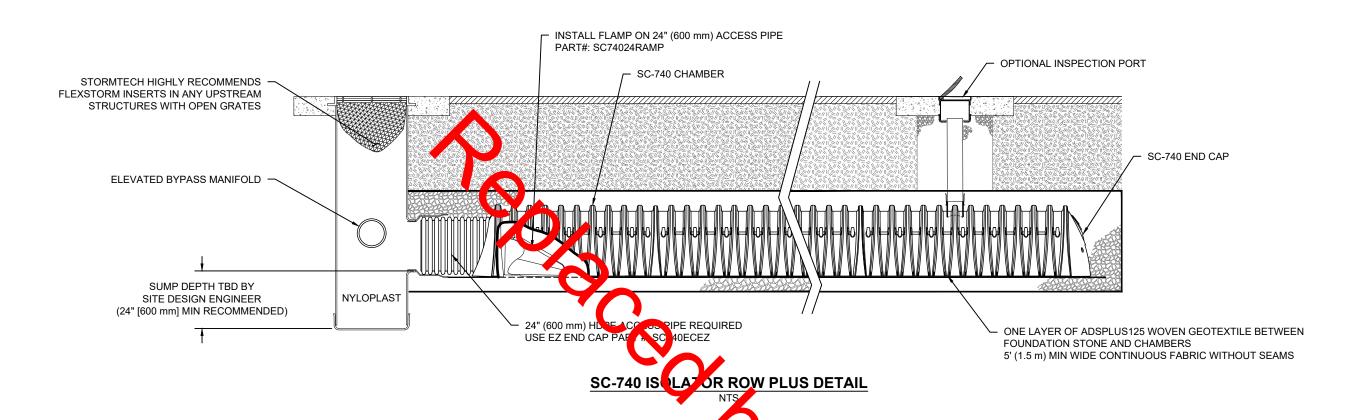
 WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR
- ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEME ASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S DISCRETION.



NOTES:

- CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- 2. SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS
- THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS.
- 4. PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS.
- REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION:
 - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING, CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
 - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 2".
 - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 550 LBS/FT/%. THE ASC IS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 73° F / 23° C), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.





INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR SEDIMENT

A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT)

- A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN
- REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED
- USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD ON MAINTENANCE LOG LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS (OPTIONAL)
- IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.

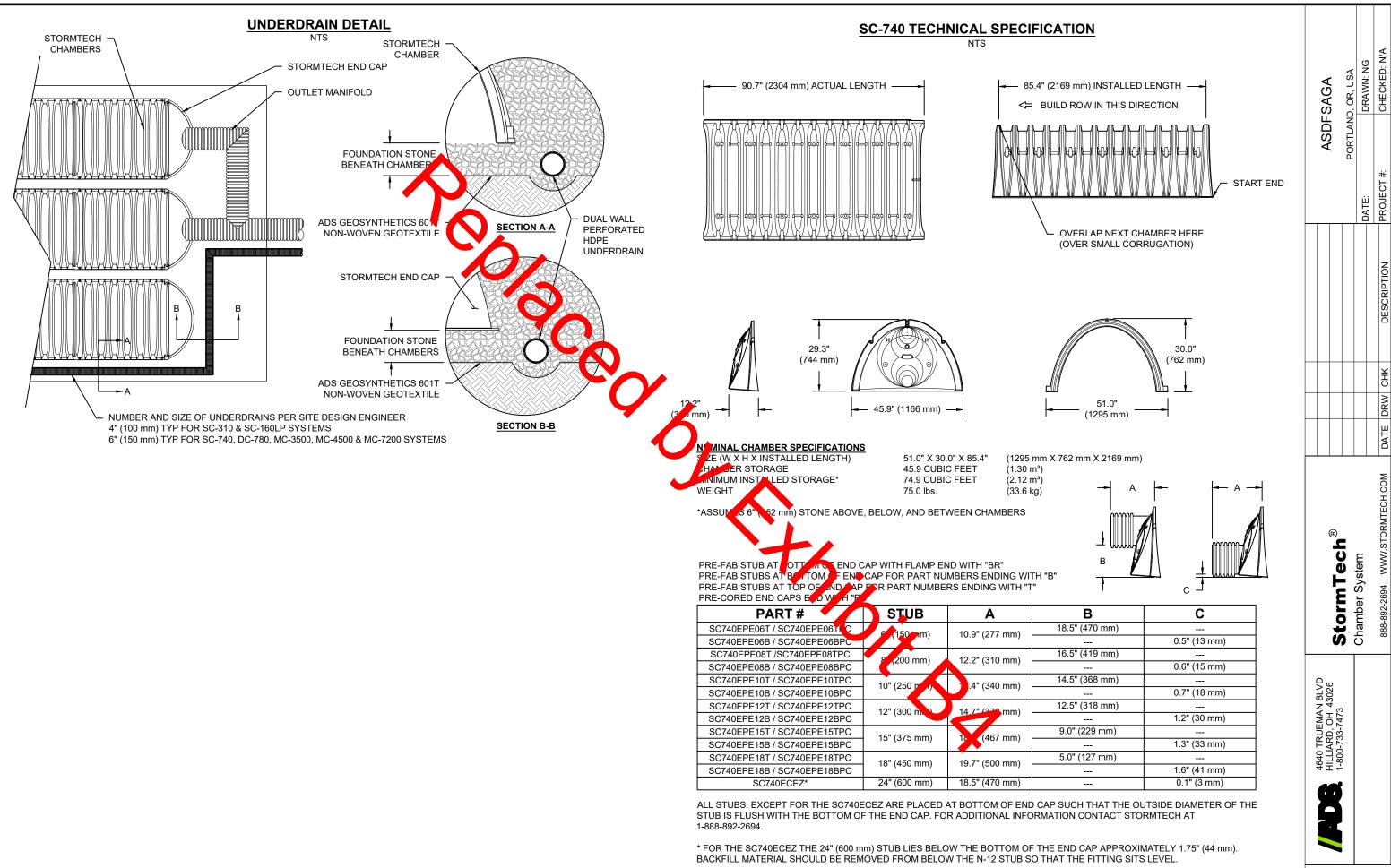
B. ALL ISOLATOR PLUS ROWS

- B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW PLUS
- USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW PLUS THROUGH OUTLET PIPE
 - i) MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE ENTRY
 - ii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE
- IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.
- CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS USING THE JETVAC PROCESS
 - A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE IS PREFERRED
 - APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN
 - C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED
- REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS.
- INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM. STEP 4)

NOTES

- 1. INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.
- 2. CONDUCT JETTING AND VACTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY.

4		4640 IRUEMAN BLVD						ASDE	ASDESAGA
4	1-800-733-7473	CIARD, OH 45026 00-733-7473	Storm Tech®						
SH								PORTLAN	PORTLAND, OR, USA
)F			Chamber System					DATE:	ON :NVV AC
:T									DISTANTA NO
6			888-892-2694 WWW.STORMTECH.COM	DATE DRW CHK	NA C	¥	DESCRIPTION	PROJECT #:	CHECKED: N/A
6				2		,			
	THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPAREI RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SITE DESIG	D BASED ON INFORMATION PROVII SN ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT TH	HIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE REPOSIGNED THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS MEET ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.	R OR OTHER PR APPLICABLE LA	OJECT RE	PRESENTATIV	'E. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER SHAL D PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.	L REVIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO C	CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE

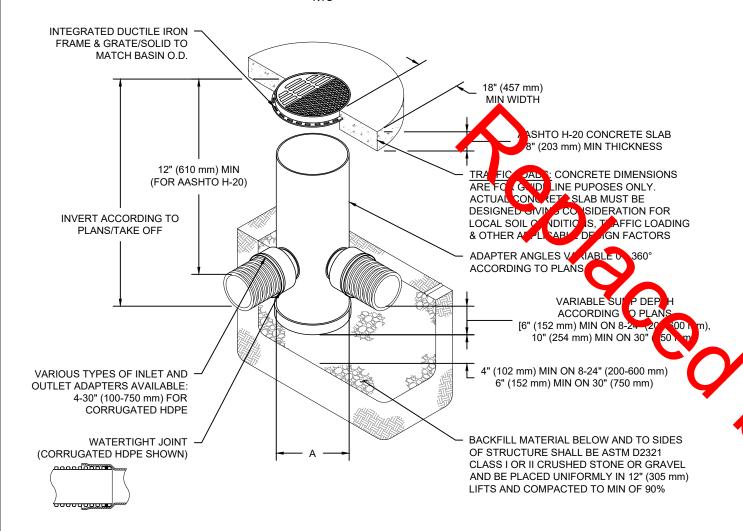


NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE NOMINAL

SHEET

5 OF 6

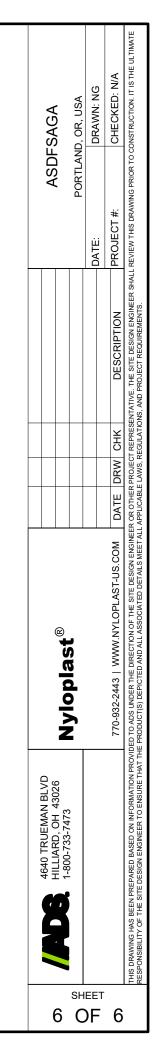
NYLOPLAST DRAIN BASIN

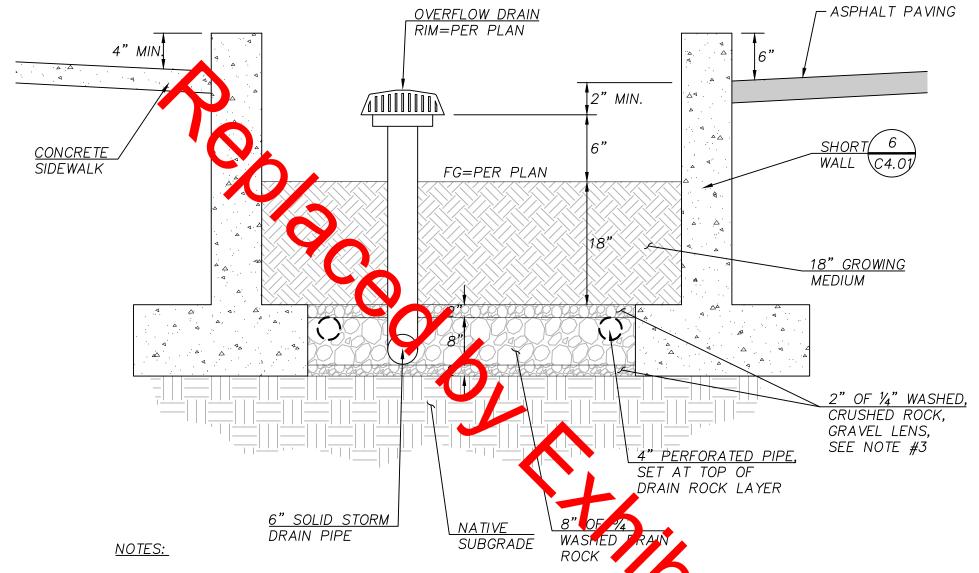


NOTES

- 1. 8-30" (200-750 mm) GRATES/SOLID COVERS SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PER ASTM A536 GRADE 70-50-05
- 12-30" (300-750 mm) FRAMES SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PER ASTM A536 GRADE 70-50-05
 DRAIN BASIN TO BE CUSTOM MANUFACTURED ACCORDING TO PLAN DETAILS
- DRAINAGE CONNECTION STUB JOINT TIGHTNESS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM D3212 FOR CORRUGATED HDPE (ADS & HANCOR DUAL WALL) & SDR 35 PVC
- FOR COMPLETE DESIGN AND PRODUCT INFORMATION: WWW.NYLOPLAST-US.COM
- 6. TO ORDER CALL: 800-821-6710

Α	PART#	GRATE/S	SOLID COVER (OPTIONS
8" (200 mm)	2808AG	PEDESTRIAN LIGHT DUTY	STANDARD LIGHT DUTY	SOLID LIGHT DUTY
10" (250 mm)	2810AG	PEDESTRIAN LIGHT DUTY	STANDARD LIGHT DUTY	SOLID LIGHT DUTY
12"	2812AG	PEDESTRIAN	STANDARD AASHTO	SOLID
(300 mm)		AASHTO H-10	H-20	AASHTO H-20
15"	2815AG	PEDESTRIAN	STANDARD AASHTO	SOLID
(375 mm)		AASHTO H-10	H-20	AASHTO H-20
18"	2818AG	PEDESTRIAN	STANDARD AASHTO	SOLID
(450 mm)		AASHTO H-10	H-20	AASHTO H-20
24"	2824AG	PEDESTRIAN	STANDARD AASHTO	SOLID
(600 mm)		AASHTO H-10	H-20	AASHTO H-20
30"	2830AG	PEDESTRIAN	STANDARD AASHTO	SOLID
(750 mm)		AASHTO H-20	H-20	AASHTO H-20





- 1. PLANTING PER LANDSCAPE DRAWINGS.
- 2. GROWING MEDIUM SHALL BE A SAND/LOAD/COMPOST 3-WAY MIX PERPODIX F OF THE PORTLAND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL.
- 3. FILTER FABRIC CAN BE USED IN PLACE OF THE GRAVEL LENS. IF FILTER FABRICAS USED, THE ENTIRE ROCK SECTION SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH THE FILTER FABRIC AND THE R" OF DRAIN ROCK SHALL BE INCREASE TO 12".
- 4. CONNECT PERFORATED PIPE TO SOILD PIPE, PER PLAN.
- 5. CONSTRUCT ROCK SPILLWAY AT CURB OPENINGS TO PREVENT EROSION.

1 STORMWATER PLANTER

Appendix B

Support Calculations

HydroCAD Report BMP Report Conveyance Calculations



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Page 8

Pond 3P: ADS SC740 - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-740 (ADS StormTech®SC-740)

Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap Row Length Adjustment= +0.44' x 6.45 sf x 5 rows

51.0" Wide + 6.0 Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

9 Chambers/Roy x 7.12' Long +0.44' Row Adjustment = 64.52' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 66.52' Base Length

5 Rows x 51.0" Wile 62" Spacing x 4 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 25.25' Base Width

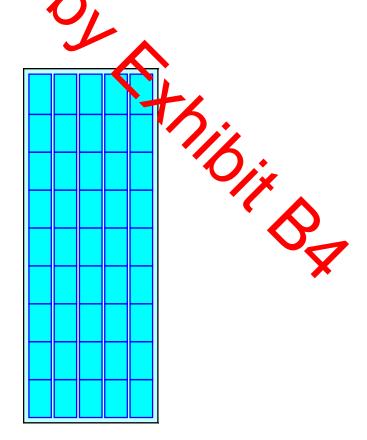
4.0" Base + 30.0" Charaber Height + 6.0" Cover = 3.33' Field Height

45 Chambers x 45.9 cf +0.4 Row Adjustment x 6.45 sf x 5 Rows = 2,081.5 cf Chamber Storage

5,598.8 cf Field - 2,081.5 cf Chambers = 3,517.3 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 1,406.9 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = \$,485.4 cf = 0.080 at Overall Storage Efficiency = 62.3%

45 Chambers 207.4 cy Field 130.3 cy Stone





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Page 6

Runoff

Summary for Subcatchment PreD: Pre Developed

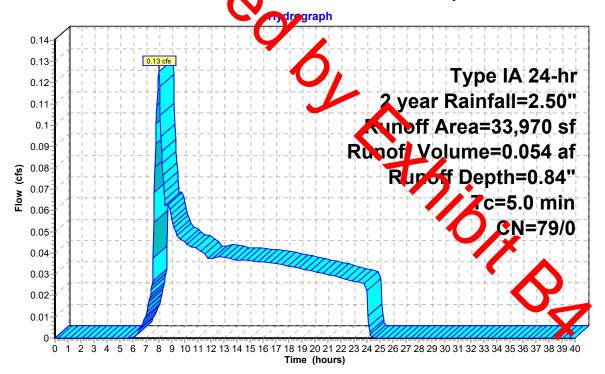
[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 7.99 hrs, Volume= 0.054 af, Depth= 0.84"

Runoff by SBUH method, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type IA 24-hr 2 year Rainfall=2.50"

Area 🚮	N Description
33,970	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
33,970 Tc Length (min) (feet)	100.00% Pervious Area Slope Velocity Capacity Description (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
5.0	Direct Entry,

Subgrohment PreD: Pre Developed



THA012 - ADS Chamber Calcs

Type IA 24-hr 2 year Rainfall=2.50"

Prepared by Hewlett-Packard Company

Printed 4/28/2023

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Page 7

Summary for Pond 3P: ADS SC740

Inflow Area = 0.780 ac, 97.94% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.24" for 2 year event

0.44 cfs @ Inflow 7.90 hrs, Volume= 0.146 af

0.06 cfs @ 17.03 hrs, Volume= Outflow 0.128 af, Atten= 87%, Lag= 548.0 min

Primary 0.06 cfs @ 17.03 hrs, Volume= 0.128 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 102/14 @ 17.03 hrs Surf.Area= 1,680 sf Storage= 3,087 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 681.3 min calculated for 0.128 af (88% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass de . in e= 595.9 min (1,271.1 - 675.2)

Volume	Invert	Ayail Storage	Storage Description
#1A	100.00'	1,407 cf	25.25'W x 66.52'L x 3.33'H Field A
		·~	5,599 cf Overall - 2,081 cf Embedded = 3,517 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	100.33'	2,081 of	ADS_StormTech SC-740 x 45 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf
			verall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Pon Longth Adjustment= +0.44' x 6.45 sf x 5 rows
		0.400 - 5	Take Assallable Otanana

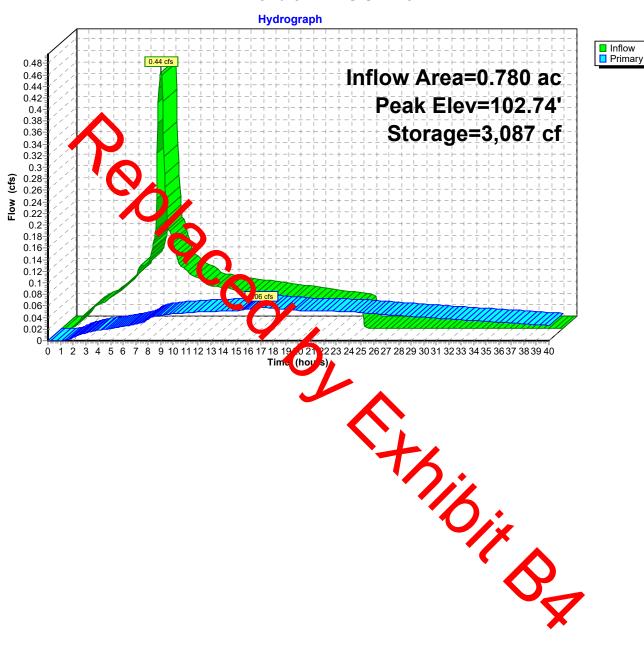
3,488 cf Cota Available Storage

Stora	age Group A	created with	Chamber Wizard
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	100.00'	8.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C 0.600
#2	Device 1	100.00'	1.1" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	102.70'	6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
1=0i -2:	rifice/Grate(l =Orifice/Grat	Passes 0.06 e (Orifice Co	@ 17.03 hrs HW=102.74' (Free Dis harge) cfs of 2.61 cfs potential flow) entrols 0.05 cfs @ 7.90 fps) entrols 0.00 cfs @ 0.67 fps)

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Page 9

Pond 3P: ADS SC740



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Page 11

Runoff

Summary for Subcatchment PreD: Pre Developed

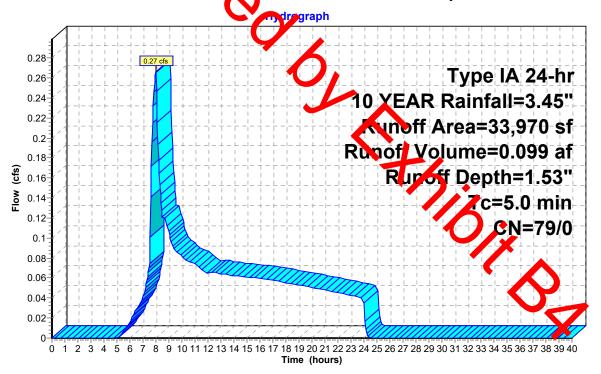
[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 0.27 cfs @ 7.98 hrs, Volume= 0.099 af, Depth= 1.53"

Runoff by SBUH method, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type IA 24-hr 10 YEAR Rainfall=3.45"

Area 🕼	N Description
33,970	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
33,970	100.00% Pervious Area
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Stope Velocity Capacity Description (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
5.0	Direct Entry

Subgrahment PreD: Pre Developed



THA012 - ADS Chamber Calcs

Type IA 24-hr 10 YEAR Rainfall=3.45"

Prepared by Hewlett-Packard Company

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Page 12

Summary for Pond 3P: ADS SC740

Inflow Area = 0.780 ac, 97.94% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.18" for 10 YEAR event

Inflow 0.62 cfs @ 7.90 hrs, Volume= 0.207 af

Outflow 8.81 hrs, Volume= 0.22 cfs @ 0.187 af, Atten= 65%, Lag= 54.8 min

Primary 0.22 cfs @ 8.81 hrs, Volume= 0.187 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 102.95 @ 8.81 hrs Surf.Area= 1,680 sf Storage= 3,229 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 512.7 min calculated for 0.187 af (91% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass de . in e= 444.2 min (1,110.2 - 665.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail Storage	Storage Description
#1A	100.00'	1,407 cf	25.25'W x 66.52'L x 3.33'H Field A
		·~	5,599 cf Overall - 2,081 cf Embedded = 3,517 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	100.33'	2,08 r of	ADS_StormTech SC-740 x 45 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf
			verall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Rom Longth Adjustment= +0.44' x 6.45 sf x 5 rows

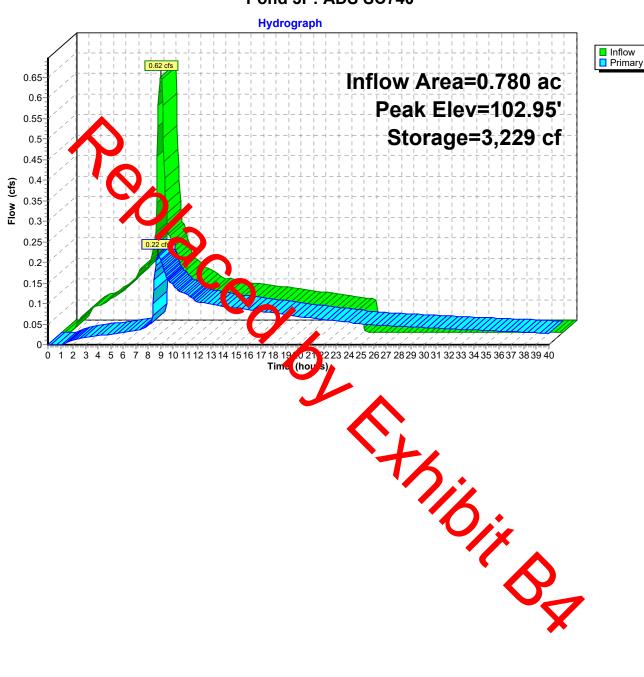
3,488 cf total Available Storage

Stora	age Group A	created with (Chamber Wizard
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	100.00'	8.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C 0.600
#2	Device 1	100.00'	1.1" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	102.70'	6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
1=0 -2	rifice/Grate(=Orifice/Grat	Passes 0.22 ce (Orifice Co	② 8.81 hrs HW=102.95' (Free Disc) arge) cfs of 2.72 cfs potential flow) ntrols 0.05 cfs @ 8.20 fps) ntrols 0.16 cfs @ 1.69 fps)

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Page 14

Pond 3P: ADS SC740



THA012 - ADS Chamber Calcs

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Page 16

Runoff

Summary for Subcatchment PreD: Pre Developed

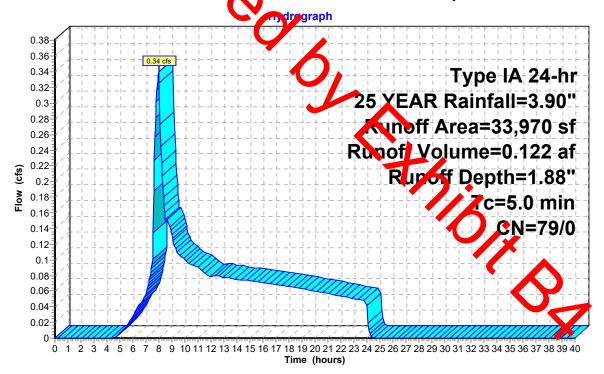
[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff = 0.34 cfs @ 7.98 hrs, Volume= 0.122 af, Depth= 1.88"

Runoff by SBUH method, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type IA 24-hr 25 YEAR Rainfall=3.90"

Area 🕼	N Description
33,970	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
33,970	100.00% Pervious Area
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Stope Velocity Capacity Description (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
5.0	Direct Entry.

Subgrahment PreD: Pre Developed



THA012 - ADS Chamber Calcs

Type IA 24-hr 25 YEAR Rainfall=3.90"

Prepared by Hewlett-Packard Company

Printed 4/28/2023

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Page 17

Summary for Pond 3P: ADS SC740

Inflow Area = 0.780 ac, 97.94% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.63" for 25 YEAR event

Inflow 0.71 cfs @ 7.90 hrs, Volume= 0.236 af

Outflow 8.26 hrs, Volume= 0.216 af, Atten= 46%, Lag= 21.8 min 0.38 cfs @

Primary 0.38 cfs @ 8.26 hrs, Volume= 0.216 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 102.08 @ 8.26 hrs Surf.Area= 1,680 sf Storage= 3,315 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 454.5 min calculated for 0.216 af (92% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass de . in e= 393.1 min (1,056.0 - 662.9)

Volume	Invert	Ayail Storage	Storage Description
#1A	100.00'	1,407 cf	25.25'W x 66.52'L x 3.33'H Field A
		·~	5,599 cf Overall - 2,081 cf Embedded = 3,517 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	100.33'	2,081 of	ADS_StormTech SC-740 x 45 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf
			verall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Row Longth Adjustment= +0.44' x 6.45 sf x 5 rows
		0.400 - 5	Take Assallable Otanana

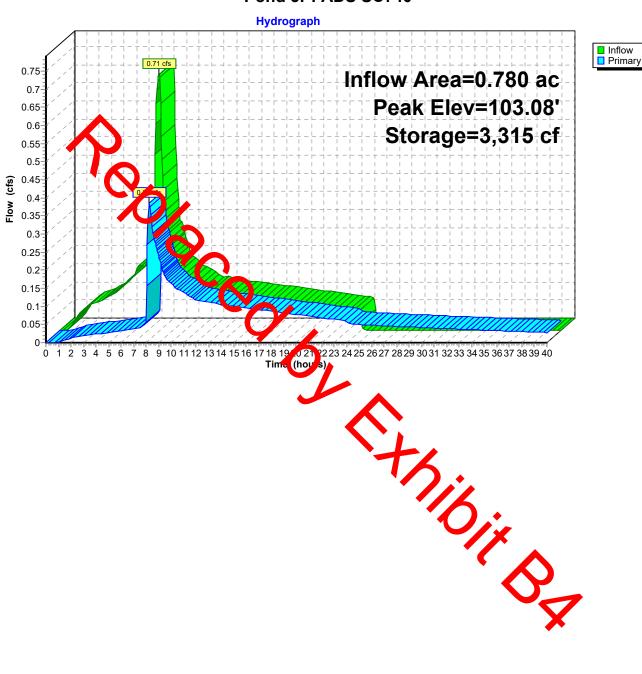
3,488 cf Cota Available Storage

Stora	age Group A	created with 0	Chamber Wizard
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	100.00'	8.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C 0.600
#2	Device 1	100.00'	1.1" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	102.70'	6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
1=0 -2:	rifice/Grate(=Orifice/Grat	Passes 0.38 te (Orifice Co	@ 8.26 hrs HW=103.07' (Free Discharge) cfs of 2.78 cfs potential flow) introls 0.06 cfs @ 8.38 fps) introls 0.33 cfs @ 2.08 fps)



Page 19

Pond 3P: ADS SC740



Runoff

Summary for Subcatchment PreD: Pre Developed

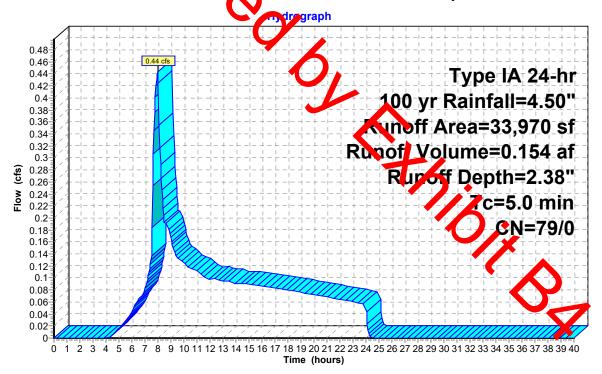
[49] Hint: Tc<2dt may require smaller dt

Runoff 0.44 cfs @ 7.98 hrs, Volume= 0.154 af, Depth= 2.38"

Runoff by SBUH method, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type IA 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=4.50"

Area 🕼	N Description	
33,970	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C	
33,970	100.00% Pervious Area	
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Stope Velocity Capacity Description (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)	
5.0	Direct Entry,	

Subgrahment PreD: Pre Developed



THA012 - ADS Chamber Calcs

Type IA 24-hr 100 yr Rainfall=4.50"

Prepared by Hewlett-Packard Company

Printed 4/28/2023

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Page 22

Summary for Pond 3P: ADS SC740

Inflow Area = 0.780 ac, 97.94% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.23" for 100 yr event

Inflow 0.82 cfs @ 7.90 hrs, Volume= 0.275 af

Outflow 8.10 hrs, Volume= 0.63 cfs @ 0.255 af, Atten= 23%, Lag= 12.2 min

Primary 0.63 cfs @ 8.10 hrs, Volume= 0.255 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-40.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 102/32 @ 8.10 hrs Surf.Area= 1,680 sf Storage= 3,480 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 395.9 min calculated for 0.255 af (93% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass de . in e= 342.1 min (1,001.8 - 659.7)

Volume	Invert	Ayail Storage	Storage Description
#1A	100.00'	1,407 cf	25.25'W x 66.52'L x 3.33'H Field A
		·~	5,599 cf Overall - 2,081 cf Embedded = 3,517 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	100.33'	2,0° r of	ADS_StormTech SC-740 x 45 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf
			overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			Pongth Adjustment= +0.44' x 6.45 sf x 5 rows
		0 400 -f	Take Assailable Changes

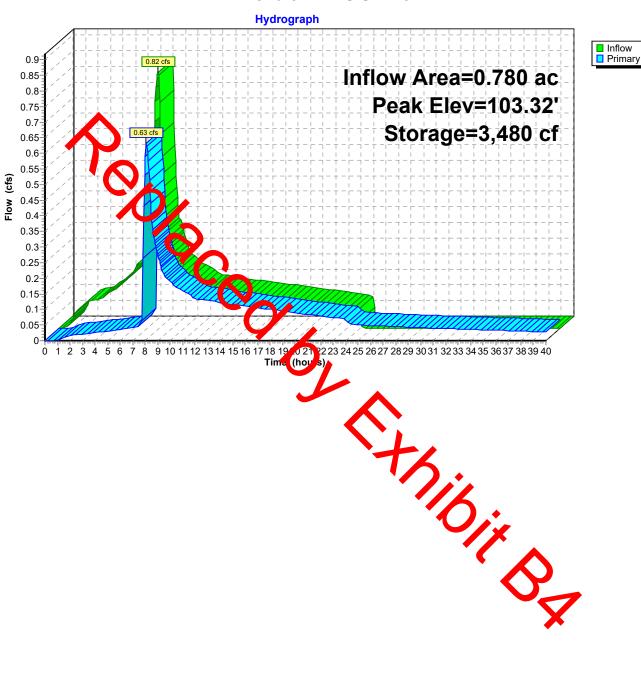
3,488 cf Total Available Storage

Stora	age Group A	created with 0	Chamber Wizard
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	100.00'	8.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C 0.600
#2	Device 1	100.00'	1.1" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	102.70'	6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
1=0i -2=	rifice/Grate(=Orifice/Grat	Passes 0.63 e (Orifice Co	② 8.10 hrs HW=103.32' (Free Disc) arge) cfs of 2.90 cfs potential flow) ntrols 0.06 cfs @ 8.71 fps) ntrols 0.58 cfs @ 2.93 fps)

Page 24

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Pond 3P: ADS SC740



WES BMP Sizing Report

Project Information

Project Name	THA012-WTC
Project Type	MultiFamily
Location	29690 SW TOWN CENTER LOOP W
Stormwater Management / ea	0
Project Applican	
Jurisdiction	OutofDistrict

Drainage Management Area

	•				
Name	Area (sq-ft)	Pre-Project Cover	Post-Project Cover	DMA Soil Type	ВМР
Parking Lot	8,140	I npe vious	ConventionalCo ncrete	В	Planter
Roof	22,731	Impervious	Roofs	В	NA
Public Sidewalk (Trading Area)	3,473	Impervious	ConventionalCo ncrete	В	Planter

LID Facility Sizing Details

LID ID	Design Criteria	BMP Type	Facility Soil Type			Orifice Diameter (in)
Planter	WaterQuality	Stormwater Planter - Infiltration	B1	174.2	175.0	0.0

Pond Sizing Details

- 1. FCWQT = Flow control and water quality treatment, WQT = Water quality treatment only
- 2. Depth is measured from the bottom of the facility and includes the three feet of media (drain rock, separation layer and growing media).
- 3. Maximum volume of the facility. Includes the volume occupied by the media at the bottom of the facility.
- 4. Maximum water storage volume of the facility. Includes water storage in the three feet of soil media assuming a 40 percent porosity.

WES BMP Sizing Report

Project Information

Project Name		THA012-WTC		
Project Type		MultiFamily		
Location				
Stormwater Management Arg	<u> </u>	0		
Project Applican				
Jurisdiction		OutofDistrict		

Drainage Management Arga

Name	Area (sq-ft	l	Post-Project Cover	DMA Soil Type	ВМР
DMA	8,603		ConventionalCo ncrete	С	Public Planter

LID Facility Sizing Details

LID ID	Design Criteria	BMP Type	Facility Soil Type	1	Planned Areas (sq-ft)	Orifice Diameter (in)
Public Planter	FlowControlA ndTreatment		C3	344.1	344.1	0.9

Pond Sizing Details

- 1. FCWQT = Flow control and water quality treatment, WQT = Water quality treatment fly
- 2. Depth is measured from the bottom of the facility and includes the three feet of midia (drait rock, separation layer and growing media).
- 3. Maximum volume of the facility. Includes the volume occupied by the media at the bottom of the facility.
- 4. Maximum water storage volume of the facility. Includes water storage in the three feet of soil media assuming a 40 percent porosity.



STOLAWATE CONVEYANCE CALCULATIONS * This spreasheer is based on King County SBUH method.

Design Storm:	25 YR															
Storm Duration:	24 HRS															
Precipitation:	3.9 IN															
Manning's "n"	0.011 (FOR E	PVC STORM P	PIPE													
		CUM.	CUM.	CUM.												
	INC. INC.	AREA	AREA	Civ di	CN	TIME	Q	PIPE	SLOPE	Qf	Q/Qf	Depth	Depth/	V	LENGTH	INC.
	AREA %	TOTAL	PERV. P	ER. IMP.	IMP.	(MIN)	(CFS)	Dia.				(in)	Dia.	(fps)		TIME
LINE	(AC) IMP.	(AC)	(AC)	(AC				(IN)	(FT/FT)	(CFS)	(%)				(FT)	(MIN)
					C		_									
25 YEAR	0.780 100.00	0.7798	0.0000	98 0.779	8 -8	5.0	0.38	8	0.0200	2.03	0.19	2.35	0.29	4.44	27.0	0.10
Design Storm:	100 YR															
Storm Duration:	24 HRS															
Precipitation:	4.5 IN					•										
Manning's "n"	0.011 (FOR E	VC STORM P	PIPE)													
		CUM.	CUM.	CUM												
	INC. INC.	AREA	AREA	CN ARE	CN	TIME		PIPE	SI	Qf	Q/Qf	Depth	Depth/	V	LENGTH	INC.
	AREA %	TOTAL	PERV. P	ER. IMP	IMP.	(MIN)	(CFS)	Dia.				(in)	Dia.	(fps)		TIME
LINE	(AC) IMP.	(AC)	(AC)	(AC				(IN)	(FT) T)	(CFS)	(%)				(FT)	(MIN)
100 YEAR	0.780 100.00	0.7798	0.0000	98 0.779	8 98	5.00	0.63	8	0.0200	2.03	0.31	3.07	0.38	5.11	27.0	0.09

Appendix C

Additional Forms & Associated Reports

Geotechnical Report
Infiltration Testing Information

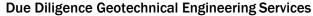




July 15, 2022

Level Development NW 7327 SW Barnes Road, #523 Portland, OR 97225

Attention Se h Henderson



Shari's Restaurant Site
29690 Town Center Loop West
Wilsonville, Oregon

Project: LevelDevNW-1-01

INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of our dee dil gence geotechnical engineering services for the property located at 29690 Town Center Loop West in Wilsonville, Oregon. The site is 1.07 acres and currently occupied by asphalt concrete (AC) parking areas and a single-story Shari's restaurant. A site survey provided to us indicated that the site is relatively flat. Our services for this project were conducted in accordance with our proposal dated May 25, 2022. Figure 1 shows the site vicinity relative to surrounding features.

Plans were not available prepared at the time of this report. However, we understand the planned development will include a four-story, wood-framed, mixed-use building and associated surface parking. Foundation loads were not available at the time of this enert; however, we have assumed maximum column and wall loads of 300 kips and 5 kips per foot, respectively. We have assumed floor loads will not exceed 100 pounds per square foot (psf. Sit) cuts and fills are anticipated to be minimal during site development.

PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of our scope was to provide preliminary geotechnical engineering recommendations for use in a due diligence evaluation of the property. Specifically, we conducted the following tasks:

Reviewed readily available, published geotechnical and geologic information and our in-
house files for existing information on subsurface conditions in the site vicinity.
Coordinated and managed the field explorations, including utility locates and scheduling
subcontractors and NV5 field staff.

Conducted a subsurface exploration program that consisted of drilling two borings to depths
of 16.3 and 20.8 feet below ground surface (BGS).
Maintained a continuous log of the explorations and collected soil samples at representative
intervals.
Conducted a laboratory testing program consisting of the following:
☐ Six moisture content determinations in general accordance with ASTM D2216
☐ Two particle-size analyses in general accordance with ASTM D1140
Prepared this report with preliminary recommendations, including seismic design criteria and
foundation support.

SITE CONDINONS

GEOLOG

The site is located on the northern margin of the Central Willamette Valley physiographic province. Terticly multiple sedimentary and volcanic bedrock units form the western and eastern margins, respectively, of a depositional basin. The geologic profile is mapped as Miocene (14.5 million years before present) to recent Valley unconsolidated sediments (Burns et al., 1997). The geologic unit is a compilation of generally unconsolidated modern stream deposits, fine-grained catastrophic fields the posits, and Miocene to Pleistocene Age fluvial and lacustrine sediments. The flood deposits in the site vicinity generally consist of a thin cover of fine sand and silt overlying reworked gravel and sobbles from flood waters entering the Central Willamette Valley from the Tualatin and Portland basing located to the north. The flood deposits range in thickness from less than 20 feet to 50 feet (Cannett and Caldwell, 1998; Schlicker and Finlayson, 1979).

The flood deposits overlie fluvial and lacustrine sediments that consist of poorly to well-cemented conglomerate, sandstone, siltstone, and slaystone equivalent to the Troutdale Formation and Sandy River Mudstone described in the Postand Basin located north of the site (Gannett and Caldwell, 1998; Burns et al., 1997; Schlicker and Kinlayson, 1979; Hart and Newcomb, 1965). The fluvial and lacustrine sediments range in thickness from 285 to 315 feet in the site vicinity.

The bedrock unit that forms the bottom of the basin and underlies the Valley unconsolidated sediments is the Columbia River Basalt Group (CRBG). The CRBG is middle Migrene (16.5 million to 15 million years before present) in age and consists of a series of basalt flows that originated from southeastern Washington and northeastern Oregon. The CREQ is considered the geologic basement for this report (Gannett and Caldwell, 1998; Burr Let al., 1997; Schlicker and Finlayson, 1979; Hart and Newcomb, 1965).

According to the Natural Resources Conservation Service's web soil survey, the near-surface soil in the existing and proposed channel areas is Woodburn silt loam. The soil's parent material consists of stratified glaciolacustrine deposits and is described as moderately well drained. The typical soil profile of the Woodburn silt loam consists of silt loam to silty clay loam from the ground surface to 5 feet BGS.

SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

General

We explored subsurface conditions at the site by drilling two borings (B-1 and B-2) to depths of 16.3 and 20.8 feet BGS. The approximate locations of the explorations are shown on Figure 2. A description of the field explorations, the exploration logs, and the results of laboratory testing are present in the Attachment.

Our subsurface exploration program encountered three geologic units: fill, silt, and gravel. Asphalt concrete (AC) pavement is present at the surface of each boring locations. A brief description of each of these geologic units is presented below.

Pavement Section

Our explorations encountered 3 inches of AC underlain by 11 inches of aggregate base.

Fill

Fill was encountered in being B-1 to a depth of 5 feet BGS. The fill consists of medium stiff, low plasticity silt with minor and and trace organics and wood debris. It is possible that this fill was placed as engineered fill during construction of the parking lot.

Silt

The fill in B-1 and the pavement section in B-2 are underlain by stiff to very stiff, brown silt with varying proportions of sand. Laboratory testing conducted on select samples of the silt indicates a moisture content ranging from 29 to 31 percent at the time of our explorations.

Gravel

Medium dense to very dense gravel with sand and valying proportions of silt was encountered at depths of approximately 7.5 to 7.8 feet BGS to the maximum depths explored. We believe this unit contains cobble-size particles based on drilling resistance and drill spoils. Laboratory testing of select samples indicates an approximate fines content of 26 percent and an in-situ moisture content ranging from 12 to 16 percent.

GROUNDWATER

Groundwater was not encountered during our subsurface exploration of the site. Perched groundwater zones are likely to develop in the upper soil at the site, particular, during extended periods of wet weather. The depth to groundwater may fluctuate in response to seasonal changes, prolonged rainfall, changes in surface topography, and other factors not specified in this study.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

GENERAL

In our opinion, the site is acceptable for the proposed development. The following are expected to be the primary geotechnical considerations impacting the proposed development of the site:

The building can be supported on spread footings founded on firm, undisturbed native soil or
structural fill that overlies firm native soil.
Undocumented fill was encountered in boring B-1 to a depth of 5 feet BGS. It is possible that
this fill was placed as engineered fill during construction of the parking lot. However, if the
fill is not engineered, it should be removed from the influence zones of foundations and
replaced with engineered fill.
Fine-grained soil present on this site is easily disturbed during the wet season. If not
carefully executed, site earthwork can create extensive soft areas and significant repair costs
can result. Subgrade protection will be required when the subgrade is wet.
Cobbles are likely present at depths greater than 7.5 feet BGS. The presence of cobbles and
boarters may make excavations difficult.

FOUNDATIONS PPORT

The proposed structure can be supported on conventional spread footings bearing on firm, undisturbed parties of or on granular pads consisting of structural fill placed over native soil. The following sections provide our recommendations for use in foundation design and construction.

Bearing Capacity

Conventional wall and column footing, bearing on native soil or on structural fill granular pads should be sized based on an allowable bearing pressure of 3,000 psf. This is a net bearing pressure; the weight of the footing and overving backfill can be ignored when calculating footing sizes. This allowable bearing pressure at plies to the total of dead and long-term live loads and may be increased by one-third when considering leads from seismic or wind forces.

Lateral Resistance

Lateral loads can be resisted by passive earth pressure on the sides of footings and by friction on the base of the footings. An allowable passive resistance may be calculated as a triangular pressure distribution using an equivalent fluid density of 350 pounds per cubic foot. A coefficient of friction equal to 0.35 is typical when calculating resistance to sliding for foundations bearing on native soil and 0.50 for footings bearing or granular pads.

Settlement

Based on the anticipated foundation loads, post-construction settlement of new footings founded as recommended is anticipated to be less than 1 inch. Differential settlement between similarly loaded, newly constructed foundation elements should be approximately one half of the total settlement. If grading plans or structural loads change, we should be contacted to perform additional settlement analyses.

SEISMIC DESIGN

The soil profile at the site is consistent with Site Class D in accordance with the 2109 State of Oregon Structural Specialty Code, which refers to ASCE 7-16. The values presented in Table 1 can be used to compute design levels of ground shaking.

Table 1. Seismic Design Parameters

Seismic Design Parameter	Short Period (T _s)	1 Second Period (T ₁)		
Maximum Considered Earthquake Spectral Acceleration	S _s = 0.815 g	S ₁ = 0.381 g		
Site Class	С			
Site Coefficient	F _a = 1.2	F _v = 1.5		
Adjusted Spectral Acceleration	S _{MS} = 0.987 g	$S_{M1} = 0.571 g$		
Design Scot al Response Acceleration Parameters	S _{DS} = 0.652 g	S _{D1} = 0.381 g		

g: gravitation alacce eration (32.2 feet/second²)

The soil present at the site is not susceptible to liquefaction or lateral spreading.

LIMITATIONS

We have prepared this preliminary report for use by Level Development NW and members of the design and construction teams for use in cost estimating and preliminary design. The data and report can be used for estimating purposes, but our report, conclusions, and interpretations should not be construed as a warranty of the subsurface conditions and are not applicable to other sites.

The scope does not include services related to construction safety precautions, and our recommendations are not intended to direct the contractors in ethods, techniques, sequences, or procedures, except as specifically described in this report for consideration in design.

Within the limitations of scope, schedule, and budget, our services have been executed in accordance with generally accepted practices in this area at the time this proort was prepared. No warranty, expressed or implied, should be understood.



We appreciate the opportunity to be of continued service to you. Please call if you have questions concerning this report or if we can provide additional services.

Sincerely,

NV5

Jessica J

Project Manager

REFERENCES

Burns, Scott, Growney, Lawrence, Brodersen, Brett, Yeats, Robert S., Popowski, Thomas A., 1997, Map showing faults, bedrock geology, and sediment thickness of the western half of the Oregon City 1:100,000 quadrangle, Washington, Multnomah, Clackamas, and Marion Counties, Oregon, Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, IMS-75, scale 1:100,000.

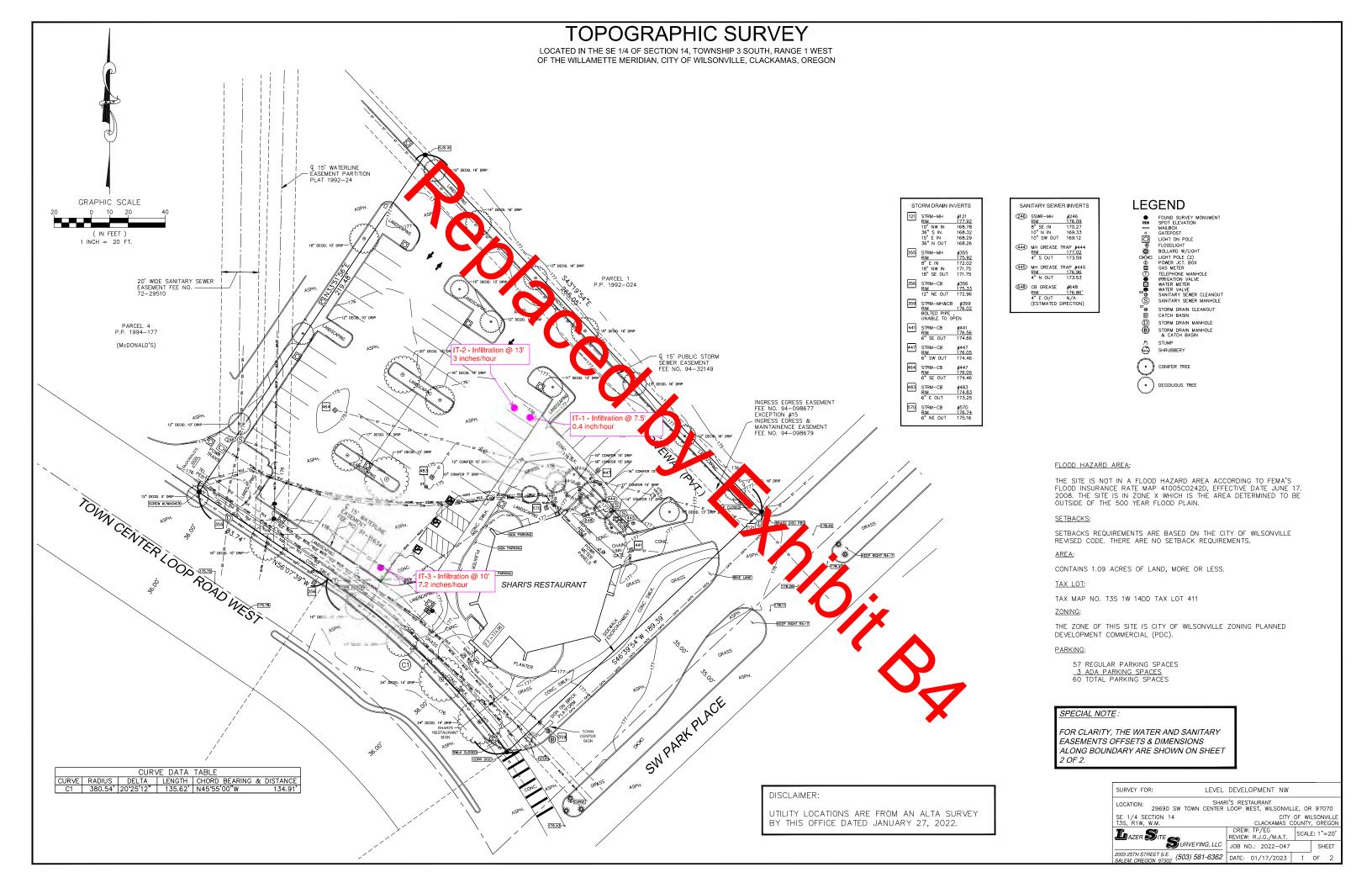
Gannett, Marshall W., and Caldwell, Rodney R., 1998, Geologic Framework of the Willamette Lowland Aquifer System, Oregon and Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1424-A, 220, 8 plates.

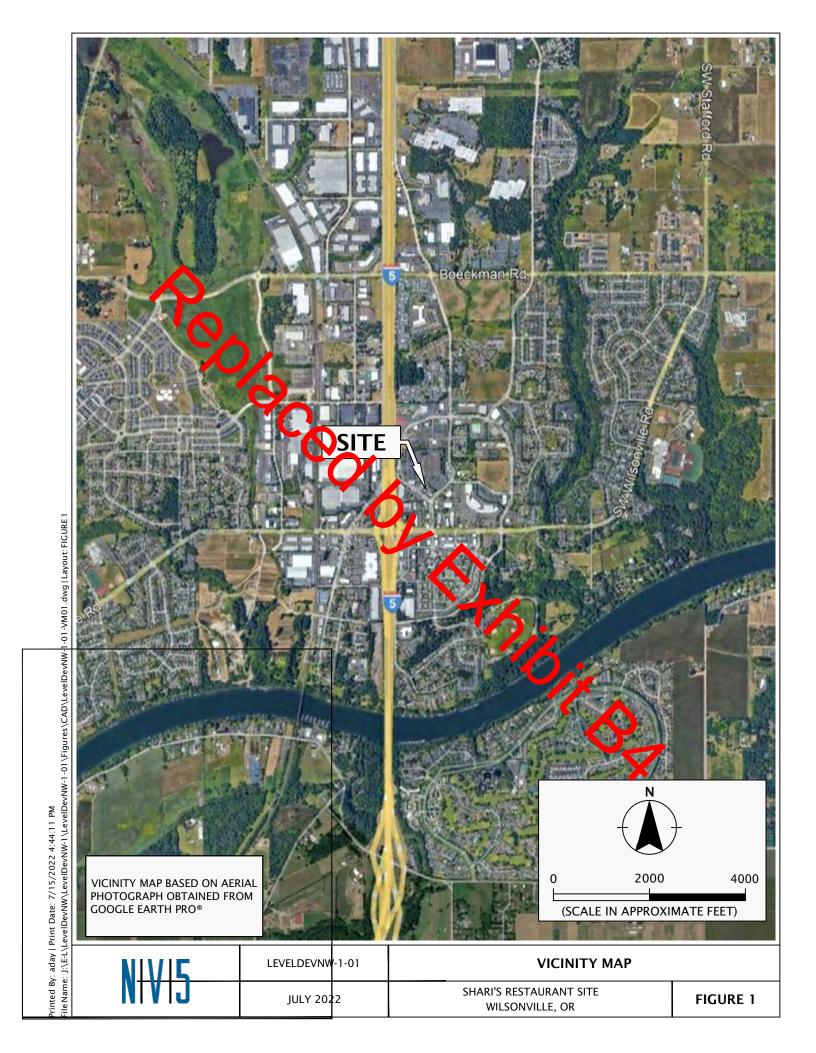
Hart, D.H. and Newcomb, R.C., 1965, Geology and Ground Water of the Tualatin Valley, Oregon, U.S. Geological Jurvey Water-Supply Paper 1697, 167 p., 3 plates.

Schlicker, Herbert G. and Finlayson, Christopher T., 1979, Geology and Geologic Hazards of Northwestern Clackamas County, Oregon, Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries Bulletin 99, 79p.

FIGURES

Peolaced by Ethibit By





JULY 2022

SHARI'S RESTAURANT SITE

WILSONVILLE, OR

FIGURE 2

ATTACHMENT

Replaced by Athibit By

ATTACHMENT

FIELD EXPLORATIONS

GENERAL

We explored subsurface conditions at the site by drilling two borings (B-1 and B-2) to depths of 16.3 and 20.8 feet BGS. Drilling services were provided by Dan J. Fischer Excavating, Inc. of Forest Grove, Oregon, on June 23, 2022, using a trailer-mounted drill rig with solid-stem auger methods. The exploration logs are presented in this attachment.

The locations of the explorations are shown on Figure 2. The exploration locations were determined by pacing from existing site features and should be considered accurate to the degree impred by the methods used. A member of our geology staff observed the explorations.

SOIL SAMPLING

We collected representative samples of the various soils encountered during drilling for geotechnical laboratory testing. Samples were collected from the borings using $1\frac{1}{2}$ - and 3-inchinside-diameter, split-spo (n (S-T) samplers in general accordance with ASTM D1586. The samplers were driven into the spil with a 140-pound hammer free-falling 30 inches. The sampler was driven a total distance of 19 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler the final 12 inches is recorded on the exploration logs, unless otherwise noted. Sampling methods and intervals are shown on the exploration logs.

The hammer used to conduct the SPTs was lifted using a rope and cathead system. The hammer was raised using two wraps of the rope around the cathead.

SOIL CLASSIFICATION

The soil samples were classified in the field in accordance with the "Exploration Key" (Table A-1) and "Soil Classification System" (Table A-2), which are presented in this attachment. The exploration logs indicates the depths at which the soil characteristics change, although the change actually could be gradual. If the change occurred between sample locations, the depth was interpreted. Classifications are shown on the exploration logs.

LABORATORY TESTING

CLASSIFICATION

The soil samples were classified in the laboratory to confirm field classifications. The aboratory classifications are shown on the exploration logs if those classifications differed from the field classifications.

MOISTURE CONTENT

The natural moisture content of select soil samples was determined in general accordance with ASTM D2216. The natural moisture content is a ratio of the weight of the water to dry soil in a test sample and is expressed as a percentage. The test results are presented in this attachment.



PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

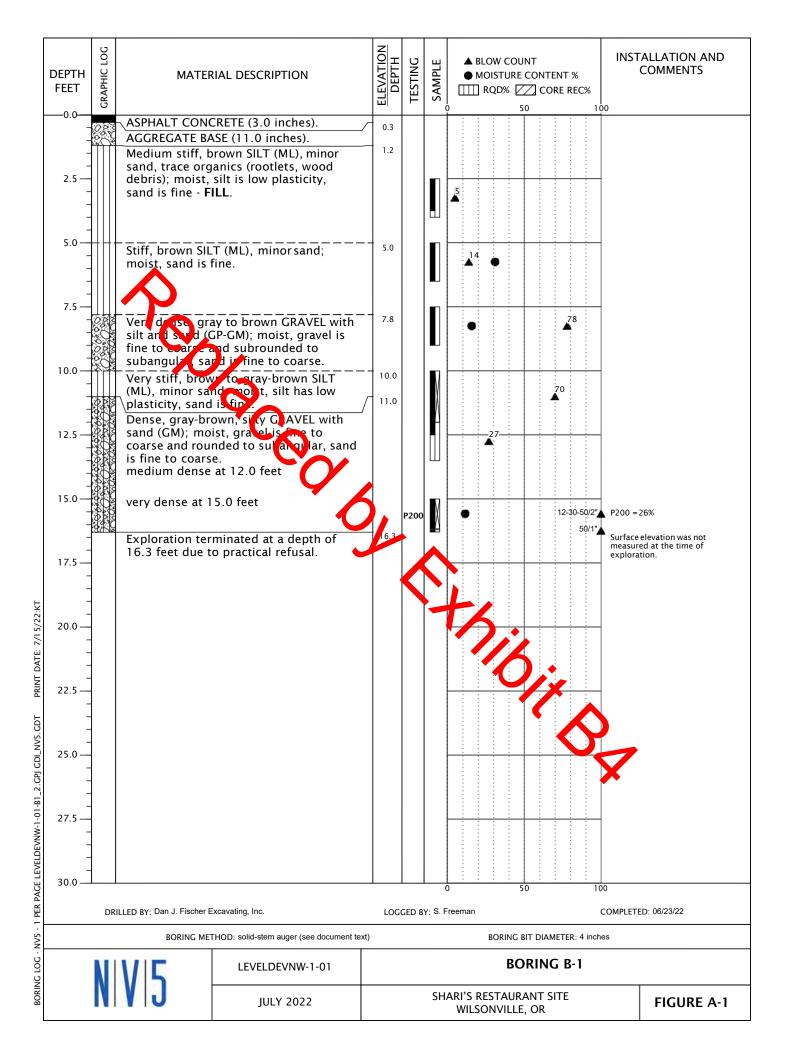
Particle-size analysis was performed on select soil samples in general accordance with ASTM D1140. This test is a quantitative determination of the amount of material finer than the U.S. Standard No. 200 sieve expressed as a percentage of soil weight. The test results are presented in this attachment.

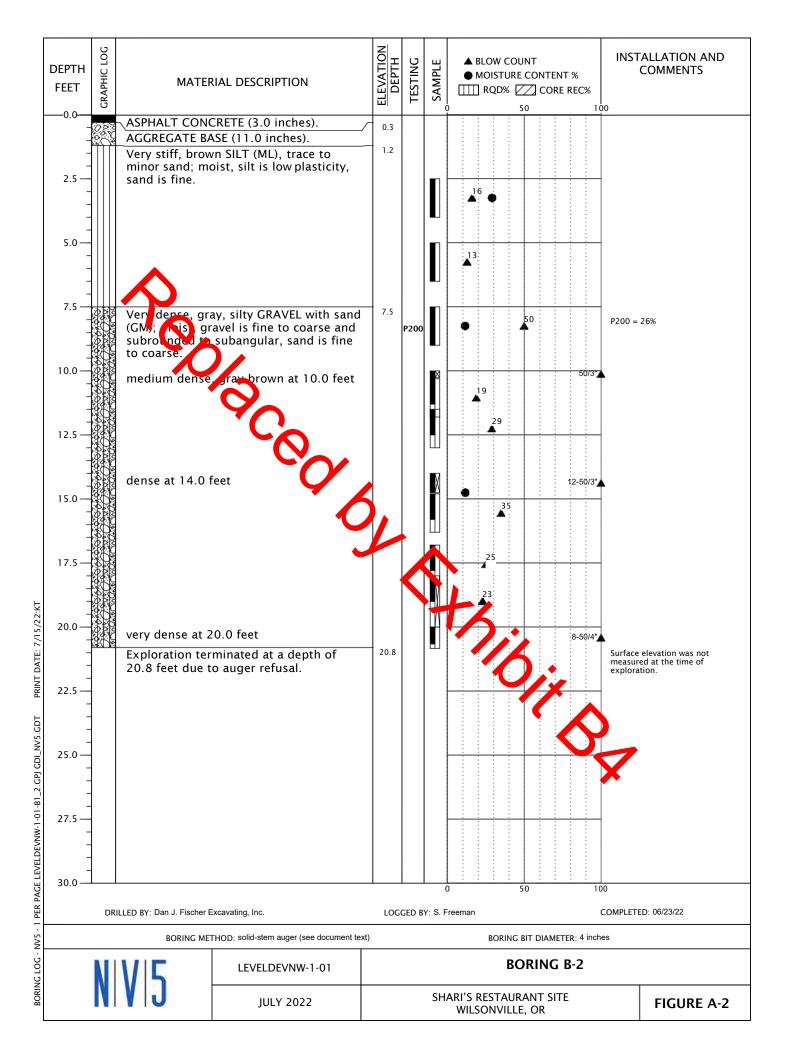


SYMBOL	SAMPLING DESCRIPTION			
	Location of sample collected in general accordance with ASTM D1586 using Standard Penetration Test (SPT) with recovery			
	Location of sample collected using thin-wall Shelby tube or Geoprobe® sampler in general accordance with ASTM D1587 with recovery			
	Location of sample collected using Dames & Moore sampler and 300-pound hammer or pushed with recovery			
	Location of sample collected using Dames & Moore sampler and 140-pound hammer or pushed with recovery			
	Location of sample collected using 3-inch-outside diameter California split-spoon sampler and 140-round hammer with recovery			
	Location of grab sample	Graphic L	og of Soil and Rock Types	
	Rock coring interval		Observed contact I rock units (at depth	
abla	Water level during trilling	Inferred contact between soil or rock units (at approximate depths		
▼	Water level taken on date snow		indicated)	
GEOTECHNICAL TESTING EXPLANATIONS				
ATT	Atterberg Limits	P	Pushed Sample	
CBR	California Bearing Ratio	PF	Pocket Penetrometer	
CON	Consolidation	P2 00	Percent Passing U.S. Standard No. 200	
DD	Dry Density		Sieve	
DS	Direct Shear	RES	Pesil ent Modulus	
HYD	Hydrometer Gradation	SIEV	Sicre Gradation	
MC	Moisture Content	TOR	Torvane	
MD	Moisture-Density Relationship	UC	Unconfined commessive Strength	
NP	Non-Plastic	VS	Vane Shear	
OC	Organic Content	kPa	Kilopascal	
ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING EXPLANATIONS				
CA	Sample Submitted for Chemical Analysis	ND	Not Detected	
Р	Pushed Sample	NS No Visible Sheen		
PID	Photoionization Detector Headspace	SS		
	Analysis	MS	Moderate Sheen	
ppm	Parts per Million	HS	Heavy Sheen	
NV5 EXPLORATION KEY				TABLE A-1

			REL	ATIVE DEN	ISITY - C	COAR	SE-GRA	INED SOIL		
Relat Dens		Standard Pend Res	etration Taistance	Test (SPT)			& Moore	•		loore Sampler nd hammer)
Very lo	ose	(0 - 4				0 - 11		() - 4
Loos	se	4	- 10				11 - 26		4	- 10
Medium	dense	10	O – 30				26 - 74		10) – 30
Dens	se	30	0 - 50				74 - 120)	30) – 47
Very de	ense	More	than 50			Мо	re than 1	.20	More	than 47
				CONSISTE	NCY - F	INE-G	RAINED	SOIL		
Consist	ency	Standard Penetration T (SPT) Resistar		Dames & Samı 140-pound	pler	er)		nes & Moore Sampler ound hamm	Compr ner)	nconfined essive Strength (tsf)
Very s	soft	Less than 2	2	Less th	nan 3		L	ess than 2	Les	s than 0.25
Sof	t	2 - 4		3 -	6			2 - 5	0.	25 - 0.50
Medium	n stif	4 - 8		6 - :	12			5 - 9	C	.50 - 1.0
Stif	f	8 - 15		12 -	25			9 - 19		1.0 - 2.0
Very s	stiff	15 - 30		25 -	65			19 - 31	:	2.0 - 4.0
Har	d	lviore than 3	9	More th	an 65		Mo	ore than 31	Mc	re than 4.0
		PRIMAPY S	L DIVIS	ONS			GROUP	SYMBOL	GROL	IP NAME
		GRAVE	3	CLEAN G (< 5% f			GW	or GP	GF	RAVEL
		, , , , , , ,		GRAVEL WI	TH FINES	S	GW-GN	l or GP-GM	GRAVE	L with silt
		(more than 50 coarse fraction		59 and ≤	12% fine	es)	GW-GC	or GP-GC	GRAVE	L with clay
COAR	SE-	retained or		-	•			GM		GRAVEL
GRAINE	SOIL	No. 4 sieve		GR AVEI WI		S		GC	<u> </u>	GRAVEL
	,		,	12%	fin s)	Ī	G	C-GM		ey GRAVEL
(more to 50% retains on 50%)	ained	SAND	(50% or more of (50% and < 12% fines)			SW	or SP		AND	
No. 200						≜ SW-SN	l or SP-SM	SAND	with silt	
	,	•			_	<u> </u>	SM-SC or SP-SC SM SG		SAND with clay silty SAND clayey SAND	
		coarse fraction passing	on	SAND WITH FINES						
		No. 4 sieve)							
		110. 1 51616	,	(> 12%	fines)	nes)		silty, clayey SAND		
							_	M		SILT
FINE-GR	AINED					F	•	CI		CLAY
SOI	L		Li	quid limit le	ess than	50	CL-M4		silty CLAY	
		SILT AND CLA	AY			ŀ			RGANIC SILT or ORGANIC CLA	
(50% or		0.217412 02	`					MH		SILT
passi			Lie	quid limit 50	იr grea	ater		CH		CLAY
No. 200	sieve)			quiu iiiiiic O	0 0. 6.00	-		OH		or ORGANIC CLAY
		HIGHLY ORG	GANIC SC	·IL				PT		PEAT
MOISTU	RE CLA	SSIFICATION				AD	DITIONA	L CONSTIT		
					Seconda	ary gra	anular co	mponents o	r other materials	
Term	F	ield Test				ch as	organics	, man-made	debris, etc.	d Gravel In:
	verv lo	w moisture,	Percen				arse-	Percent	Fine-	Coarse-
dry	dry to t			Graine			ed Soil		Grained Soil	Grained Soil
	damp.	without	< 5	trac	ce	tr	ace	< 5	trace	trace
moist		moisture	5 - 12				vith	5 - 15	minor	minor
_	visible	free water,	> 12	son	ne	silty	/clayey	15 - 30	with	with
wet				1 23	1	-,/	, - ,			







SAM	PLE INFORM	ATION	MOISTURE	DRY		SIEVE		AT	TERBERG LIM	ITS
EXPLORATION NUMBER	SAMPLE DEPTH (FEET)	ELEVATION (FEET)	MOISTURE CONTENT (PERCENT)	DENSITY (PCF)	GRAVEL (PERCENT)	SAND (PERCENT)	P200 (PERCENT)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX
B-1	5.0		31							
B-1	7.5		16							
B-1	15.0		12				26			
B-2	2.5		29							
B-2	7.5		12				26			
B-2	14.		12							



V	17	
M	V	ר
	V	U

LEVELDEVNW-1-01

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY DATA

JULY 2022

SHARI'S RESTAURANT SITE WILSONVILLE, OR

FIGURE A-3

March 14, 2023

Level Development NW 7327 SW Rarnes Road, #523 Portland OR 97225

th Henderson Attention

Report of Infiltration Testing Services

Shari's Restaurant Site 29690 Town Center Loop West Wilsonville, Oregon Project: LevelDevNW-1-03

INTRODUCTION

)/OCO / 6 This report presents the results of our infiltration testing for the proposed development located at 29690 Town Center Loop West in Wilsonville, Organ. We understand that development will likely consist of a four-story, wood-framed, mixed-use building and associated surface parking areas. Figure 1 shows the site vicinity relative to surrounding features. Figure 2 shows the site layout and our approximate exploration locations. NV5 proposed a geotechnical due diligence report for the site in July 2022.1

PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of our scope was to perform field infiltration testing to assist in design of on-site stormwater disposal systems. Specifically, we conducted the following task

- Coordinated and managed the field exploration, including utility locates and social ling of NV5 field staff.
- Conducted a subsurface exploration program consisting of drilling three 6-inch-diameter hollow-stem auger borings to depths between 14 and 19.5 feet below ground surface (BGS).
- Performed three infiltration tests using the encased falling head test method in general accordance with the City of Wilsonville Public Works Standards. The tests were performed at depths of 7.5, 10, and 13 feet BGS.

¹ NV5, 2022. Due Diligence Geotechnical Engineering Services; Shari's Restaurant Site; 29690 Town Center Loop West; Wilsonville, Oregon, dated July 15, 2022. Project: LevelDevNW-1-01

- Maintained a continuous log of the explorations and collected disturbed soil samples at representative intervals.
- Performed the following laboratory testing on samples collected from the explorations:
 - Four natural moisture content determinations in general accordance with ASTM D2216
 - Three particle-size analyses in general accordance with ASTM D1140
- Prepared this report summarizing the test program, presenting the test results, and providing general on-site stormwater disposal recommendations.

SITE CONDITIONS

SURFACE CONDITIONS

The site is currently occupied by asphalt concrete (AC) parking areas and a single-story Shari's restaurant. As is esurvey provided to us indicated that the site is relatively flat to gently sloped. The property is bottlered to the north and east by a commercial building and parking areas and to the south and west by Town Center Loop West Road.

SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

We explored subsurface conditions at the site by drilling three borings (IT-1 through IT-3) to depths between 14 and 19.5 Let BGS. The approximate locations of the explorations are shown on Figure 2. A description of the held explorations and laboratory testing program, the boring logs, and results of the laboratory testing are presented in Attachment A. Exploration logs and laboratory testing results from our 2022 stray are presented in Attachment B.

Explorations at the site encountered 3 inches of AC overlying 8 to 11 inches of aggregate base at the ground surface. Silt with trace to minor amounts of fine sand underlies the aggregate base to depths of 6.1 to 7.8 feet BGS at the site. SPT results indicate that the silt is stiff to very stiff. Gravel with varying proportions of silt and sand underlies the silt unit to the maximum depth explored of 20.8 feet BGS. Gravel particles are generally pained to subangular. SPT results indicate that the gravel is medium dense to very dense. The moleture content of the gravel samples was determined to range from 7 to 15 percent. Particle-size analysis indicated 18, 17, and 22 percent fines at depths of 7.5, 10, and 13 feet BGS, respectively.

Groundwater was not encountered in past or current borings to the maximum depth explored of 20.8 feet BGS. The depth of groundwater may fluctuate in response to season it changes, prolonged rainfall, changes in surface topography, and other factors not observed in this study.

INFILTRATION TESTING

Infiltration testing was performed in boring IT-1 at 7.5 feet BGS, boring IT-2 at 13 feet BGS, and boring IT-3 at 10 feet BGS using the encased falling head method and 6-inch hollow-stem augers to evaluate the feasibility of on-site stormwater disposal. A representative soil sample was collected below the infiltration test depths for particle-size analysis.

Table 1 summarizes the results of infiltration testing and particle-size analyses. The exploration logs and results of particle-size analyses are presented in Attachment A.

Table 1. Infiltration Testing Results

Exploration	Depth (feet BGS)	Soil Description	Percent Fines	Observed Infiltration Rate (in/hr)
IT-1	7.5	Silty GRAVEL with sand	18	0.4
IT-2	13.0	Silty GRAVEL with sand	22	3.0
ÎÎ-S	10.0	Silty GRAVEL with sand	17	7.2

in, he incles per hour

ON-SITE STORY WATER DISPOSAL

We understand that co-size stormwater disposal will be accomplished by means of drywells. The infiltration rates shown in 7 abil 1 can be used to design stormwater disposal facilities. There is a relatively significant different an infiltration rate observed at a depth of 7.5 feet BGS (IT-1) and the rates observed at depths of 10 and 13 feet BGS (IT-2 and IT-3). The test at 7.5 feet BGS was performed at the top of the gravel gaye in a very dense zone of the gravel. This may explain the lower infiltration rate observed during this test. We recommend that drywells extend to a minimum depth of 10 feet BGS, which will allow the designer to select a design infiltration rate between 3 and 7.2 in/hr. It is important that infiltration systems be located at the approximate location and depth of our infiltration testing is order for the corresponding rates in Table 1 to be applicable.

The infiltration rates presented in Table 1 are short-term for the rates and factors of safety have not been applied for the type of infiltration system being considered. Correction factors should be applied to the measured infiltration rates to account for soil cariations and the potential for long-term clogging due to siltation and buildup of organic material, without additional testing, from a geotechnical perspective, we recommend a minimum factor of safety of at least 3 be applied to the field infiltration values presented in Table 1 to account for foil variability with depth.

The infiltration flow rate of drywells will diminish over time as suspended solids and precipitates in the stormwater slowly clog the void spaces between the soil particles. Eventually systems may fail and will need to be replaced or repaired. We recommend that any infiltration system be designed to overflow to a suitable discharge point such as the storm sewer or an acceptable overland release.

Stormwater infiltration systems will cause localized high groundwater levels; therefore, they should not be located near basement walls, retaining walls, or other embedded structures unless these are specifically designed to account for the resulting hydrostatic pressure. If basements will be constructed in the future, infiltration should occur at least 10 feet below the finished floor

elevation of the basement. It may be possible to reduce this offset depth if drywells are located a sufficient distance from the basement. The stormwater system should not be located on sloping ground unless it is approved by a geotechnical engineer.

Slight variations in soil density and composition are possible within short distances and can result in significant differences in infiltration capacity. Therefore, we recommend that stormwater disposal systems be field tested to confirm the design infiltration capacity has been achieved. We recommend contingencies be in place if field rates do not meet design rates. This may include deepening the drywells or installing additional drywells.

LIMITATION:

We have prepared this report for use by Level Development NW and members of the design and construction tear is for the proposed project. The data and report can be used for bidding or estimating purposes, but our report, conclusions, and interpretations should not be construed as warranty of the subsurface conditions and are not applicable to other nearby building sites.

Exploration observations indicate soil conditions only at specific locations and only to the depths penetrated. They do not necessarily reflect soil strata or water level variations that may exist between exploration locations. If subsurface conditions differing from those described are noted during the course of excavation and construction, re-evaluation will be necessary.

The site development plans and design details were preliminary at the time this report was prepared. When the design has been finalizer and if there are changes in the site grades, location, or configuration; design loads; or type of construction, the conclusions and recommendations presented may not be applicable. If design changes are made, we request that we be retained to review our conclusions and incommendations and to provide a written modification or verification if needed.

The scope does not include services related to construction safety procautions, and our recommendations are not intended to direct the contractor's methods techniques, sequences, or procedures, except as specifically described in this report for consideration in design.

Within the limitations of scope, schedule, and budget, our services have been executed in accordance with generally accepted practices in this area at the time this report vas prepared. No warranty, expressed or implied, should be understood.

*** * ***

We appreciate the opportunity to be of continued service to you. Please call if you have questions concerning this report or if we can provide additional services.

Sincerely,

NV5

Project Manager

Scott McDevit

Principal Engineer

ITA:JJP:SPM:sn **Attachments**

One copy submitted

Document ID: LevelDevNW-1-03-031423 geol

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EXPIRES: 12/31/24

FIGURES



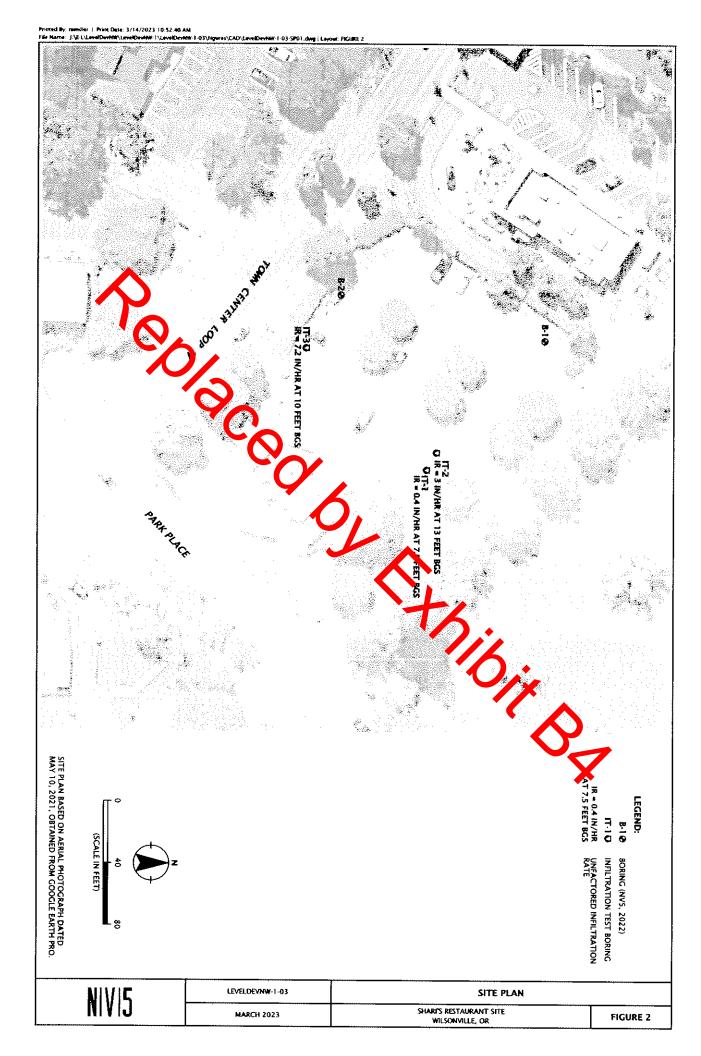
Printed By: mmiller | Print Date: 3/14/2023 10:51:42 AM File Name: J:\E-L\LevelDevNW\LevelDevNW-1\LevelDevNW-1-03\Figures\CAD\LevelDevNW-1-03-VM01.dwg|Layout: FIGURE|

NIV15

MARCH 2023

SHARI'S RESTAURANT SITE WILSONVILLE, OR

FIGURE 1



ATTACHMENT A

Peolaced by Ethibit By

ATTACHMENT A

FIELD EXPLORATIONS

GENERAL

We explored subsurface conditions at the site by drilling three borings (IT-1 through IT-3) to depths between 14 and 19.5 feet BGS. Drilling services were provided by Western States Soil Conservation, Inc. of Hubbard, Oregon, on February 16, 2023, using a truck-mounted drill rig with hollow-stem auger methods. The exploration logs are presented in this attachment.

The location of the explorations are shown on Figure 2. The exploration locations were determined by pacing from existing site features and should be considered accurate to the degree implied by the methods used. A member of our geology staff observed the explorations.

SOIL SAMPLING

We collected representative samples of the various soils encountered during drilling for geotechnical laboration, sting. Samples were collected from the borings using a 1½-inchinside-diameter, split-sporn S T sampler in general accordance with ASTM D1586. The sampler was driven into the soil with a 40-pound hammer free falling 30 inches. The sampler was driven a total distance of 18 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler the final 12 inches is recorded on the exploration logs, unless otherwise noted. Sampling methods and intervals are shown on the exploration logs.

The average efficiency of the automatic SFT hymmer used by Western States Soil Conservation, Inc. was 77.7 percent. The calibration testing results are presented at the end of this attachment.

SOIL CLASSIFICATION

The soil samples were classified in accordance with the "exploration Key" (Table A-1) and "Soil Classification System" (Table A-2), which are presented in this attrictment. The exploration logs indicate the depths at which the soils or their characteristics change, although the change actually could be gradual. If the change occurred between sample locations, the depth was interpreted. Classifications are shown on the exploration logs.

LABORATORY TESTING

CLASSIFICATION

The soil samples were classified in the laboratory to confirm field classifications. The laboratory classifications are shown on the exploration logs if those classifications differed from the field classifications.

MOISTURE CONTENT

We tested the natural moisture content of select soil samples in general accordance with ASTM D2216. The natural moisture content is a ratio of the weight of the water to soil in a test sample and is expressed as a percentage. The test results are presented in this attachment.

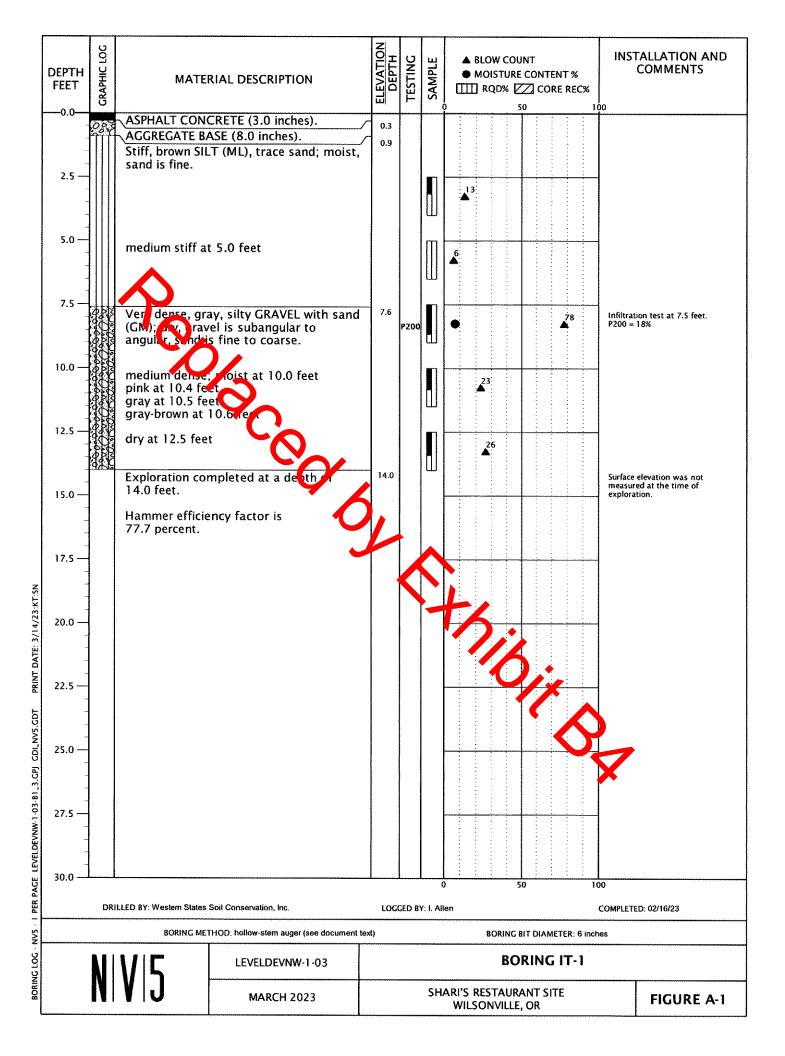
PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

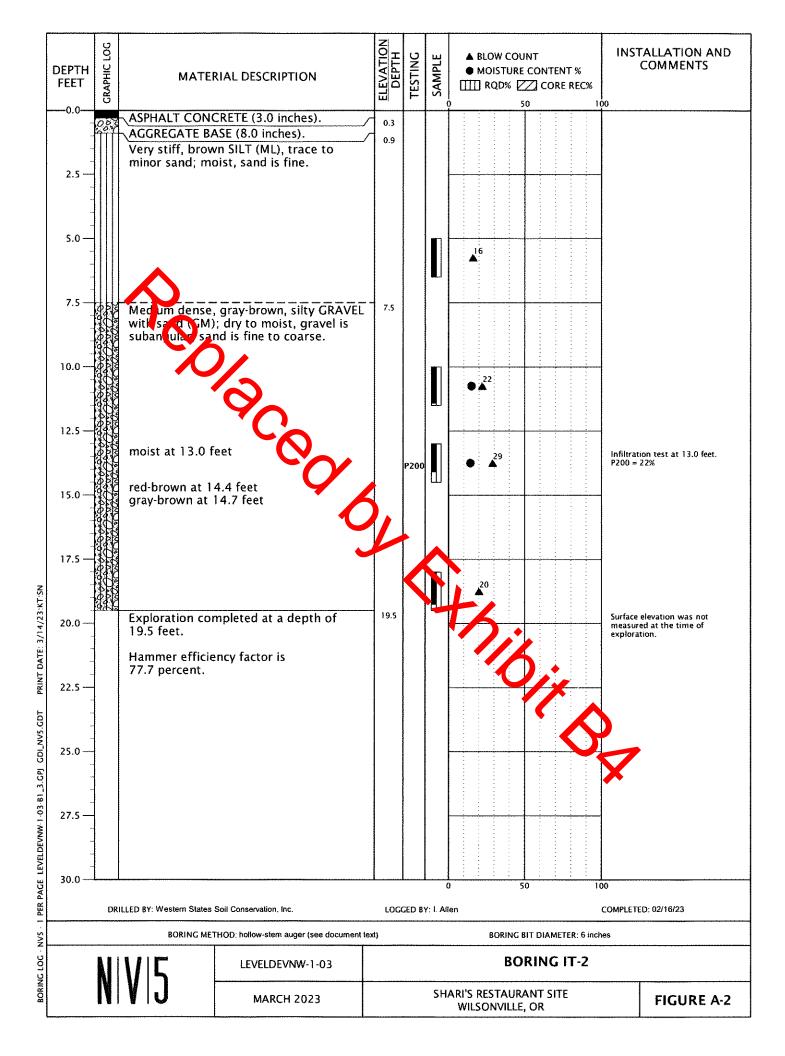
Particle-size analysis was completed on select soil samples in general accordance with ASTM C117 or ASTM D1140 (percent fines determination). The test results are presented in this attachment.

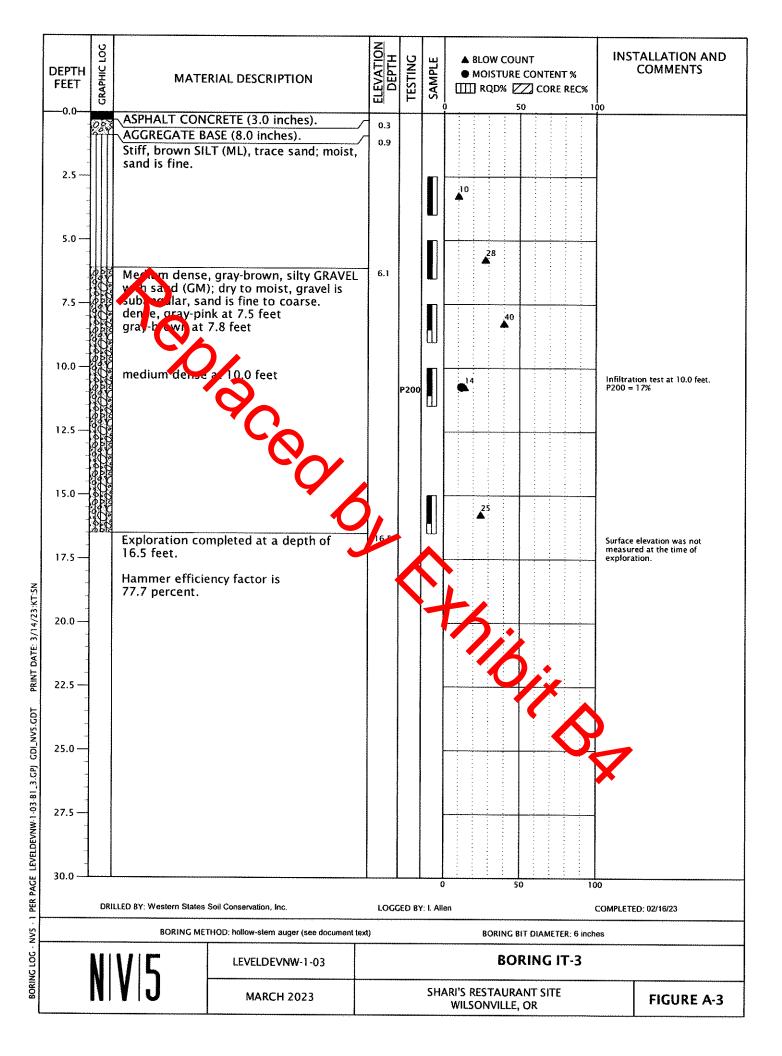


SYMBOL	SAMPL	ING DESCRI	PTION	
	Location of sample collected in general acc Penetration Test (SPT) with recovery	cordance with	ASTM D1586 using Star	ndard
	Location of sample collected using thin-wal accordance with ASTM D1587 with recover	l Shelby tube Y	or Geoprobe® sampler	in general
	Location of sample collected using Dames pushed with recovery	& Moore sam	pler and 300-pound han	nmer or
	Location of sample collected using Dames of pushed with recovery	& Moore sam	ppler and 140-pound han	nmer or
	Lection of sample collected using 3-inch-o 110- ound hammer with recovery	utside diame	ter California split-spoon	sampler and
X	Location of grab sample	Graphic L	og of Soil and Rock Types	
	Rock coring internal	23 343 233 343 243 343	Observed contact b	
$\underline{\nabla}$	Water level during drilling		Inferred contact be rock units (at appr	
_	Water level taken on date snown		indicated)	oximate depuis
	0,	3.3		
	GEOTECHNICAL 75911	NG EXPLANA	TIONS	
ATT	Atterberg Limits	P	Pushed Sample	
CBR	California Bearing Ratio	PI	Pocket Penetrometer	
CON	Consolidation	P2 10	Percent Passing U.S. S	tandard No. 200
DD	Dry Density	'	Sieve	
DS	Direct Shear	RES	Rusilient Modulus	
HYD	Hydrometer Gradation	SIEV	Sieve Chadation	
MC	Moisture Content	TOR	Torvan	
MD	Moisture-Density Relationship	uc	Unconfined compressi	ve Strength
NP	Non-Plastic	vs	Vane Sheal	
OC	Organic Content	kPa	Kilopascal	
	ENVIRONMENTAL TEST	ING EXPLAN	ATIONS	
CA	Sample Submitted for Chemical Analysis	ND	Not Detected	
Р	Pushed Sample	NS	No Visible Sheen	
PID	Photoionization Detector Headspace	SS	Slight Sheen	
	Analysis	MS	Moderate Sheen	
ppm	Parts per Million	HS	Heavy Sheen	
111				
NIV	EXPLOI	RATION KEY		TABLE A-1
11:				

			F	RELAT	IVE DENSI	TY - COA	RSE-GRA	INED SOIL			
Relat Dens		Standard Per Re	etrati sistan		st (SPT)		s & Moore -pound ha	•			loore Sampler nd hammer)
Very lo	oose		0 - 4				0 - 11			0	- 4
Loos	se	4	1 - 10)			11 - 26			4	- 10
Medium	dense	1	0 - 3)			26 - 74			10	- 30
Den:	se	3	0 - 50)			74 - 120)		30	- 47
Very de	ense	Mor	e thar	50		N	Nore than 2	120		More	than 47
				CC	NSISTENC	CY - FINE	-GRAINE	SOIL			
Consist	tency	Standard Penetration 1 (SPT) Resista	lest		Dames & M Sampler O-pound ha	r		mes & Moore Sampler cound hamn	(nconfined essive Strength (tsf)
Very s	soft	Less than		\	Less than			ess than 2		Less	s than 0.25
Sof		2 - 4	_		3 - 6			2 - 5			25 <i>-</i> 0.50
Mediun		4 - 8			6 - 12			5 - 9			.50 - 1.0
Stif		8 - 15			12 - 25			9 - 19			0 - 2.0
Very s		1) - 30			25 - 65			19 - 31			2.0 - 4.0
Har		More and 3	30		More than	 	6.4	ore than 31			re than 4.0
Паі	u			//6101		00			T		
		PRIMARY 50	L DI		·		GROU	P SYMBOL		GROU	P NAME
		GRAVEL	S		CLEAN GRA (< 5% fine		GV	V or GP		GR	AVEL
		(more than 50	104	GF	RAVEL WITH	FINES	GW-GN	/I or GP-GM		GRAVE	L with silt
		coarse fract	•	_5	9 and ≤ 12'	% fines)	GW-G0	C or GP-GC	0	GRAVEL	with clay
COAR		retained o				FINEO		GM		silty 6	GRAVEL
GRAINE	DSOIL	No. 4 sieve		GH	VEL WITH			GC		clayey	GRAVEL
	46				2270 HIII	()	G	iC-GM	sil	ty, clay	ey GRAVEL
(more s 50% ret on	tained	SAND			CLEAN SAI	_	sv	V or SP		SA	AND
	(50% or more of coarse fraction			ς	AND WITH		SW-SN	n or SP-SM		SAND	with silt
					% and ≤ 12			C or SP-SC		SAND with clay	
			on			1	SM		silty SAND		
		passing No. 4 sieve	.1	Ş.	AND WITH F			SC	clayey SAND		
		140. 4 51646	7)		(> 12% fines)		9	SC SM		silty, clayey SAND	
							- 	MI		 	ILT
FINE-GR	AINED										
SOI	IL			Liquid limit less than 50			CL-MI		CLAY silty CLAY		
		SILT AND CL	A.V.			\vdash	OL		silty CLAY RGANIC SILT or ORGANIC CLA		
(50% or	more	SILI AND CL	Αī				+		MUANI	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
passi					Liquid limit 50 or great			MH		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ILT
No. 200	sieve)			Liqui	o uc jimii b	r greater		CH		_	LAY
			0.1.110					OH	C RGALITO		or ORGANIC CLAY
		HIGHLY OR	GANIC	SUIL				PT		PI	EAI
MOISTU	IRE CLA	SSIFICATION	ļ					AL CONSTIT	 		
Term	,	Field Test			Sec			omponents o s, man-made			
. 51111	'	.514 1001			Silt	and Clay					Gravel In:
dry	very lo	w moisture, touch	Per	cent	Fine- Grained S		Coarse- Ilned Soil	Percent	Fine- Grained		Coarse- Grained Soil
	damn	without	<	5	trace		trace	< 5	trace	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	trace
moist		moisture		- 12	minor		with	5 - 15	mino		minor
	····	free water,		12	some	sil	ty/clayey	15 - 30	with	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	with
wet	1	saturated					-,, -,0,0,	> 30	sandy/gra	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Indicate %
	۱V				SOIL C	LASSIFI	CATION S		55, KMJ/ BIC		TABLE A-2







SAM	PLE INFORM	IATION	MOISTURE	MOISTURE	DRY		SIEVE		ΓA	TERBERG LIM	IITS
EXPLORATION NUMBER	SAMPLE DEPTH (FEET)	ELEVATION (FEET)	CONTENT (PERCENT)	DENSITY (PCF)	GRAVEL (PERCENT)	SAND (PERCENT)	P200 (PERCENT)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	
IT-1	7.5		7				18				
IT-2	10.0		15								
IT-2	13.0		14				22				
IT-3	10.0		12				17				



LAB SUMMARY - GDI-NVS LEVELDEVNW-1-03-81_3.GPJ GDI_NVS.GDT PRINT DATE: 3/14/23:SN

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY DATA

MARCH 2023

SHARI'S RESTAURANT SITE WILSONVILLE, OR

FIGURE A-4

Summary of SPT Test Results

VMX: Maximum Velocity							
•							ETR: Energy Transfer Ratio - Rated
BPM: Blows/Minute							
instr.	Blows	Z	N60	Average	Average 🌭	A rage	Average
Length	Applied	Value	Value	FMX	VMIX	ВРМ	EFV
#	/6"		4-6-1	kips	ft/s	bpm	1. 6
60.00	11-17-20	37	47	42	• • •	52.9	282
60.00	5-8-16	24	<u>ω</u>	42		52.8	258
60 00	13.16.0	<u>.</u>	S	بر اگر		46.4	245
60.00	n - C	7	3 5	<u>.</u>	0 0	2 4	2 6
60.00	5-10-15	25	32	42	14.2	48.0	288
60.00	3-7-10	17	22	39	13.1	44.8	271
					7		
The state of the s	A Colomba Communication of the Colomba	Overall Ave	Overall Average Values:	4-	13.8	49.8	272
		Standa	Standard Deviation:		0.8	<u>ა</u> ა.ა	16
		Overall Max	Overall Maximum Value:	43	15.2	53.3	297
		Overall Min	Overall Minimum Value:	34	11.8	43.5	238
3PM: Blows/Minute Instr. Length ft	Blows Applied /6"	Value N	N60 Value	Average FMX kips	Average VMX ft/s		Average EFV ft-lb

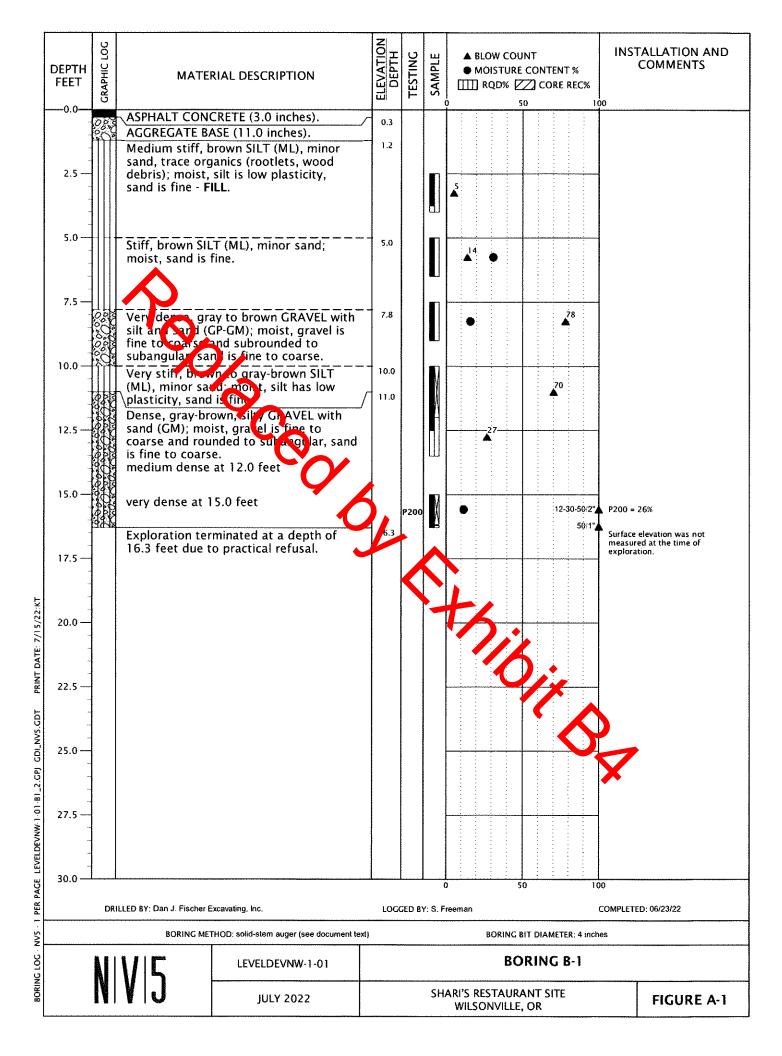
ATTACHMENT B

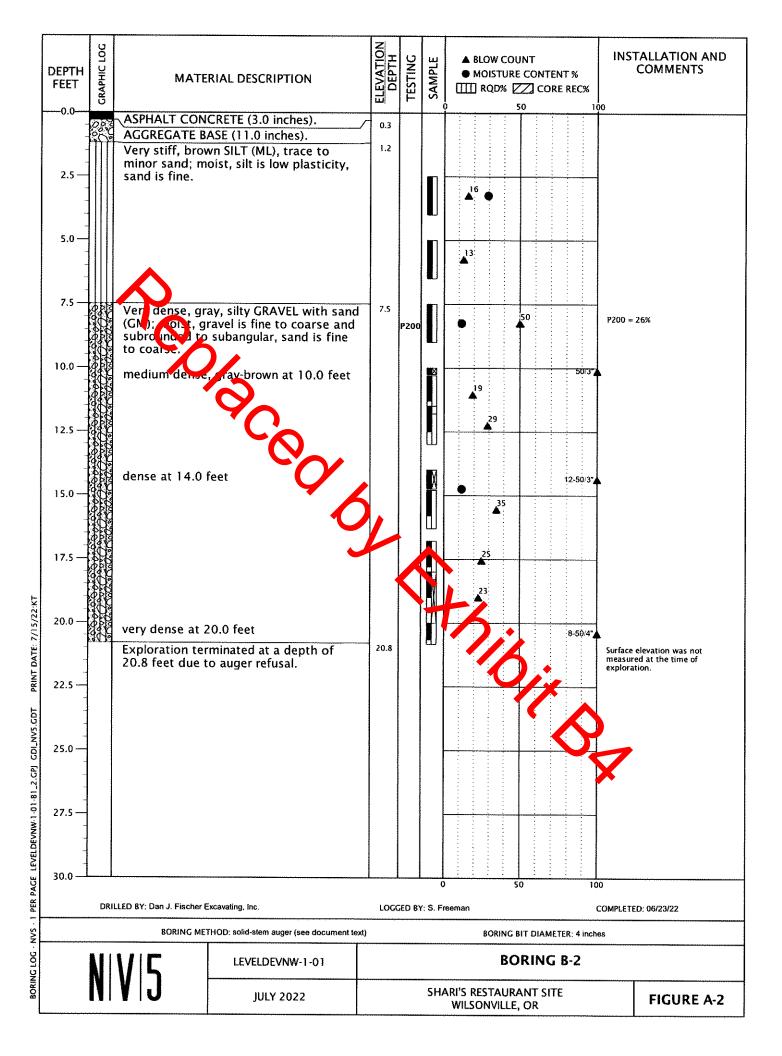
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ATTACHMENT B

EXPLORATION LOGS AND LABORATORY TESTING RESULTS FROM 2022 STUDY







SAM	PLE INFORM	MATION	MOISTURE	DRY		SIEVE		Α	TTERBERG LIN	IITS
EXPLORATION NUMBER	SAMPLE DEPTH (FEET)	ELEVATION (FEET)	CONTENT (PERCENT)	DENSITY (PCF)	GRAVEL (PERCENT)	SAND (PERCENT)	P200 (PERCENT)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX
B-1	5.0		31							
B-1	7.5		16							
B-1	15.0		12				26			
B-2	2.5		29							
B-2	7.5		12				26			
B-2	8		12							

TOO OCCO ON STANION BY

LAB SUMMARY - GDI-NVS LEVELDEVNW-1-01-81_2.GPJ_GDI_NVS.GDT

PRINT DATE: 7/11/22:SN

LEVELDEVNW-1-01

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY DATA

JULY 2022

SHARI'S RESTAURANT SITE WILSONVILLE, OR

FIGURE A-3

Peolaced by Athibit By

March 14, 2023

Level Development NW 7327 SW Sarnes Road, #523 Portland, OR 97225

Attention.

Report of Infiltration Testing Services

Shari's Restaurant Site 29690 Town Center Loop West Wilsonville, Oregon Project: LevelDevNW-1-03

INTRODUCTION

)/aco/6 This report presents the results of our infiltration testing for the proposed development located at 29690 Town Center Loop West in Wilsonville, Or goo. We understand that development will likely consist of a four-story, wood-framed, mixed-us, building and associated surface parking areas. Figure 1 shows the site vicinity relative to surrounding fratures. Figure 2 shows the site layout and our approximate exploration locations. NV5 prepared a geotechnical due diligence report for the site in July 2022.1

PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of our scope was to perform field infiltration testing to assist in d of on-site stormwater disposal systems. Specifically, we conducted the following tasks

- Coordinated and managed the field exploration, including utility locates and scieduling of NV5 field staff.
- Conducted a subsurface exploration program consisting of drilling three 6-inch-diameter hollow-stem auger borings to depths between 14 and 19.5 feet below ground surface (BGS).
- Performed three infiltration tests using the encased falling head test method in general accordance with the City of Wilsonville Public Works Standards. The tests were performed at depths of 7.5, 10, and 13 feet BGS.

NV5, 2022. Due Diligence Geotechnical Engineering Services; Shari's Restaurant Site; 29690 Town Center Loop West; Wilsonville, Oregon, dated July 15, 2022. Project: LevelDevNW-1-01

- Maintained a continuous log of the explorations and collected disturbed soil samples at representative intervals.
- Performed the following laboratory testing on samples collected from the explorations:
 - Four natural moisture content determinations in general accordance with ASTM D2216
 - Three particle-size analyses in general accordance with ASTM D1140
- Prepared this report summarizing the test program, presenting the test results, and providing general on-site stormwater disposal recommendations.

SITE CONDITIONS

SURFACE CONDITIONS

The site is currently occupied by asphalt concrete (AC) parking areas and a single-story Shari's restaurant. (Asi) e survey provided to us indicated that the site is relatively flat to gently sloped. The property is bordered to the north and east by a commercial building and parking areas and to the south and west by Town Center Loop West Road.

SUBSURFACE CONDINO IS

We explored subsurface conditions at the site by drilling three borings (IT-1 through IT-3) to depths between 14 and 19.5 set BGS. The approximate locations of the explorations are shown on Figure 2. A description of the figure explorations and laboratory testing program, the boring logs, and results of the laboratory testing are presented in Attachment A. Exploration logs and laboratory testing results from our 2022 study are presented in Attachment B.

Explorations at the site encountered 3 inches of AC overlying 8 to 11 inches of aggregate base at the ground surface. Silt with trace to minor amounts of the sand underlies the aggregate base to depths of 6.1 to 7.8 feet BGS at the site. SPT results indicate that the silt is stiff to very stiff. Gravel with varying proportions of silt and sand underlies the silt unit to the maximum depth explored of 20.8 feet BGS. Gravel particles are generally bunded to subangular. SPT results indicate that the gravel is medium dense to very dense. The most true content of the gravel samples was determined to range from 7 to 15 percent. Particle size analysis indicated 18, 17, and 22 percent fines at depths of 7.5, 10, and 13 feet BGS, respectively.

Groundwater was not encountered in past or current borings to the maximum depth explored of 20.8 feet BGS. The depth of groundwater may fluctuate in response to seasonal changes, prolonged rainfall, changes in surface topography, and other factors not observe in this study.

INFILTRATION TESTING

Infiltration testing was performed in boring IT-1 at 7.5 feet BGS, boring IT-2 at 13 feet BGS, and boring IT-3 at 10 feet BGS using the encased falling head method and 6-inch hollow-stem augers to evaluate the feasibility of on-site stormwater disposal. A representative soil sample was collected below the infiltration test depths for particle-size analysis.

Table 1 summarizes the results of infiltration testing and particle-size analyses. The exploration logs and results of particle-size analyses are presented in Attachment A.



Table 1. Infiltration Testing Results

Exploration	Depth (feet BGS)	Soil Description	Percent Fines	Observed Infiltration Rate (in/hr)
IT-1	7.5	Silty GRAVEL with sand	18	0.4
IT-2	13.0	Silty GRAVEL with sand	22	3.0
(T-)	10.0	Silty GRAVEL with sand	17	7.2

in/h . no es per hour

ON-SITE STOP WAYER DISPOSAL

We understand that co-site stormwater disposal will be accomplished by means of drywells. The infiltration rates shown in table 1 can be used to design stormwater disposal facilities. There is a relatively significant difference in infiltration rate observed at a depth of 7.5 feet BGS (IT-1) and the rates observed at depths of 10 and 13 feet BGS (IT-2 and IT-3). The test at 7.5 feet BGS was performed at the top of the gravel layer in a very dense zone of the gravel. This may explain the lower infiltration rate observed during this test. We recommend that drywells extend to a minimum depth of 10 feet BGS, which well allow the designer to select a design infiltration rate between 3 and 7.2 in/hr. It is important that infiltration systems be located at the approximate location and depth of our infiltration testing in order for the corresponding rates in Table 1 to be applicable.

The infiltration rates presented in Table 1 are short-term that rates and factors of safety have not been applied for the type of infiltration system being considered. Correction factors should be applied to the measured infiltration rates to account for soil variations and the potential for long-term clogging due to siltation and buildup of organic material. Without additional testing, from a geotechnical perspective, we recommend a minimum factor of screen of at least 3 be applied to the field infiltration values presented in Table 1 to account for soil variability with depth.

The infiltration flow rate of drywells will diminish over time as suspended solids and precipitates in the stormwater slowly clog the void spaces between the soil particles. Eventually systems may fail and will need to be replaced or repaired. We recommend that any infiltration system be designed to overflow to a suitable discharge point such as the storm sewer or an acceptable overland release.

Stormwater infiltration systems will cause localized high groundwater levels; therefore, they should not be located near basement walls, retaining walls, or other embedded structures unless these are specifically designed to account for the resulting hydrostatic pressure. If basements will be constructed in the future, infiltration should occur at least 10 feet below the finished floor

elevation of the basement. It may be possible to reduce this offset depth if drywells are located a sufficient distance from the basement. The stormwater system should not be located on sloping ground unless it is approved by a geotechnical engineer.

Slight variations in soil density and composition are possible within short distances and can result in significant differences in infiltration capacity. Therefore, we recommend that stormwater disposal systems be field tested to confirm the design infiltration capacity has been achieved. We recommend contingencies be in place if field rates do not meet design rates. This may include deepening the drywells or installing additional drywells.

LIMIT/ 1.2NS

We have prepared this report for use by Level Development NW and members of the design and construction teams for the proposed project. The data and report can be used for bidding or estimating purposes, but our report, conclusions, and interpretations should not be construed as warranty of the substantial conditions and are not applicable to other nearby building sites.

Exploration observations indicate soil conditions only at specific locations and only to the depths penetrated. They do not necessar y reflect soil strata or water level variations that may exist between exploration locations. If so purface conditions differing from those described are noted during the course of excavation and construction, re-evaluation will be necessary.

The site development plans and design cetals were preliminary at the time this report was prepared. When the design has been finalized and if there are changes in the site grades, location, or configuration; design loads; or spe of construction, the conclusions and recommendations presented may not be applicable. Tidesign changes are made, we request that we be retained to review our conclusions and recommendations and to provide a written modification or verification if needed.

The scope does not include services related to construction safety precautions, and our recommendations are not intended to direct the contractor's methods techniques, sequences, or procedures, except as specifically described in this report for consideration in design.

Within the limitations of scope, schedule, and budget, our services have been executed in accordance with generally accepted practices in this area at the time this report has prepared. No warranty, expressed or implied, should be understood.

* * *

We appreciate the opportunity to be of continued service to you. Please call if you have questions concerning this report or if we can provide additional services.

Sincerely,

NV5

Project Mana

Scott McDevi

Principal Engineer

ITA:JJP:SPM:sn

Attachments

One copy submitted

Document ID: LevelDevNW-1-03-031423 geo

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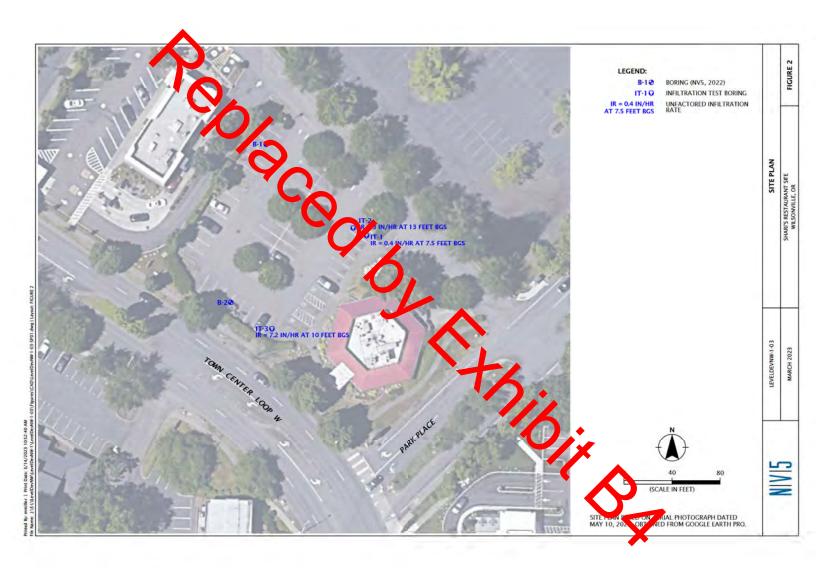
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FIGURES

Peolaced by Athibit By

WILSONVILLE, OR

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ATTACHMENT A

People Coop of this is by

ATTACHMENT A

FIELD EXPLORATIONS

GENERAL

We explored subsurface conditions at the site by drilling three borings (IT-1 through IT-3) to depths between 14 and 19.5 feet BGS. Drilling services were provided by Western States Soil Conservation, Inc. of Hubbard, Oregon, on February 16, 2023, using a truck-mounted drill rig with hollow-stem auger methods. The exploration logs are presented in this attachment.

The locations of the explorations are shown on Figure 2. The exploration locations were determined by pacing from existing site features and should be considered accurate to the degree implied by the methods used. A member of our geology staff observed the explorations.

SOIL SAMPLING

We collected representative samples of the various soils encountered during drilling for geotechnical laboratory testing. Samples were collected from the borings using a 1½-inchinside-diameter, split-spoon SNT sampler in general accordance with ASTM D1586. The sampler was driven into the soil with a 140 pound hammer free falling 30 inches. The sampler was driven a total distance of 18 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler the final 12 inches is recorded on the exploration logs, unless otherwise noted. Sampling methods and intervals are shown on the exploration logs.

The average efficiency of the automatic SPT hammer used by Western States Soil Conservation, Inc. was 77.7 percent. The calibration testing results at presented at the end of this attachment.

SOIL CLASSIFICATION

The soil samples were classified in accordance with the "Exploration Key" (Table A-1) and "Soil Classification System" (Table A-2), which are presented in this attrictment. The exploration logs indicate the depths at which the soils or their characteristics charge, a though the change actually could be gradual. If the change occurred between sample because, the depth was interpreted. Classifications are shown on the exploration logs.

LABORATORY TESTING

CLASSIFICATION

The soil samples were classified in the laboratory to confirm field classifications. The laboratory classifications are shown on the exploration logs if those classifications differed from the field classifications.

MOISTURE CONTENT

We tested the natural moisture content of select soil samples in general accordance with ASTM D2216. The natural moisture content is a ratio of the weight of the water to soil in a test sample and is expressed as a percentage. The test results are presented in this attachment.



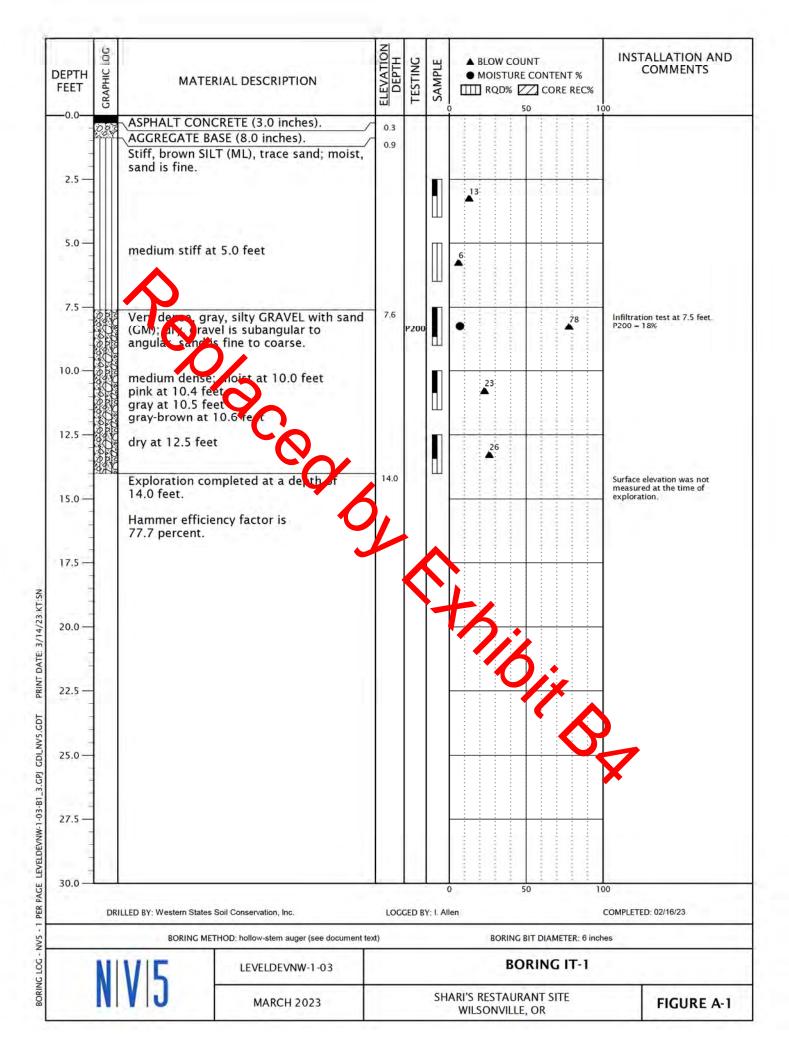
PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

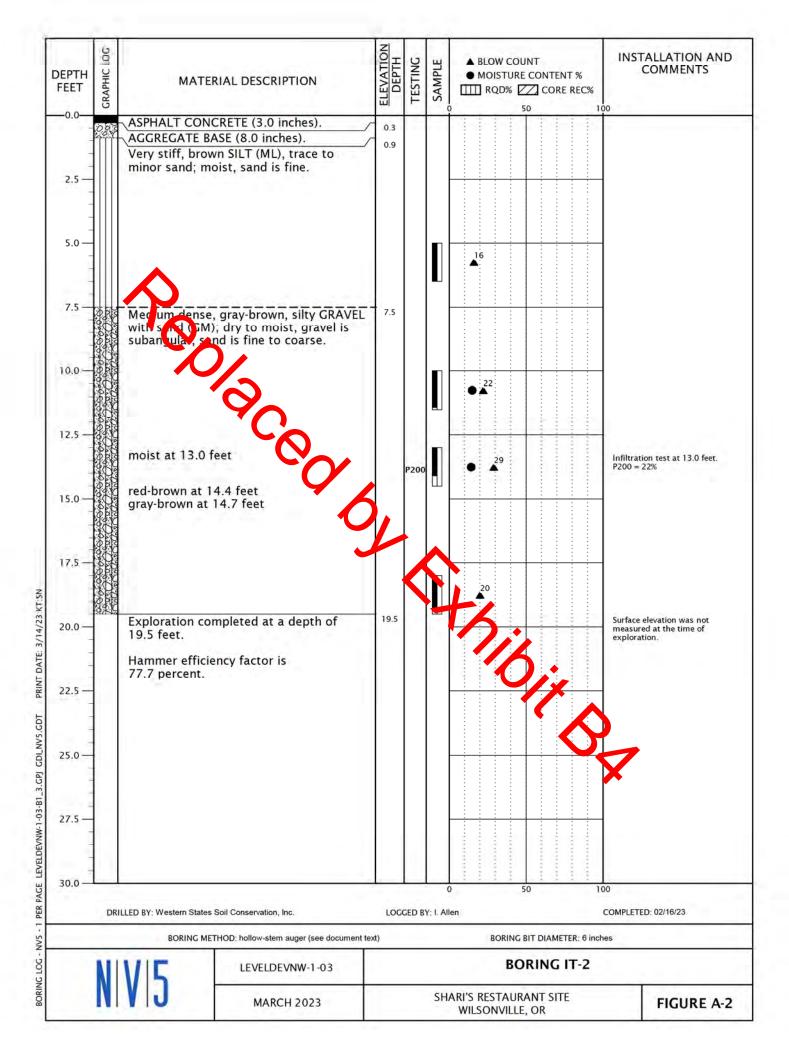
Particle-size analysis was completed on select soil samples in general accordance with ASTM C117 or ASTM D1140 (percent fines determination). The test results are presented in this attachment.

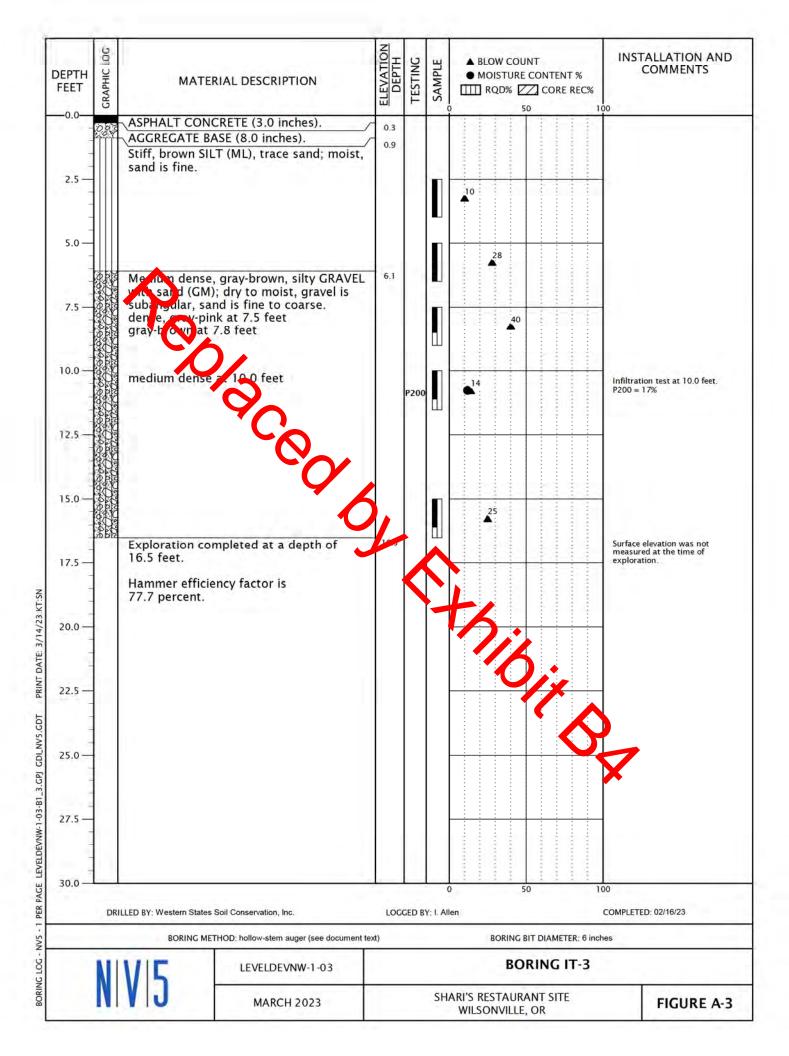


SYMBOL	SAMPLING DESCRIPTION							
	Location of sample collected in general accordence Penetration Test (SPT) with recovery	rdance wit	h ASTM D1586 using Standard					
	Location of sample collected using thin-wall Shelby tube or Geoprobe® sampler in general accordance with ASTM D1587 with recovery							
	Location of sample collected using Dames & Moore sampler and 300-pound hammer or pushed with recovery							
	Location of sample collected using Dames & pushed with recovery	Moore sar	mpler and 140-pound hammer or					
M	Location of sample collected using 3-inch-out 140-bund hammer with recovery	itside diam	eter California split-spoon sampler and					
М	A see house	Granhic	Log of Soil and Rock Types					
\boxtimes	Location of grab sample	13°	Observed contact between soil or					
	Rock coring interval	13.5	rock units (at depth indicated)					
ш								
$\overline{\Delta}$	Water level during trilling		Inferred contact between soil or					
			rock units (at approximate depths indicated)					
\blacksquare	Water level taken on date show		mulcated)					
	4 4	2.3						
	0,	14.42.1	<u> </u>					
	GEOTECHNICAL	IG EXPLAN	ATIONS					
ATT	Atterberg Limits	Р	Pushed Sample					
CBR	California Bearing Ratio	PF	Pocket Penetrometer					
CON	Consolidation	P200	Percent Passing U.S. Standard No. 20					
DD	Dry Density		Sieve					
DS	Direct Shear	RES	Pesil ent Modulus					
HYD		1120	Compitational					
пти	Hydrometer Gradation	SIEV	Siere gratation					
	Hydrometer Gradation Moisture Content	SIEV						
MC	Moisture Content	SIEV TOR	Sieve Gradation					
MC MD	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship	SIEV TOR UC	Sieve Granation Torvane					
MC	Moisture Content	SIEV TOR	Stove Granation Torvane Unconfined Commessive Strength					
MC MD NP	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship Non-Plastic	SIEV TOR UC VS kPa	Sieve Granation Torvane Unconfined compressive Strength Vane Shear Kilopascal					
MC MD NP	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship Non-Plastic Organic Content	SIEV TOR UC VS kPa	Sieve Granation Torvane Unconfined compressive Strength Vane Shear Kilopascal					
MC MD NP OC	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship Non-Plastic Organic Content ENVIRONMENTAL TEST	SIEV TOR UC VS KPa	Sieve Granation Torvane Unconfined compressive Strength Vane Shear Kilopascal					
MC MD NP OC	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship Non-Plastic Organic Content ENVIRONMENTAL TEST Sample Submitted for Chemical Analysis Pushed Sample	SIEV TOR UC VS KPa NG EXPLAI	Sieve diractation Torvane Unconfined compressive Strength Vane Shear Kilopascal NATIONS Not Detected No Visible Sheen					
MC MD NP OC	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship Non-Plastic Organic Content ENVIRONMENTAL TEST Sample Submitted for Chemical Analysis	SIEV TOR UC VS KPa NG EXPLAI	Steve Granation Torvane Unconfined compressive Strength Vane Shear Kilopascal NATIONS Not Detected					
MC MD NP OC	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship Non-Plastic Organic Content ENVIRONMENTAL TEST Sample Submitted for Chemical Analysis Pushed Sample Photoionization Detector Headspace	SIEV TOR UC VS KPa NG EXPLAI ND NS SS	Sieve Granation Torvane Unconfined compressive Strength Vane Shear Kilopascal NATIONS Not Detected No Visible Sheen Slight Sheen					
MC MD NP OC	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship Non-Plastic Organic Content ENVIRONMENTAL TEST Sample Submitted for Chemical Analysis Pushed Sample Photoionization Detector Headspace Analysis	SIEV TOR UC VS KPa NG EXPLAI ND NS SS MS	Sieve Granation Torvane Unconfined compressive Strength Vane Shear Kilopascal NATIONS Not Detected No Visible Sheen Slight Sheen Moderate Sheen					
MC MD NP OC CA P PID	Moisture Content Moisture-Density Relationship Non-Plastic Organic Content ENVIRONMENTAL TEST Sample Submitted for Chemical Analysis Pushed Sample Photoionization Detector Headspace Analysis	SIEV TOR UC VS KPa NG EXPLAI ND NS SS MS	Sieve Granation Torvane Unconfined compressive Strength Vane Shear Kilopascal NATIONS Not Detected No Visible Sheen Slight Sheen Moderate Sheen					

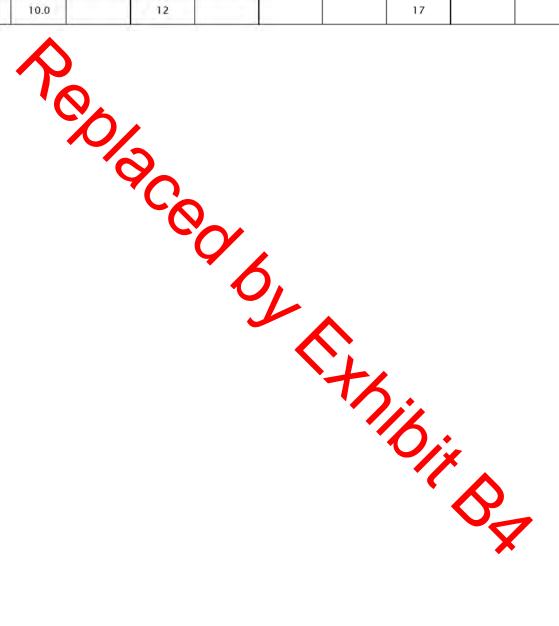
Relat Dens	200		Standard Penetration Test (SPT) Resistance			re Sampler nammer)		& Moore Sampler pound hammer)	
Very lo	ose		0 - 4		0 - 1	1		0 - 4	
Loos	se	4	- 10		11 - 3	26		4 - 10	
Medium	dense	10	0 - 30		26 -	74		10 - 30	
Dens	se	30	0 - 50		74 - 1	20		30 - 47	
Very de	ense	More	than 50		More tha	n 120	N	Nore than 47	
CONSISTENCY					FINE-GRAIN	ED SOIL			
		Standard		Dames & Moore	e I D	ames & Moo	re	Unconfined	
Consist	ency	Penetration T (SPT) Resistar	est	Sampler IO-pound hamn		Sampler 0-pound ham	Cor	mpressive Strength (tsf)	
Very s	soft	Less than 2		Less than 3		Less than 2		Less than 0.25	
Sof		2-4		3 - 6		2 - 5		0.25 - 0.50	
Medium		4 - 8		6 - 12	. 1/-	5 - 9		0.50 - 1.0	
Stif	10.000	8 - 15		12 - 25		9 - 19		1.0 - 2.0	
Very s		15 - 30		25 - 65		19 - 31		2.0 - 4.0	
Har		lyrore than 3	0	More than 65		More than 31	X	More than 4.0	
Tidi	ч	PRIMARY ST			CBO	UP SYMBOL		ROUP NAME	
		GRAVEL	DIVISIO	CLEAN GRAVEL (< 5% fines)		GW or GP	- Gr	GRAVEL	
			G	RAVEL WITH FIN	IES GW-	GM or GP-GM	GR	GRAVEL with silt	
		(more than 50	% 01	and ≤ 12% fi		GW-GC or GP-GC		GRAVEL with clay	
COAR	SF-	coarse fraction		GIIG = 1270 II	nee) aw	GM		silty GRAVEL	
GRAINE		retained or		VEL WITH FIN	IES -	GC			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		No. 4 sieve)		(2 12% fin s)				ayey GRAVEL	
(more t	than			01511011		GC-GM	Sitty,	silty, clayey GRAVEL	
50% reta on		SAND		CLEAM SAND (<5% fines)		SW or SP		SAND	
No. 200	sieve)	(50% or more	OT I	AND WITH THE		SW-SM or SP-SM SW-SC or SP-SC		SAND with silt SAND with clay	
		coarse fraction		5% and ≤ 12% fi	nes) SN				
		passing		SAND WITH FINES (> 12% fines)		SM		silty SAND	
		No. 4 sieve) 3			SC	C	clayey SAND	
		,		(> 12% IIIles)		52-SM		silty, clayey SAND	
7.7		1				MZ		SILT	
INE-GR			1344	dul trocta force att.	- 50	CI		CLAY	
SOI	L		Liqu	Liquid limit less than 5		CL-M.		silty CLAY	
(EO0/		SILT AND CL	AY			OL		RGANIC SILT or ORGANIC CL	
(50% or passi				6 10 70		МН		SILT CLAY CRGANIC SILT OF ORGANIC CLA PEAT	
No. 200			Liqu	id limit 50 or gr	eater	СН			
10. 200	Sicve)					ОН	RGA NIC S		
		HIGHLY ORG	GANIC SOIL			PT			
10ISTU	RE CLA	SSIFICATION			ADDITIO	NAL CONSTI	TUENTS		
Term		ield Test			dary granular such as organ		or other mater e debris, etc.	ials	
					d Clay In:			and Gravel In:	
dry	very lo	w moisture,	Percent	Fine- Grained Soil	Coarse- Grained So	Percent	Fine- Grained So	Coarse- oil Grained Soil	
	damp	without	< 5	trace	trace	< 5	trace	trace	
moist		moisture	5 - 12	minor	with	5 - 15	minor	minor	
7.00		free water,	> 12	some	silty/clayey	_	with	with	
wet	the second second second second	saturated		551110	Janey Stay C	> 30	sandy/grave		
	IV			SOIL CLAS	SSIFICATION		71 0.21	TABLE A-2	







SAMI	PLE INFORM	INFORMATION		DRV	SIEVE			ATTERBERG LIMITS		
EXPLORATION NUMBER	SAMPLE DEPTH (FEET)	ELEVATION (FEET)	MOISTURE CONTENT (PERCENT)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	GRAVEL (PERCENT)	SAND (PERCENT)	P200 (PERCENT)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX
IT-1	7.5		7				18			
IT-2	10.0		15		1					
IT-2	13.0		14				22			
IT-3	10.0		12				17			



NIVI5

LEVELDEVNW-1-03

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY DATA

MARCH 2023

SHARI'S RESTAURANT SITE WILSONVILLE, OR

FIGURE A-4

RIG #9 PDA-S Ver. 2021.34 - Printed: 12/27/2021

Summary of SPT Test Results

MX: Maximum Force	t Date. 12/23/20						EFV: Maximum Energ	
MX: Maximum Velocity PM: Blows/Minute							ETR: Energy Transfer	r Ratio - Rate
Instr.	Blows	N	N60	Average	Average	Average	Average	Averag
Length	Applied	V ue	Value	FMX	VMX	BPM	EFV	ET
ft	/6"	40		kips	ft/s	bpm	ft-lb	
60.00	11-17-20	37	47	42	14.3	52.9	282	80
60.00	5-8-16		31	42	14.2	52.8	258	73
60.00	13-16-0	16	20	35	12.5	46.4	245	70
60.00	5-10-15	25	32	42	14.2	48.0	288	82
60.00	3-7-10	17		39	13.1	44.8	271	77
		Overall Ave	erage alues:	41	13.8	49.8	272	77
		Standa	rd Deviation:	2	0.8	3.3	16	4
		Overall Max	imum Value	43	15.2	53.3	297	84
		Overall Min	imum Value:	43	11.8	43.5	238	67
					+1			
					13	<u>'</u>		
					the	5;,		
					toll	Six	^	
					+1/1	Six	^	
					+5/	3/1/		
					+5/	5//		
					+5/	5/2		
					+5/	5/2		

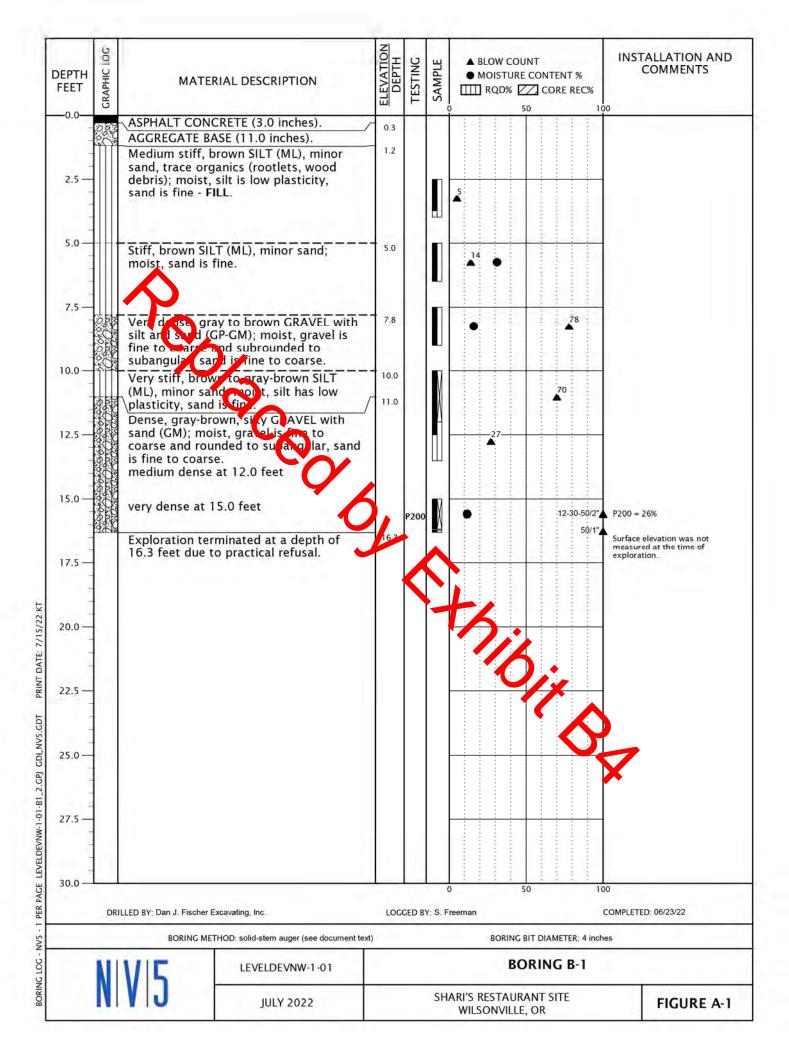
ATTACHMENT B

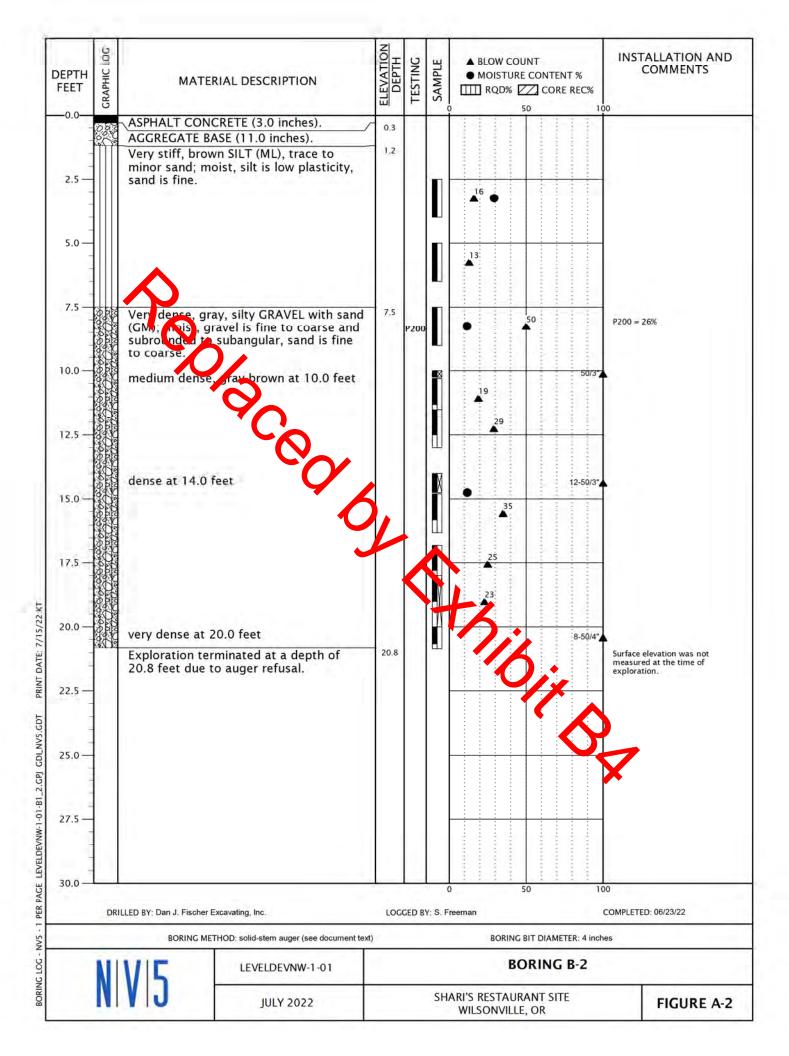
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ATTACHMENT B

EXPLORATION LOGS AND LABORATORY TESTING RESULTS FROM 2022 STUDY







PRINT DATE: 7/11/22:SN LAB SUMMARY - CDI-NV5 LEVELDEVNW-1-01-B1_2.GPJ GDI_NV5.GDT

NIVI5

LEVELDEVNW-1-01

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY DATA

SHARI'S RESTAURANT SITE WILSONVILLE, OR

FIGURE A-3

From: Allen Schmitz

Sent: Tuesday, April 25, 2023 4:55 PM kevin.weberling@deq.oregon.gov

Cc: David Humber
Subject: UIC for Land Use

Attachments: WTC Landuse - 03-13-2023 3.pdf

Kevin,

We are working on a project in Wilsonville and we are in the process of getting land use approval. We recently received an incomplete letter from the City and one of the items that have asked us to address is the following statement.

"Documentation that a UIC would be approved at this location by DEQ must be provided with the land use application"

Site address is 29690 SW To yn Center loop Wilsonville, OR. Shown below in the mapping tool with the parcel #411.

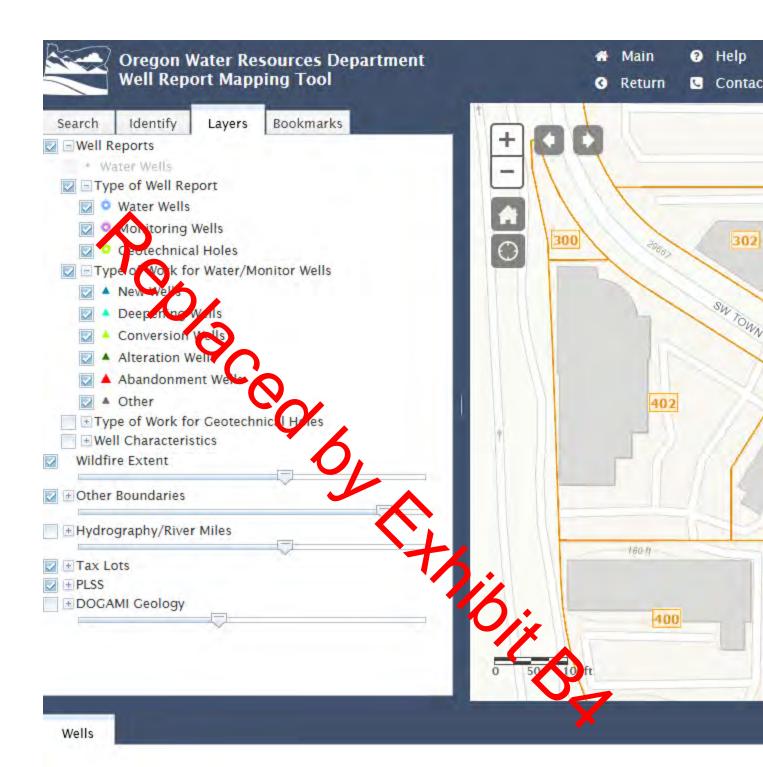
We are providing water quality treathest prior to the UIC and we have infiltration testing that validates.

Would it be possible for you to reply to this email letting us know if there is any additional information that we would need to provide in order to respond to the City.

Thomas and the second s

Please feel free to reach out if you have any questions.

Thanks,



Allen Schmitz P.E.

Sr. Project Engineer **D**: 503.488.5711

Humber Design Group, Inc.

Urban Civil Engineering 110 SE Main Street, Suite 200, Portland, OR 97214 www.hdgpdx.com

s in Oregon 2019 and 2020

100 Best Green Westplaces in Oregon 2019 City of Portland





CITY OF WILSONVILLE



117 COMMERCIAL STREET NE. SUITE 310, SALEM, OR 97301 . 503.391.8773 . DKSASSOCIATES.COM

PREPARED FOR CITY OF WILSONVILLE



Amy Pepper, PE

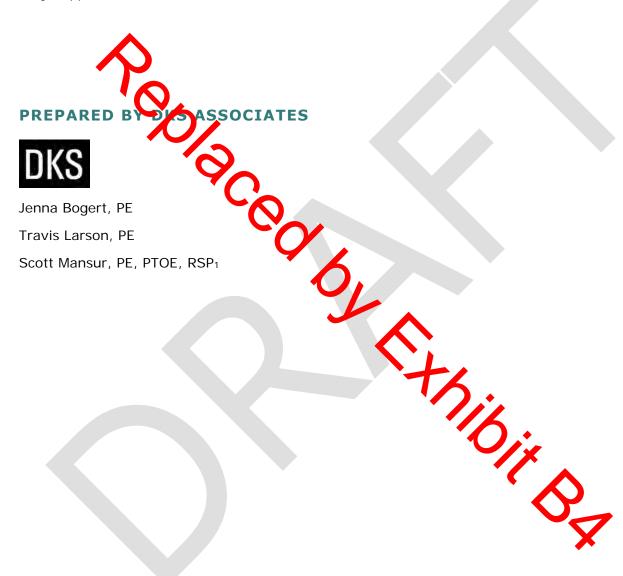


TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	
EXISTING CONDITIONS	3
STUDY AREA ROADWAY NETWORK	
EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES	5
INTERSECTION PERFORMANCE MEASURES	5
EXISTING INTERSECTION OPERATIONS	
	8
PROPOSED DEV L VIMENT	8
FUTURE ANALYSIS SCENARIOS	8
TRIP GENERATION	
VEHICLE TRIP DISTRIBUTION	9
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
FUTURE INTERSECTION OPERATIONS	
CITE DI AN DEVIEW	
SITE PLAN REVIEW	13
SUMMARY	16
APPENDIX	17
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INTRODUCTION

This study evaluates the transportation impacts associated with the proposed multifamily development that is to be located within the Wilsonville Town Center area on the north corner of the Park Place/Town Center Loop West intersection. The project will consist of 114 multifamily apartments and approximately 4,000 square feet of ground floor retail.

The Town Center area is subject to redevelopment in alignment with the Town Center Plan.¹ Therefore, while this multifamily development will be evaluated per existing conditions, applicable conformity to the Town Center Plan is considered.

The purpose of this transportation impact analysis (TIA) is to identify potential mitigation measures needed to offset transportation impacts that the proposed development may have on the nearby transportation network. The impact analysis is focused on the study intersections, which were selected for evaluation in coordination with City staff. The intersections are listed on the following page and shown in Figure 1. Important characteristics of the study area and proposed project are listed in Table 1.

- 1. Interstate-5 Southboun Ramps/Wilsonville Road
- 2. Interstate-5 Northbound Range / Wilsonville Road
- 3. Town Center Loop West/Wilson Tile Poad
- 4. Park Place/Town Center Loop West
- 5. Site Access/Town Center Loop West

TABLE 1: STUDY AREA & DEVELOPMENT CHARACTERISTICS

STUDY AREA	
NUMBER OF STUDY INTERSECTIONS	Five
ANALYSIS PERIODS	Weekday PM peak bour (one hour between 4pm – 6pm)
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT	10 /4
LAND USE & SIZE	Mixed-use with 114 multifactory apartments and 4,000 square feet of ground floor retail.
PROJECT TRIPS	55 net PM peak hour trips (31 in, 24 out)
VEHICULAR ACCESS POINTS	One vehicular access point for off-street parking on Town Center Loop West

¹ Town Center Plan, City of Wilsonville, Amended October 2021.



FIGURE 1: STUDY AREA

EXISTING CONDITIONS

This chapter provides documentation of existing study area conditions, including the study area roadway network, pedestrian and bicycle facilities, and existing traffic volumes and operations.

STUDY AREA ROADWAY NETWORK

Key roadways and their existing characteristics in the study area are summarized in Table 2. The functional classifications for City of Wilsonville streets are provided in the City of Wilsonville Transportation System Plan (TSP).²

TABLE 2: STUD A EA ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS

ROADWAY	FUNCTIONAL CLASS	OWNER	LANES	POSTED SPEED	SIDE- WALKS	BICYCLE FACILITIES	ON-STREET PARKING
WILSONVILLE ROAD	Major Arteria	City of Wilsonville ^a	4 ^b	25 mph ^c	Yes	Yes	No
TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST	Major Arterial	C'S of V ilser ville	2	35 mph	Yes	Yes ^d	No
PARK PLACE	Local	City of Wilsonville	2	None Posted	Partial ^e	Yes	No
INTERSTATE 5	Urban Interstate	ODOT	1	65 mph	No	No	No

^a Wilsonville Road is under ODOT jurisdiction near the I-5 interchance:

BICYCLE AND PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES

Bicycle facilities in the Town Center area have been improved within the Last five years with the addition of a buffered bicycle lane for the majority of the Town Center Loop. W sol ville Road and a short section of Park Place also have bicycle lanes (non-buffered).

In general, sidewalks exist on all City streets including Town Center Loop and Wilsopfille Road. Within the last few years, a new RRFB (Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon) with a median pedestrian island was added to the Town Center Loop crossing at the intersection with Park Place. This also included pedestrian crossing continental striping of the Park Place crossing.

^b Wilsonville Road is primarily 4 travel lanes, with some additional lanes prepent near the I-5 interchange.

^c Wilsonville Road has a posted speed of 35 mph east of Town Center Loop

^d Town Center Loop West has buffered bicycle lanes.

e Park Place has sidewalks except for a small section on the NW side of the street

² Chapter 3: The Standards, Wilsonville Transportation System Plan, City of Wilsonville, Amended November 2020.

PUBLIC TRANSIT SERVICE

South Metro Area Regional Transit (SMART) provides public transportation services within Wilsonville and outlying areas, including Canby, Salem, and south Portland. There are three SMART routes that service the study area. Route 2X (Tualatin Park & Ride) provides service between the Wilsonville Transit Center and Tualatin Park & Ride with approximately 30-minute headways. Route 4 (Wilsonville Road) provides service between the Wilsonville Transit Center and Meridian Creek Middle School with approximately 30-minute headways. Route V (Villebois Shopping Shuttle) provides service between the Villebois neighborhood and Town Center area with approximately 60-minute headways. Each route includes multiple transit stops within the Town Center area.

PLANNED PROJECTS

The City of Wilson We Transportation System Plan (TSP) has a list of Higher Priority projects which includes the recommended projects reasonably expected to be funded through 2035. These are the highest priority solutions to meet the City's most important needs. The list includes the following projects that impact the key rolldways near the proposed project site.

- <u>BW-8 (Town Center Loop Pedestrian, Bicycle, and Transit Improvements)</u> Create more direct connections between restinations within Town Center area, improve accessibility to civic uses and transit stops, report sidewalks with curb ramps, highlight crosswalks with colored pavement, and construct other similar treatments that support pedestrian, bicycle, and transit access and circulation.
- <u>BW-18 (Park Place Promenade)</u> Co. very the existing segment of Park Place between Courtside Drive and Town Center Loop West from a motor vehicle route to pedestrian/bicycle facilities only. Constitute a proprenade that includes a cycle track and wide walkway for pedestrians.
- <u>RE-15 (Park Place Extension)</u> Construct an extension of Park Place from Courtside Drive to Wilsonville Road as a new main street with two traverlands, parking, and sidewalks on both sides (see Figure 3-13). This extension will create a new signalized intersection at Wilsonville Road (SI-10).
- <u>RE-16 (Courtside Drive Extension)</u> Construct an extension of Courtside Drive from Park Place to Town Center Loop West as a new main street with two travillanes, buffered bike lanes, and sidewalks (see Figure 3-13).
- SI-09 (Wilsonville Road/Town Center Loop West Turn Lane Removal) and by the existing signal to eliminate eastbound and westbound left turns, add a landscaped median to the west leg, and add a crosswalk to the west side of the intersection with a median refuge island. This project should include a "trap lane" to mitigate queuing into the ramp terminal intersection unless at the time of construction a 20-year analysis demonstrates that it is not needed or if alternative mitigation is identified that that has similar or better results.
- <u>SI-10 (Wilsonville Road/Park Place New Traffic Signal)</u> Modify the intersection to add left turn lanes on Wilsonville Road and install a traffic signal that allows all turning movements. To be installed in conjunction with SI-09 and RE-15. The project should include signal coordination with dump loop sensors unless at the time of construction a 20-year analysis demonstrates that the sensors and signal coordination in the corridor is not needed or if alternative mitigation is identified that that has similar or better results.

When these projects are constructed, there will be significant vehicle routing changes within the Town Center area due to the restriction of turning movements at certain intersections and new roadway connections. While these future routing impacts are not considered for this transportation impact analysis, it is important to note that current routing assumptions for this analysis are based on existing roadway conditions.

EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES

New intersection turning movement count data was collected during two consecutive weekday PM peak periods (4 Nopm – 6:00pm) at the study intersections. These two days of weekday PM peak hour volume were averaged together to represent average, typical weekday conditions in Wilsonville. Figure 2 shows the Existing PM peak hour traffic volumes for the study intersections, along with the large configurations and traffic control.

INTERSECTION PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Agency mobility standards of in require intersections to meet level of service (LOS) or volume-to-capacity (v/c) intersection operation thresholds.

- The intersection LOS is similar to a "report card" rating based upon average vehicle delay. Level of service A, B, and C indicate conditions where traffic moves without significant delays over periods of peak hour ravel demand. Level of service D and E are progressively worse operating conditions. Level of service F represents conditions where average vehicle delay has become excessive and demand has exceeded capacity. This condition is typically evident in long queues and delays.
- The volume-to-capacity (v/c) ratio represents the level of saturation of the intersection or individual movement. It is determined by dividing the peak hour traffic volume by the maximum hourly capacity of an intersection or turn coverient. When the V/C ratio approaches 0.95, operations become unstable and small diruptions can cause the traffic flow to break down, resulting in the formation of excessive page 4.

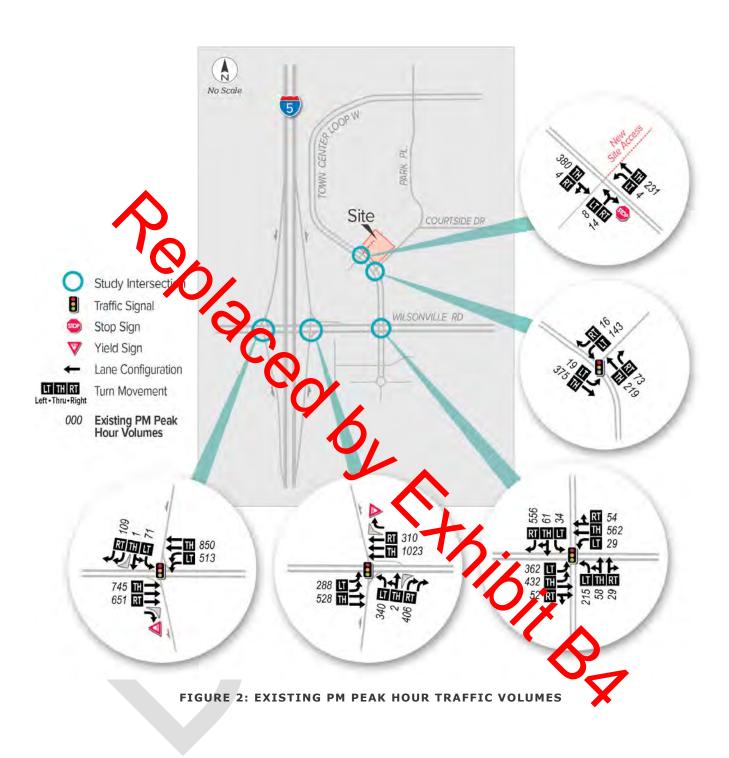
The City of Wilsonville requires study intersections on public streets to neet its minimum acceptable level of service (LOS) standard of LOS D for the PM peak period. An exception is placed on Wilsonville Road, between and including Boones Ferry Road and Town Center Loop West, which allows a minimum LOS standard of LOS E.³

The two intersections of the Interstate-5/Wilsonville Road interchange are required to meet ODOT mobility targets, which are identified in the METRO Regional Transportation Plan (2018) and the Oregon Highway Plan (1999). For the I-5 corridor between the Marquam Bridge to Wilsonville, the PM peak hour target for the first and second hour is a v/c ratio equal to or less than 0.99.⁴

³ Chapter 2: The Vision, Policy 5, Wilsonville Transportation System Plan, City of Wilsonville, Amended November 2020.

⁴ Table 2.4, Regional Transportation Plan, Metro, December 2018.

Table 7, Oregon Highway Plan, Oregon Department of Transportation, 1999.



EXISTING INTERSECTION OPERATIONS

Intersection operations were analyzed for the PM peak hour at all study intersections for the existing conditions using Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 6th Edition methodology.⁵ The volume to capacity (v/c) ratio, delay, and level of service (LOS) of each study intersection are listed in Table 3.

As shown, all study intersections meet the applicable operating standards under all future analysis scenarios.

TABLE 3: EXISTING INTERSECTION OPERATIONS (PM PEAK)

→		EXISTING					
INTERSECTION	OPERATING STANDARD						
		V/C	DELAY	LOS			
SIGNALIZED							
I-5 SB RAMPS/WILSONVI	v/c ≤ 0.99 (ODOT)	0.36	12.3	В			
I-5 NB RAMPS/WILSONVILLE RE	V/\ ≤ 0.99 (ODOT)	0.45	15.0	В			
TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST/ WILSONVILLE RD	LOS E (City)	0.50	28.4	С			
TWO-WAY STOP-CONTROLLED	0,						
PARK PL/ TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST	LOS D (Cig)	0.45	22.1	A/C			
SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION: Delay = Average Intersection Delay (secs) v/c = Total Volume-to-Capacity Ratio LOS = Total Level of Service	Delay v/c = 0	Critica Movement De	LED INTERSECTION: elay (secs) me-to-Capacity Ratio ce (Major/Minor Road)				
			5/1/02	7			

⁵ Highway Capacity Manual, 6th Edition, Transportation Research Board, 2017.



WILSONVILLE TOWN CENTER MULTIFAMILY • TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ANALYSIS • APRIL 2023

PROJECT IMPACTS

This chapter reviews the impacts that the proposed development may have on the transportation system within the study area. This analysis includes trip generation, trip distribution, future traffic volume development, and operations analysis for the study intersections.

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development consists of a five-story mixed use building on the north corner of Park Place and Town Center Loop West. The building will include 114 multifamily apartments and 4,000 square feet of ground floor retail. The development will replace the existing Shari's Restaurant. Onsite/off-street parking will be accessed via a new driveway located on Town Center Loop West. Based on the draft site plan, it appears to be placed directly opposite an existing driveway.

FUTURE ANALYSIS SENARIOS

Operating conditions were analyzed at the study intersections for the following traffic scenarios. The comparison of the following scenarios enables the assessment of project impacts:

- Existing + Project
- Existing + Stage II
- Existing + Project + Stage II

All future analysis scenarios assume the same traffic control as existing conditions. Stage II represents traffic from other developments that have Stage II approval or are under construction in Wilsonville, which are based on the list of currently approved Stage II developments provided by City staff.⁶

TRIP GENERATION

Trip generation is the method used to estimate the number of vericles added to site driveways and the adjacent roadway network by a development during a specified period (e.g., PM peak hour). The Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) publishes trip generation ates for the various land uses that can be applied to determine estimated traffic volumes.⁷

ITE Land Use categories Multifamily Housing (Mid-Rise) (221) and Strip Plaza (401) (822) was utilized for this analysis. Internal trip reductions were applied due to the mix of retail and residential land uses, for which a 23% reduction was calculated using methodology from NCHRP Report 684.8

⁶ Provided via email from Daniel Pauly, City of Wilsonville, March 6, 2023.

⁷ Trip Generation Manual, 11th Edition, Institute of Transportation Engineers, 2021.

⁸ NCHRP Report 684, Enhancing Internal Trip Capture Estimation for Mixed-Use Developments, Transportation Research Board, 2011.

As shown in Table 4, the proposed development is expected to generate a total of 55 net PM peak hour trips (31 in, 24 out) and 551 daily trips. It should be noted that the existing Shari's restaurant that will be removed as part of this development was still in operation at the time of the transportation data collected for this study. As shown in the following section, no traffic impacts were identified in the transportation analysis and therefore, no trip reductions were applied as part of the analysis.

TABLE 4: VEHICLE TRIP GENERATION

LAND USE (TE CODE)	SIZE _		PM PEAK TRIPS		- DAILY TRIPS
EAND USE (TE GUDE)	31 2 L =	IN	OUT	TOTAL	- DAILI IRIFS
MULTIFAMILY (C.SI) IG (MID-RISE) (221	114 Units	27	18	45	497
STRIP RETAIL PLAZA (<40K) (822)	4.0 KSF ^a	13	13	26	218
Internal Rec	duction (23%):	-9	-7	-16	-164
	্ব	31	24	55	551

^a KSF = 1,000 square feet

VEHICLE TRIP DISTRIBUTION

Vehicle trip distribution provides an estimation of where vehicles would be coming from and going to. It is given as a percentage at key gateways to the stray area and is used to route project trips through the study intersections. Figure 3 shows the trip distribution for the proposed site. The trip distribution was based on the Wilsonville Travel Demand Model. In general, the distribution showed approximately 35% of traffic coming from/going to the Vilsonville Road interchange, 35% coming from/going to Boeckman Road north of the Wilsonville Town Center, 15% coming from/going to Wilsonville Road west of I-5, and 15% coming from/going to Wilsonville Road east of Town Center Loop.

PROJECT TRIPS THROUGH CITY OF WILSONVILLE I-5 INTERCHANGE TREAS

The project trips through the two City of Wilsonville I-5 interchange areas were estimated based on the trip generation and distribution assumptions as discussed prior. Approximately 50% of the project trips (28 new PM peak hour trips) are expected to travel through the I-5/Wilsonville Road interchange area and approximately 5% (3 new PM peak hour trips) are expected to travel through the I-5/Elligsen Road interchange area.

⁹ 2035 Wilsonville Travel Demand Model, Select Zone Analysis, Zone 4050.

FUTURE TRAFFIC VOLUMES

Traffic volumes were estimated at the study intersections for the three future analysis scenarios previously listed using the various combinations of the three traffic types: Existing, Project, and Stage II. Figure 4 shows the future PM peak hour traffic volumes for those three scenarios.

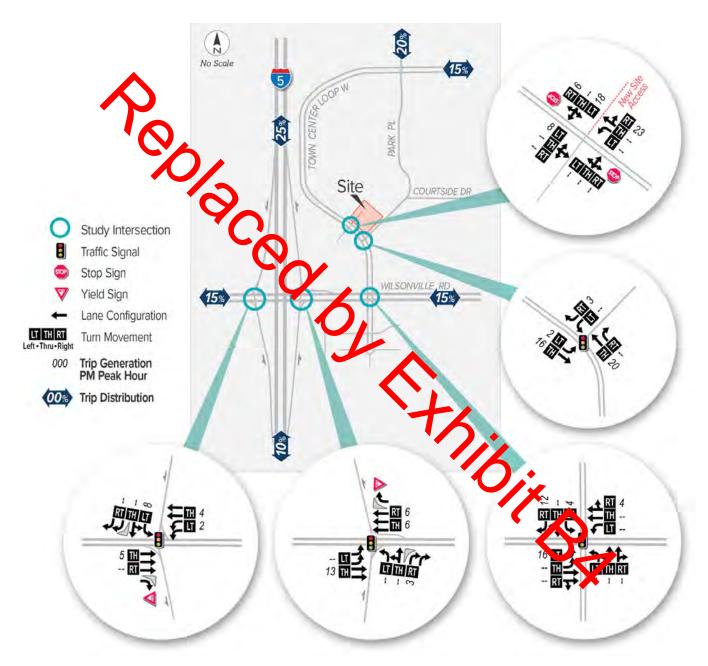
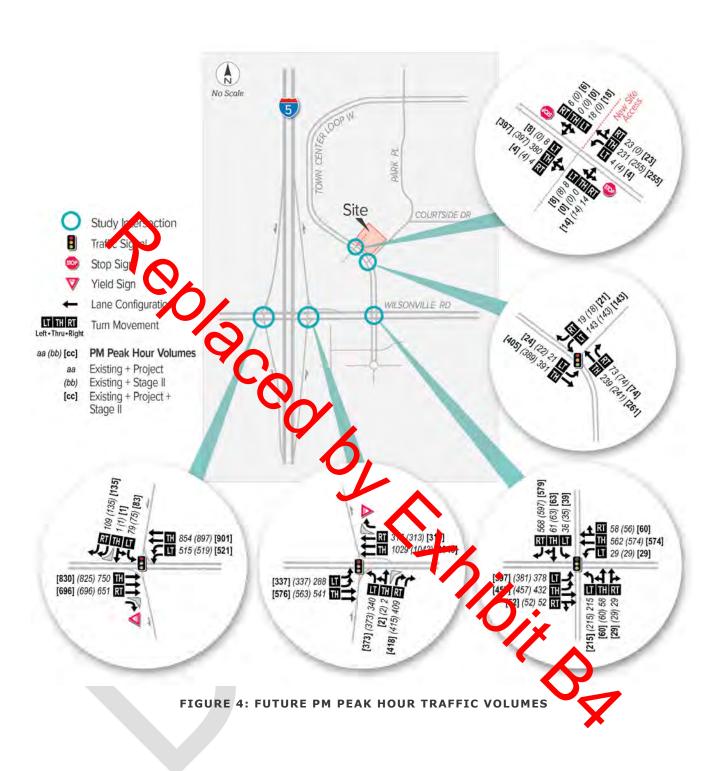


FIGURE 3: PROJECT TRIPS & TRIP DISTRIBUTION



FUTURE INTERSECTION OPERATIONS

Intersection operations were analyzed for the PM peak hour at all study intersections for the future scenarios using Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 6th Edition methodology.¹⁰ The volume to capacity (v/c) ratio, delay, and level of service (LOS) of each study intersection are listed in Table 5.

As shown, all study intersections meet the applicable operating standards under all future analysis scenarios.

TABLE 5: FUTURE INTERSECTION OPERATIONS (PM PEAK)

							- 100			
INTERSECTION	PERATING SZANDARD	EXISTING + PROJECT		EXISTING + STAGE II			EXISTING + PROJECT + STAGE II			
	NDARD	V/C	DELAY	LOS	V/C	DELAY	LOS	V/C	DELAY	LOS
SIGNALIZED	1 2									
I-5 SB RAMPS/ WILSONVILLE RD	v/c ≤ 0.99 (ODOT)	0.37	12.4	В	0.38	12.2	В	0.39	12.3	В
I-5 NB RAMPS/ WILSONVILLE RD	v/c ≤ 0.99 (ODOT)	0.46	15.0	В	0.48	15.9	В	0.48	15.9	В
TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST/ WILSONVILLE RD	LOS E (City)	0.50	20	C	0.51	28.7	С	0.52	29.2	С
TWO-WAY STOP-CO	NTROLLED									
PARK PL/ TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST	LOS D (City)	0.47	24.2	A/C	0.48	24.5	A/C	0.51	26.9	A/D
SITE ACCESS/ TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST	LOS D (City)	0.08	16.2	A/C	-	16);x	0.09	17.1	A/C
SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION Delay = Average Intersection D v/c = Total Volume-to-Capacity LOS = Total Level of Service			Dela v/c	ay = Critical = Critical Mo	Movement De ovement Volumevels of Service	elay (secs) me-to-Ca	acity			

¹⁰ Highway Capacity Manual, 6th Edition, Transportation Research Board, 2017.



WILSONVILLE TOWN CENTER MULTIFAMILY • TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ANALYSIS • APRIL 2023

SITE PLAN REVIEW

This chapter reviews the site plan on the basis of consistency with the Wilsonville Town Center Plan and abiding by the Transportation System Plan, including access spacing and sight distance, pedestrian and bicycle facilities, on-site circulation, and frontage improvements. The site plan is provided in the appendix.¹¹

TOWN CENTER PLAN CONSISTENCY

The proposed development is found to be consistent with future plans for the Town Center Area as laid out in the fown Center Plan. 12 The site plan provides no on-site access via Park Place, which is consistent with a Replace eventually being transitioned into a pedestrian-only promenade. The street connection in the north side of the plot is also maintained. With the development of the site, additional right-on way will be dedicated on all sides of the property.

VEHICULAR SITE ACCESS

A vehicular site access for off street parking is proposed along Town Center Loop West. Based on the site plan, it appears to be directly opposite an existing driveway serving the NW Wellness Center business park. It is desired from a traffic safety perspective for the two driveways to be aligned to reduce the number of potential Mofflict points.

The new driveway will be approximately 190 feet northwest of the Park Place intersection and approximately 240 feet southeast of the Marres. World/McDonalds driveway. The proposed access on Town Center Loop West is required to meet the City's Access Spacing Standards. The access spacing standard for a Major Arterial is to be a minimum 1000 feet, but the desired spacing is 1,320 feet. The new driveway, therefore, does not meet access spacing standards.

Typically, access to a development should be placed on the lower classification street. However, in alignment with the Town Center Plan, Park Place will eventually to transitioned to a pedestrian zone and no vehicular access will be permitted on Park Place at that time. Therefore, Town Center Loop is the only current option for vehicular site access. Because the property frontage is only approximately 200 feet along Town Center Loop West, the site access vill not be able to meet access spacing standards for a Minor Arterial. Therefore, a code variance for the site access spacing will need to be requested by the development to construct the site access on T. Wi Center Loop West.

DRIVEWAY AISLE LENGTH

The City has minimum driveway aisle length standards.¹⁴ For driveways with more than 100 average daily traffic (ADT), the drive aisle must be clear of parking stalls and intersecting drive aisles within 100 feet from the back of sidewalk. The driveway shown on the site plan has a drive

¹⁴ Public Works Standards, Section 201.2.23 (Driveways), Revised December 2015.



¹¹ Level WTC Site Plan, 100% Schematic Design, Sheet G-100, Hacker Architects, 1/27/2023.

¹² Town Center Plan, City of Wilsonville, Amended October 2021.

¹³ Table 3-12, Transportation System Plan, City of Wilsonville, Amended November 2020.

aisle length of only 10 feet on the west side of the aisle before the first parking stall. In order to meet the City's public works standards, the driveway aisle would need to extend a minimum of 100 feet. This would be very difficult for the site to accommodate without losing the majority of parking on-site. Therefore, it is recommended that the drive aisle be extended to match the east side of the drive aisle (approximately 40 feet) to provide safe vehicle maneuvers in and out of the site and site parking stalls.

SIGHT DISTANCE

Adequate sight distance should be provided at all intersections and driveways. Objects (e.g., buildings, fep. 15, yalls, or vegetation) located near the intersections may inhibit sight distance for drivers attempting to turn out of a minor street onto the major street. With a speed limit of 35 miles per hour union Center Loop West, the sight distance requirement for the driveway is 390 feet to the northwest for vehicles turning left from the driveway roadway and 335 feet to the southeast for vehicles turning right from the driveway.¹⁵

Prior to occupancy, sight distance at any existing or proposed driveways will need to be verified, documented, and stamped by a registered professional Civil Engineer licensed in the State of Oregon to assure that buildings signs or landscaping does not restrict sight distance. The applicant should confirm through engineering drawings that the proposed access will meet the City's access spacing standards or variancy request.

FRONTAGE IMPROVEMENTS

The developer shall coordinate with the City of Wissaiville regarding the required frontage improvements on Town Center Loop West and Park Place. Pased on the standards prescribed in the Wilsonville TSP, ¹⁶ Town Center Loop West is a major or tenial which requires sidewalks, planter strips, and bike lanes along the project frontage. With Lown Center Loop West also being a Freight Route, maintaining the existing separation between bicycles and Vehicles is recommended.

As Park Place is planned to become a pedestrian promenade, the developer should coordinate any frontage improvements with the City to best fit future development plans.

MAJOR STREET TURN LANES

The Town Center Loop now consists of a buffered bicycle lane and single vehicle trivel lane in each direction with a center raised median. At all existing driveways on the loop where there is not a conflict with a nearby public street intersection, a turn lane is present. While not shown on the site plan, it is recommended that a southbound left turn lane be installed in the Town Center Loop median with a raised barrier for access to the development driveway. This turn lane is recommended to improve safety for traffic accessing the proposed development; however, it will require modifications to the existing landscaped center median. This left turn lane does not meet left turn lane criteria and is therefore not required, but it is recommended. Without the left turn

¹⁶ Chapter 3: The Standards, Wilsonville Transportation System Plan, City of Wilsonville, Amended November 2020.



¹⁵ Chapter 9, Tables 9-7 & 9-9, A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets, AASHTO, 7th Edition, 2018.

lane, left turning vehicles will block through traffic on Town Center Loop West as cars wait to turn left into the site.

An additional landscaped median can be added back to Town Center Loop West when Park Place is converted to a pedestrian promenade since there will not be a need for a southbound left turn lane at Park Place at that time.

An aerial conceptual demonstration of the turn lane and possible future median addition is provided in the appendix.

ON-SITE CIPCULATION

The City desires for all modes of transportation to have practical parking and circulation that is safe and convenient ¹⁷ he site plan includes the single vehicular entrance to a parking lot, which generally includes a circular drive-aisle for parking.

PEDESTRIAN AND BIFYCE FACILITIES

The City provides standards for pedestrian facilities within developments to provide safe and convenient accessibility for all ledestrians. ¹⁸ The site plan shows sidewalks encompassing the entire property/building, with wide sidewalks facing Park Place (the future pedestrian promenade). No specific bicycle facilities are shown but both Town Center Loop West and Park Place already have bicycle lanes currently.

This is

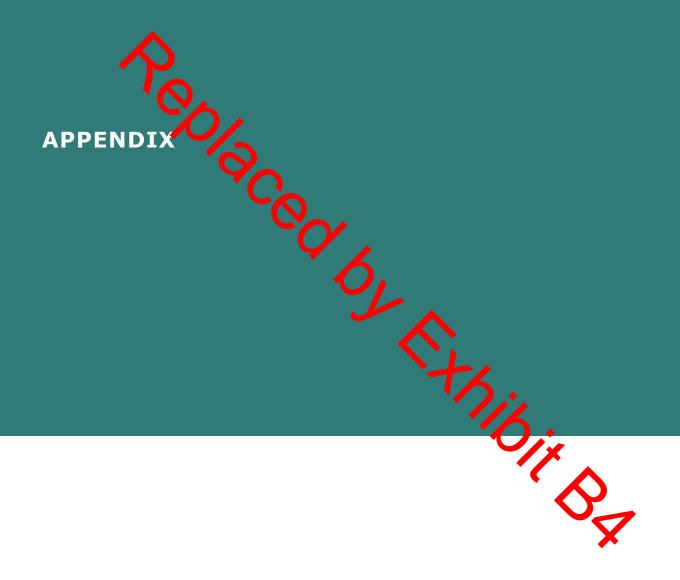
¹⁷ Section 4.421, Wilsonville Development Code, Updated March 2023.

¹⁸ Section 4.154, Wilsonville Development Code, Updated March 2023.

SUMMARY

The key findings of the transportation impact analysis for the Town Center Multifamily development are discussed below.

- The project will consist of a five-story mixed use building including 114 multifamily apartments and 4,000 square feet of ground floor retail. The development will replace the existing Shari's Restaurant that is located on the northeast corner of Park Place and Town Center Loop West.
- On-site off-treet parking will be accessed via a new driveway on Town Center Loop West that will be placed directly opposite an existing driveway.
- The proposed development is expected to generate 55 net PM peak hour trips (31 in, 24 out).
- Of those project trips, 2 new trips are expected to travel through the I-5/Wilsonville Road interchange area and prew trips are expected to travel through the I-5/Elligsen Road interchange area.
- The traffic operations at the rive study intersections are expected to operate within the City's LOS standard and ODOT's pobility targets under all future volume conditions.
- The new driveway for the development does not meet access spacing standards. However, there is already an existing driveway directly adjacent to the proposed location and it is deemed the best location for the development.
- Prior to occupancy, sight distance at the proposed project access points will need to be verified, documented, and stamped by a registered places donal Civil or Traffic Engineer licensed in the State of Oregon.
- It is recommended that a southbound left turn lane be installed in the Town Center Loop median for access to the development driveway for the safety of readway users and consistency with the rest of the Town Center area. This would require the removal of the existing landscaped median.
- The developer shall coordinate with the City regarding any frontage improvements on Town Center Loop West and Park Place to maintain consistency with the Town Center Plan.





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CONTENTS

APPENDIX A: TRAFFIC COUNT DATA

APPENDIX B: STAGE II LIST

APPENDIX C: HCM REPORT - EXISTING

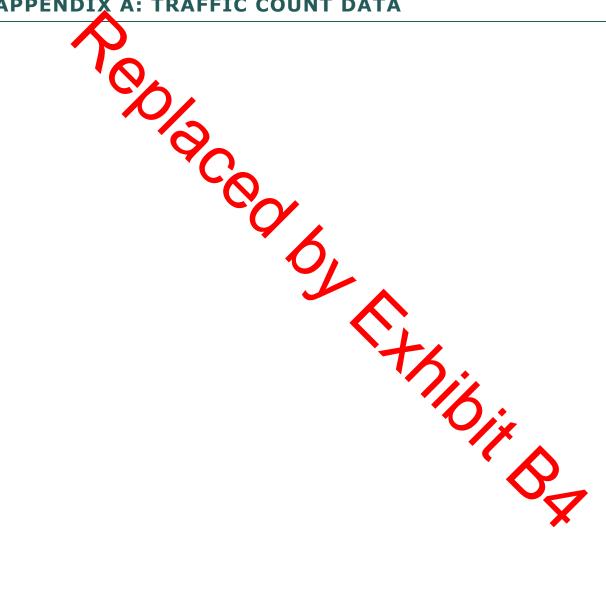
APPENDIX D: HCM REPORT - EXISTING + PROJECT

APPENDIX ... H REPORT - EXISTING + STAGE II

PORT - EXISTING + PROJECT + STAGE II

APPENDIX H: SITE PLAN

APPENDIX A: TRAFFIC COUNT DATA



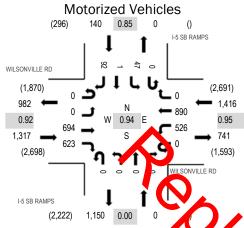


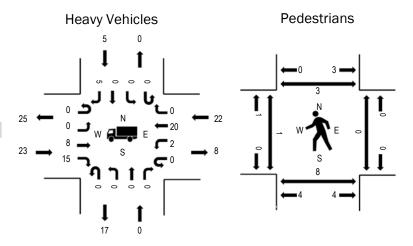
Location: 1 I-5 SB RAMPS & WILSONVILLE RD PM

Date: Tuesday, March 7, 2023 **Peak Hour:** 04:45 PM - 05:45 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 05:25 PM - 05:40 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentness

	HV%	PHF
EB	1.7%	0.92
WB	1.6%	0.95
NB	0.0%	0.00
SB	3.6%	0.85
All	1.7%	0.94

Interval	\		VILLE RI	D	,		VILLA RD),			RAMPS abound				RAMPS			Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left		Ri 👊	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	0	51	48	0	46	57	0	P	0	0	0	0	6	0	8	216	2,850
4:05 PM	0	0	76	44	0	27	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	8	234	2,871
4:10 PM	0	0	73	49	0	44	86	0			0	0	0	3	0	10	265	2,869
4:15 PM	0	0	55	52	0	48	69	0	0			0	0	3	0	5	232	2,825
4:20 PM	0	0	78	53	0	43	74	0	0	0		• 0	0	4	0	5	257	2,824
4:25 PM	0	0	57	48	0	43	75	0	0	0	J		0	5	0	9	237	2,807
4:30 PM	0	0	65	54	0	46	49	0	0	0			0	7	0	5	226	2,835
4:35 PM	0	0	51	59	0	40	77	0	0	0	0		0	8	0	4	239	2,863
4:40 PM	0	0	82	59	0	29	63	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	8	246	2,868
4:45 PM	0	0	58	51	0	50	71	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	7	240	2,873
4:50 PM	0	0	55	48	0	48	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	6	235	2,864
4:55 PM	0	0	44	52	0	45	71	0	0	0	0	0		T	0	10	223	2,837
5:00 PM	0	0	52	51	0	44	75	0	0	0	0	0	0		-	11	237	2,835
5:05 PM	0	0	48	51	0	43	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	6	232	
5:10 PM	0	0	44	53	0	45	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	221	
5:15 PM	0	0	56	58	0	38	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	6	231	
5:20 PM	0	0	65	48	0	41	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	11	240	
5:25 PM	0	0	72	54	0	46	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	10	265	
5:30 PM	0	0	51	59	0	49	83	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	7	254	
5:35 PM	0	0	85	44	0	38	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	8	244	
5:40 PM	0	0	64	54	0	39	82	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	6	251	
5:45 PM	0	0	68	49	0	42	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	231	
5:50 PM	0	0	47	43	0	39	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	10	208	
5:55 PM	0	0	76	44	0	23	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	7	221	
Count Total	0	0	1,473	1,225	0	996	1,695	0	0	0	0	0	0	120	1	175	5,685	_
Peak Hour	0	0	694	623	0	526	890	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	1	92	2,873	_

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

Start Time	EB								es on Road			Interval		destrians/l			
	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total
4:00 PM	6	0	0	1	7	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM	0	0	0	1	1
4:05 PM	2	0	1	1	4	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:05 PM	0	0	0	2	2
4:10 PM	4	0	4	3	11	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:15 PM	7	0	4	0	11	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	0	0	1	1
4:20 PM	2	0	2	0	4	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	1	0	1	2
4:25 PM	3	0	1	1	5	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:25 PM	0	0	0	1	1
4:30 PM	0	0	1	0	1	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	1	0	0	1
4:35 PM	5	0	0	0	5	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:40 PM	2	0	4	2	8	4:40 PM	0	0	1	0	1	4:40 PM	0	1	0	0	1
4:45 PM	3	0	3	0	6	4:45 PM	0	0	1	0	1	4:45 PM	0	2	0	0	2
4:50 PM	2	0	0	1	3	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:55 PM	1	0	0	0	1	4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:55 PM	1	0	0	1	2
5:00 PM	3			0	6	5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:00 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:05 PM	1	0	2	1	4	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:05 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:10 PM	3	0	' (0	4	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:10 PM	0	2	0	0	2
5:15 PM	3	0	3		7	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:15 PM	0	0	0	1	1
5:20 PM	1	0	5		7	5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:20 PM	0	1	0	1	2
5:25 PM	1	0	0			5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
5:30 PM	1	0	2		3	5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
5:35 PM	1	0	1	1		5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:40 PM	3	0	2	0	1	5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:45 PM	4	0	3	0	7	5.4F W	0	0	0	0	0	5:45 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:50 PM	1	0	2	0	3	5:5 PM	0	. 0	0	0	0	5:50 PM	0	1	0	2	3
5:55 PM	3	0	2	0	5	5:55 PM		0	0	0	0	5:55 PM	0	1	0	0	1
Count Total	62	0	46	13		Count Total	0	0	2	0		Count Total	1	15	0	11	27
Peak Hour	23	0	22	5	50	Peak Hour	0	0	1	0	1	Peak Hour	1	9	0	3	13
										4	ろ 人	Ö	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		•		



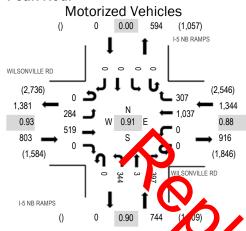
Location: 2 I-5 NB RAMPS & WILSONVILLE RD PM

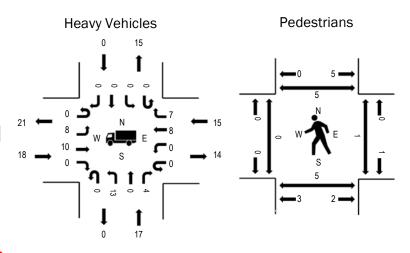
Date: Tuesday, March 7, 2023

Peak Hour: 04:00 PM - 05:00 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 04:10 PM - 04:25 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentnes s.

	HV%	PHF
EB	2.2%	0.93
WB	1.1%	0.88
NB	2.3%	0.90
SB	0.0%	0.00
All	1.7%	0.91

Interval	WILSONVILLE RD WILSONVILLE Eastbound Westbound										RAMPS			I-5 NB F	RAMPS			Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Ri 🏄	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	24	42	0	0	0	67	44	9	22	0	35	0	0	0	0	244	2,891
4:05 PM	0	30	52	0	0	0	100	18	0	19	1	28	0	0	0	0	248	2,865
4:10 PM	0	21	40	0	0	0	98	36		31	0	29	0	0	0	0	257	2,833
4:15 PM	0	40	30	0	0	0	86	43	0		- 8	37	0	0	0	0	271	2,804
4:20 PM	0	27	56	0	0	0	92	23	0	26		_38	0	0	0	0	262	2,752
4:25 PM	0	16	46	0	0	0	83	20	0	30		1 2	0	0	0	0	217	2,729
4:30 PM	0	17	42	0	0	0	82	19	0	21		4	0	0	0	0	206	2,750
4:35 PM	0	31	41	0	0	0	87	33	0	35	0	47	0	0	0	0	274	2,790
4:40 PM	0	24	62	0	0	0	71	22	0	22	0	32		0	0	0	233	2,761
4:45 PM	0	18	36	0	0	0	90	10	0	34	1	47	0		0	0	236	2,748
4:50 PM	0	17	34	0	0	0	97	17	0	26	0	27	0	0	0	0	218	2,756
4:55 PM	0	19	38	0	0	0	84	22	0	31	0	31		V	0	0	225	2,747
5:00 PM	0	19	36	0	0	0	103	5	0	17	0	38	0			0	218	2,748
5:05 PM	0	8	39	0	0	0	95	17	0	34	0	23	0	0	0	0	216	
5:10 PM	0	22	28	0	0	0	76	33	0	36	0	33	0	0	0	0	228	
5:15 PM	0	21	40	0	0	0	81	21	0	22	0	34	0	0	0	0	219	
5:20 PM	0	25	42	0	0	0	97	9	0	29	0	37	0	0	0	0	239	
5:25 PM	0	21	41	0	0	0	99	20	0	35	0	22	0	0	0	0	238	
5:30 PM	0	23	43	0	0	0	85	17	0	35	0	43	0	0	0	0	246	
5:35 PM	0	32	59	0	0	0	73	18	0	26	0	37	0	0	0	0	245	
5:40 PM	0	13	45	0	0	0	88	6	0	36	0	32	0	0	0	0	220	
5:45 PM	0	18	51	0	0	0	78	21	0	32	0	44	0	0	0	0	244	
5:50 PM	0	23	47	0	0	0	54	14	0	38	0	33	0	0	0	0	209	
5:55 PM	0	30	55	0	0	0	66	26	0	20	1	28	0	0	0	0	226	
Count Total	0	539	1,045	0	0	0	2,032	514	0	704	4	801	0	0	0	0	5,639	_
Peak Hour	0	284	519	0	0	0	1,037	307	0	344	3	397	0	0	0	0	2,891	

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

Interval		Hea	vy Vehicle	S		Interval		Bicycle	es on Road	dway		Interval	Ped	destrians/	Bicycles on	Crosswa	k
Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total
4:00 PM	4	1	1	0	6	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:05 PM	2	2	1	0	5	4:05 PM	1	0	0	0	1	4:05 PM	0	0	0	2	2
4:10 PM	3	2	2	0	7	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	0	0	0	1	1
4:15 PM	3	3	2	0	8	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	0	0	1	1
4:20 PM	1	1	2	0	4	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	0	0	1	1
4:25 PM	1	0	1	0	2	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	2	1	1	4
4:30 PM	0	1	0	0	1	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:35 PM	1	0	1	0	2	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:35 PM	0	1	0	0	1
4:40 PM	0	2	2	0	4	4:40 PM	0	0	1	0	1	4:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:45 PM	3	4	1	0	8	4:45 PM	0	0	1	0	1	4:45 PM	0	2	0	0	2
4:50 PM	0	1	1	0	2	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:55 PM	0	0	1	0	1	4:55 PM	0	1	0	0	1		0	0	0	1	1
5:00 PM	1			0	4	5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	2	0	0	2
5:05 PM	0	2		0	3	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:05 PM	0	2	0	0	2
5:10 PM	2	1	'	0	4	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:15 PM	1	1	1	2)	3	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:15 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:20 PM	0	5	2	0	7	5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:20 PM	0	2	0	2	4
5:25 PM	0	0	1		1	5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:30 PM	0	0	3		3	5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:30 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:35 PM	1	1	1	0		5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:40 PM	1	0	1	0	2	5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:45 PM	2	2	2	0	6	5.4F W	0	0	0	0	0	5:45 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:50 PM	0	1	2	0	3	5:5 PM	0	. 0	0	0	0	5:50 PM	0	1	0	2	3
5:55 PM	2	1	0	0	3	5:55 PM		0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
Count Total	28	32	32	0	92	Count Total	1	1	2	0	4	Count Total	0	16	1	11	28
Peak Hour	18	17	15	0	50	Peak Hour	1	1	2	0	4	Peak Hour	0	5	1	7	13
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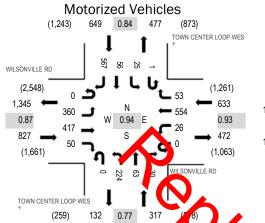
Location: 3 TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST & WILSONVILLE RD PM

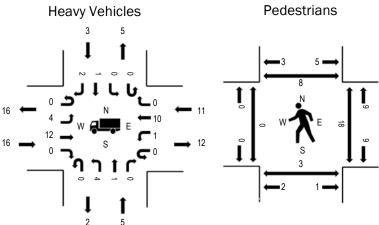
Date: Tuesday, March 7, 2023

Peak Hour: 04:00 PM - 05:00 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 04:00 PM - 04:15 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentnes s.

	HV%	PHF
EB	1.9%	0.87
WB	1.7%	0.93
NB	1.6%	0.77
SB	0.5%	0.84
All	1.4%	0.94

Interval	\	Eastbound					VILLARD bound),	TOWN		R LOOP	WEST	TOWN	CENTE South	R LOOP	WEST		Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Ri 🛺	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	19	44	4	0	2	49	10	9	70	7	3	0	1	4	42	205	2,426
4:05 PM	0	43	38	1	0	5	43	5	0	10	2	2	0	4	7	65	225	2,424
4:10 PM	0	22	26	6	0	2	52	5		2	9	2	0	2	8	57	216	2,392
4:15 PM	0	17	33	6	0	1	66	5	0	4		2	0	1	5	45	200	2,356
4:20 PM	0	46	42	7	0	4	56	2	0	8		o 0	0	6	2	41	225	2,354
4:25 PM	0	31	29	2	0	2	42	5	0	17	8		0	3	5	44	191	2,314
4:30 PM	0	18	28	4	0	2	32	4	0	24			0	3	1	45	168	2,330
4:35 PM	0	45	43	4	0	1	48	6	0	37	7		0	1	4	35	233	2,360
4:40 PM	0	20	47	7	0	2	44	1	0	12	3	2	1	1	6	37	182	2,327
4:45 PM	0	38	29	4	0	1	34	4	0	17	11	1	0		3	49	191	2,328
4:50 PM	0	19	28	4	0	1	45	4	0	16	9	7	1	2	7	53	196	2,338
4:55 PM	0	42	30	1	0	3	43	2	0	10	0	4			4	54	194	2,337
5:00 PM	0	21	36	2	0	6	55	6	0	15	6	5	0		0	37	203	2,317
5:05 PM	0	15	39	6	0	2	39	6	0	16	5	2	0	1	6	56	193	
5:10 PM	0	13	34	1	0	3	55	2	0	14	7	2	0	3	5	41	180	
5:15 PM	0	24	37	5	0	3	53	5	0	16	5	1	0	3	2	44	198	
5:20 PM	0	26	48	3	0	5	43	1	0	16	4	5	0	1	4	29	185	
5:25 PM	1	22	25	4	0	3	52	5	0	16	6	1	0	4	9	59	207	
5:30 PM	0	26	47	2	0	3	44	6	0	12	5	4	0	2	1	46	198	
5:35 PM	0	27	57	4	0	1	47	4	0	8	2	2	0	5	7	36	200	
5:40 PM	0	27	38	4	0	0	36	7	0	18	5	2	0	4	2	40	183	
5:45 PM	0	19	47	3	0	4	44	6	0	21	7	3	0	11	2	34	201	
5:50 PM	0	47	54	2	0	1	26	4	0	9	6	4	0	3	6	33	195	
5:55 PM	0	16	51	1	0	3	47	1	0	8	2	1	0	3	4	37	174	
Count Total	1	643	930	87	0	60	1,095	106	0	393	123	62	1	71	112	1,059	4,743	_
Peak Hour	0	360	417	50	0	26	554	53	0	224	63	30	1	25	56	567	2,426	=

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

Interval		Hea	vy Vehicles	3		Interval		Bicycle	es on Road	dway		Interval	Ped	lestrians/E	Bicycles on	Crosswa	k
Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total
4:00 PM	2	2	1	0	5	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM	0	0	3	1	4
4:05 PM	2	0	1	0	3	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:05 PM	0	0	0	1	1
4:10 PM	2	1	0	1	4	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	0	0	0	2	2
4:15 PM	1	1	1	0	3	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	0	2	0	2
4:20 PM	1	0	2	0	3	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	0	1	1	2
4:25 PM	1	0	1	0	2	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:25 PM	0	1	2	1	4
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	0	2	0	2
4:35 PM	1	0	1	0	2	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:35 PM	0	1	0	0	1
4:40 PM	3	0	1	1	5	4:40 PM	0	0	0	1	1	4:40 PM	0	1	2	1	4
4:45 PM	0	1	0	1	2	4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:45 PM	0	0	1	0	1
4:50 PM	2	0	1	0	3	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:50 PM	0	0	1	0	1
4:55 PM	1	0	2	0	3	4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	5	2	8
5:00 PM	1			0	3	5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:00 PM	0	0	1	2	3
5:05 PM	2	0		0	2	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:10 PM	1	0		1	3	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:10 PM	0	0	1	0	1
5:15 PM	0	0	0		1	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:20 PM	1	1	1		<u>^</u> 3	5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:20 PM	0	0	1	2	3
5:25 PM	0	0	1		1	5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:25 PM	0	1	1	0	2
5:30 PM	0	0	2			5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:30 PM	0	1	0	1	2
5:35 PM	0	0	1	0		5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:35 PM	0	0	0	1	1
5:40 PM			1	1		5:40 PM	0	0	0	0		5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0
	1	0									0	5:45 PM					
5:45 PM	1	0	1	1	ა ე	C.4 M	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:50 PM	1	0	2	0	3	5:5 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:50 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:55 PM	1	0	0	1	2	5:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Count Total	25	6	23	9		Count Total	0	0	0	1		Count Total	0	7	23	15	45
Peak Hour	16	5	11	3	35	Peak Hour	0	0	0	1	1	Peak Hour	0	4	19	9	32
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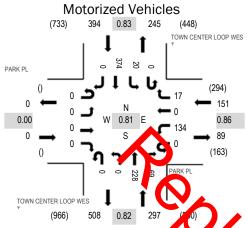
Location: 4 TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST & PARK PL PM

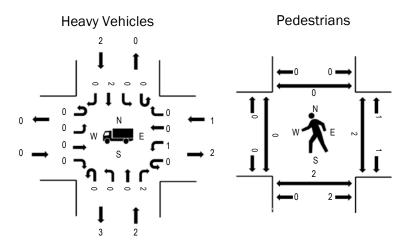
Date: Tuesday, March 7, 2023

Peak Hour: 04:00 PM - 05:00 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 04:45 PM - 05:00 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentnes s

	HV%	PHF
EB	0.0%	0.00
WB	0.7%	0.86
NB	0.7%	0.82
SB	0.5%	0.83
All	0.6%	0.81

Interval			K PL ound				K PL),	TOWN		R LOOP	WEST	TOWN	CENTER South	R LOOP	WEST		Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left		Ri 👊	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	1	9	0	18	4	0	0	42	0	75	842
4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	2	0	0	13	6	0	1	43	0	76	827
4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	1			20	8	0	1	34	0	77	824
4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	2	0	-	5	4	0	2	24	0	60	822
4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	b	20	8	0	0	21	0	62	827
4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	.4)		0	1	31	0	58	827
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	2		0	2	23	0	62	842
4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	1	0	0	17		0	1	17	0	54	839
4:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	1	0	0	13	A	1	4	27	0	59	832
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	6	0	0	30	4	0		43	0	96	828
4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	1	0	0	24	7	0	3	29	0	76	787
4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	1	0	0	21	6		0	40	0	87	777
5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	19	5	0		0	0	60	735
5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	2	0	0	18	3	0	1	39	0	73	
5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	1	0	0	14	4	0	1	35	0	75	
5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	1	0	0	12	3	0	0	38	0	65	
5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	1	0	0	16	7	0	1	25	0	62	
5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	3	0	0	17	7	0	3	33	0	73	
5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	1	0	0	17	5	0	0	24	0	59	
5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	18	2	0	1	18	0	47	
5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	14	5	0	1	22	0	55	
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	15	9	0	0	23	0	55	
5:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	2	0	0	19	13	0	2	18	0	66	
5:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	11	0	0	0	25	0	45	
Count Total	0	0	0	0	0	264	0	30	0	0	418	132	0	31	702	0	1,577	_
Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0	134	0	17	0	0	228	69	0	20	374	0	842	_

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	NB 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0	WB 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SB 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total 0 0 1 1 0	4:00 PM 4:05 PM 4:10 PM	EB 0 0	NB 0 0	WB 0	SB 0	Total 0	Start Time 4:00 PM	EB 0	NB 0	WB 0	SB 0	Total 0
0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0	0 0 0	0	4:05 PM						4:00 PM					0
0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	1 0 0	0	1		0	0	^							^	
0 0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0		4·10 PM		•	0	0	0	4:05 PM	0	0	1	0	1
0 0 0	1 0	0		0		0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0
0	0			•	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0
0			0	1	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	1	0	0	1
	0	0	0	0	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0
0	U	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	1	0	0	1
	0	0	1	1	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:35 PM	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	0	1	1	4:40 PM	0	0	0	1	1	4:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	0	1
0	1		0	1		0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
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0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td> <td>0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 1 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 4:50 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:00 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:00 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:05 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:10 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:10 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:10 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:15 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:25 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:25 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:25 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td> <td>0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 4:50 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:50 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 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4.45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td>	0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 1 0 0 1 4:50 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 1 5:00 PM 0 0 0 2 2 5:05 PM 0 0 1 2 5:10 PM 0 0 0 1 2 5:10 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:15 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:25 PM 0 0 0 0 5:25 PM 0 0 0 0 5:30 PM 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 1 0 5:30 PM 0 0 0 1 0 1 5:40 PM 0 1 0 0 1 5:55 PM 0 0 1 0 1 5:55 PM 0 0 1 0 1 5:55 PM	0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 1 0 0 1 4:50 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 1 5:00 PM 0 0 0 0 2 2 5:05 PM 0 0 0 0 2 2 5:05 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:15 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:15 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:25 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:30 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 1 0 1 5:40 PM 0 0 0 1 0 1 5:55 PM 0 0 0 1 0 1 5:55 PM 0 0 0 1 0 1 5:55 PM 0	0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 4:50 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 5:00 PM 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 5:05 PM 0 0 0 0 1 2 5:10 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:15 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:25 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 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0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:35 PM 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 4.45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4.45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0



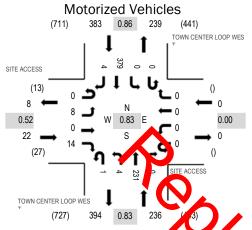
Location: 5 TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST & SITE ACCESS PM

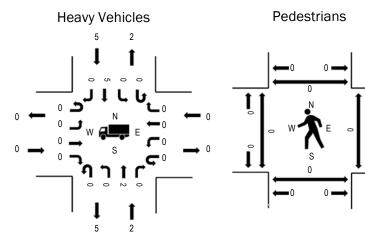
Date: Tuesday, March 7, 2023

Peak Hour: 04:25 PM - 05:25 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 04:45 PM - 05:00 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentnes s

	HV%	PHF
EB	0.0%	0.52
WB	0.0%	0.00
NB	0.8%	0.83
SB	1.3%	0.86
All	1.1%	0.83

Interval			CCESS			SITE A	CCE 6),	TOWN		R LOOP	WEST	TOWN		R LOOP	WEST		Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Ri 👊	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	P	2	17	0	0	0	38	0	58	635
4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	43	0	60	629
4:10 PM	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0			19	0	0	0	33	0	53	632
4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	.6	0	0	0	27	0	45	631
4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	21	• 0	0	0	20	0	41	633
4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.6		0	0	32	0	50	641
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		0	0	28	0	46	641
4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18		0	0	18	0	36	637
4:40 PM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	P	1	0	30	0	52	637
4:45 PM	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0		39	2	74	624
4:50 PM	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	33	0	59	590
4:55 PM	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	22	0		V	35	0	61	576
5:00 PM	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	~	1	1	52	546
5:05 PM	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	0	41	1	63	
5:10 PM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	36	0	52	
5:15 PM	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	11	0	0	0	33	0	47	
5:20 PM	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	20	0	0	0	25	0	49	
5:25 PM	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	15	0	0	0	33	0	50	
5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	24	0	42	
5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	18	0	36	
5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	24	1	39	
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	13	0	0	0	25	0	40	
5:50 PM	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	18	0	45	
5:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	24	0	31	
Count Total	0	9	0	18	0	0	0	0	3	8	432	0	0	0	706	5	1,181	_
Peak Hour	0	8	0	14	0	0	0	0	1	4	231	0	0	0	379	4	641	_

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

Interval		Hea	vy Vehicle	S		Interval		Bicycle	es on Road	dway		Interval	Ped	lestrians/l	Bicycles on	Crosswa	k
Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total
4:00 PM	0	1	0	0	1	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:05 PM	0	0	0	1	1	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:10 PM	0	0	0	1	1	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:35 PM	0	0	0	1	1	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:40 PM	0	0	0	1	1	4:40 PM	0	0	0	1	1	4:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:00 PM	0	1		0	1	5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:05 PM	0	0	0	2	2	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:10 PM	0	1	1 K	1	2	5:10 PM	0	1	0	0	1	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:15 PM	0	0	0	2)	0	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:25 PM	0	0	0		0	5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:30 PM	0	0	0			5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	C	5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	(5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5.45 W	0	0	0	0	0	5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:50 PM	0	1	0	0	1	5:5 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:55 PM		0	0	0	0	5:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0
Count Total	0	4	0	7	11	Count Total	0	1	0	1	2	Count Total	0	0	0	0	0
Peak Hour	0	2	0	5	7	Peak Hour	0	1	0	1	2	Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0
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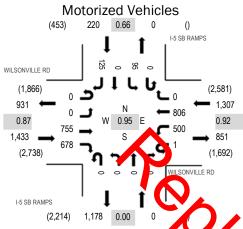


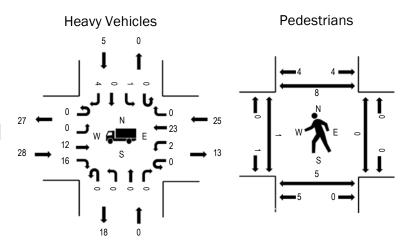
Location: 1 I-5 SB RAMPS & WILSONVILLE RD PM

Date: Wednesday, March 8, 2023 **Peak Hour:** 04:05 PM - 05:05 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 04:05 PM - 04:20 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentnes s.

	HV%	PHF
EB	2.0%	0.87
WB	1.9%	0.92
NB	0.0%	0.00
SB	2.3%	0.66
All	2.0%	0.95

Interval	\		VILLE RI)	,		IVILLA RD	"	_		RAMPS nbound			I-5 SB F South	RAMPS abound			Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Ri 👊	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	0	45	51	0	41	57	0	P	0	0	0	0	7	0	14	215	2,920
4:05 PM	0	0	68	85	0	32	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	17	267	2,960
4:10 PM	0	0	70	59	0	47	67	0			0	0	0	6	0	13	262	2,948
4:15 PM	0	0	77	52	0	43	60	0	0		- 0	0	0	6	0	11	249	2,935
4:20 PM	0	0	67	58	0	40	60	0	0	0		0	0	8	0	10	243	2,923
4:25 PM	0	0	53	41	0	37	88	0	0	0	0		0	15	0	8	242	2,955
4:30 PM	0	0	67	47	0	44	79	0	0	0			0	5	0	7	249	2,952
4:35 PM	0	0	47	48	0	33	58	0	0	0	0		0	11	0	6	203	2,914
4:40 PM	0	0	62	74	0	41	57	0	0	0	0	P	70	8	0	9	251	2,958
4:45 PM	0	0	63	59	0	53	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	12	278	2,944
4:50 PM	0	0	49	43	1	46	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	9	222	2,885
4:55 PM	0	0	50	51	0	53	69	0	0	0	0	0		O	0	11	239	2,868
5:00 PM	0	0	82	61	0	31	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	-	12	255	2,852
5:05 PM	0	0	71	54	0	52	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	6	255	
5:10 PM	0	0	71	54	0	58	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	6	249	
5:15 PM	0	0	64	47	0	39	67	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	7	237	
5:20 PM	0	0	64	56	0	43	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	12	275	
5:25 PM	0	0	77	44	0	36	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	7	239	
5:30 PM	0	0	66	40	0	24	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	9	211	
5:35 PM	0	0	70	55	0	33	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	9	247	
5:40 PM	0	0	54	48	0	48	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	9	237	
5:45 PM	0	0	47	31	0	37	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	12	219	
5:50 PM	0	0	40	46	0	30	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	20	205	
5:55 PM	0	0	67	43	0	26	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	17	223	
Count Total	0	0	1,491	1,247	1	967	1,613	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	0	253	5,772	_
Peak Hour	0	0	755	678	1	500	806	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	0	125	2,960	_

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

Interval		Hea	vy Vehicle	S		Interval		Bicycle	es on Road	dway		Interval	Ped	lestrians/E	Bicycles on	Crosswal	k
Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total
4:00 PM	4	0	0	0	4	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:05 PM	1	0	1	0	2	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:10 PM	5	0	3	0	8	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:15 PM	2	0	3	2	7	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:20 PM	2	0	1	1	4	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	2	0	3	5
4:25 PM	2	0	3	0	5	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:25 PM	1	1	0	2	4
4:30 PM	3	0	2	1	6	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:30 PM	0	0	0	1	1
4:35 PM	0	0	1	0	1	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:40 PM	5	0	4	0	9	4:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:40 PM	0	1	0	0	1
4:45 PM	2	0	1	0	3	4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:45 PM	0	0	0	2	2
4:50 PM	1	0	5	0	6	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:50 PM	0	1	0	0	1
4:55 PM	1	0		0	2	4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:00 PM	4			1	5	5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:00 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:05 PM	1	0	2	0	3	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:10 PM	1	0		0	3	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0
5:15 PM	2	0	2	1	4	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0		1	0	0	0	1
5:20 PM	1	0	0	0	1	5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0		2	1	0	2	5
5:25 PM	2	0	1		4	5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:30 PM	1	0	0			5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0		1	0	0	1	2
5:35 PM	1	0	0	1		5-35 PM	0	0	2	0	2		0	1	0	0	1
5:40 PM	5	0	2	0	7	5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	6	0	0	6
5:45 PM	2	0	2	1	5	5.45 W	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:50 PM	1	0	3	1	5	5:5 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:55 PM	3	0	0	1	4	5:55 PM		0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
Count Total	52	0	39	10		Count Total	0	_0	2	0		Count Total	5	15	0	11	31
Peak Hour						Peak Hour	0	0	0			Peak Hour	1				
Feak Houl	28	0	25	5	00	reak noui	- 4	U	U	0	U	reak noul	I	6	0	8	15
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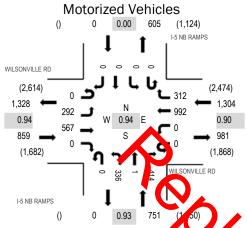


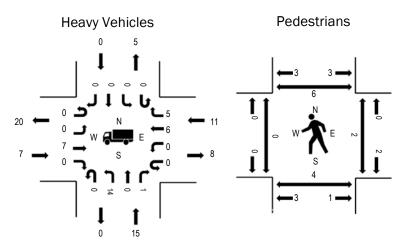
Location: 2 I-5 NB RAMPS & WILSONVILLE RD PM

Date: Wednesday, March 8, 2023 **Peak Hour:** 04:35 PM - 05:35 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 05:05 PM - 05:20 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentnes s.

	HV%	PHF
EB	0.8%	0.94
WB	0.8%	0.90
NB	2.0%	0.93
SB	0.0%	0.00
All	1.1%	0.94

Interval	\		VILLE RE)	,		IVILLA RE		•	I-5 NB I North	RAMPS			I-5 NB F South	RAMPS bound			Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Ri 🗚	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	25	34	0	0	0	63	44	9	26	0	36	0	0	0	0	228	2,792
4:05 PM	0	35	43	0	0	0	79	13	0	20	0	39	0	0	0	0	229	2,809
4:10 PM	0	16	45	0	0	0	80	8		3	_ 1	31	0	0	0	0	218	2,840
4:15 PM	0	36	48	0	0	0	66	39	0	-,	J	38	0	0	0	0	262	2,872
4:20 PM	0	38	51	0	0	0	66	31	0	5,0		2 5	0	0	0	0	241	2,871
4:25 PM	0	18	49	0	0	0	93	3	0	32	J	2	0	0	0	0	224	2,873
4:30 PM	0	14	45	0	0	0	89	10	0	39		4	0	0	0	0	218	2,866
4:35 PM	0	29	40	0	0	0	58	41	0	30	0	4	0	0	0	0	239	2,914
4:40 PM	0	22	48	0	0	0	98	12	0	19	0	31	1	0	0	0	230	2,904
4:45 PM	0	26	37	0	0	0	94	11	0	39	0	36	0	1	0	0	243	2,902
4:50 PM	0	18	37	0	0	0	77	24	0	35	0	38	0	0	0	0	229	2,886
4:55 PM	0	31	32	0	0	0	87	23	0	25	0	33		U	0	0	231	2,844
5:00 PM	0	28	58	0	0	0	82	29	0	19	1	28	0			0	245	2,814
5:05 PM	0	13	57	0	0	0	106	28	0	22	0	34	0	0	0	0	260	
5:10 PM	0	35	31	0	0	0	91	30	0	25	0	38	0	0	0	0	250	
5:15 PM	0	31	59	0	0	0	79	33	0	31	0	28	0	0	0	0	261	
5:20 PM	0	16	57	0	0	0	105	15	0	25	0	25	0	0	0	0	243	
5:25 PM	0	10	53	0	0	0	70	18	0	28	0	38	0	0	0	0	217	
5:30 PM	0	33	58	0	0	0	45	48	0	38	0	44	0	0	0	0	266	
5:35 PM	0	30	45	0	0	0	110	9	0	19	0	16	0	0	0	0	229	
5:40 PM	0	21	36	0	0	0	85	14	0	31	0	41	0	0	0	0	228	
5:45 PM	0	16	40	0	0	0	87	17	0	34	0	33	0	0	0	0	227	
5:50 PM	0	18	38	0	0	0	54	24	0	28	0	25	0	0	0	0	187	
5:55 PM	0	27	55	0	0	0	74	12	0	9	0	24	0	0	0	0	201	
Count Total	0	586	1,096	0	0	0	1,938	536	0	676	2	772	0	0	0	0	5,606	_
Peak Hour	0	292	567	0	0	0	992	312	0	336	1	414	0	0	0	0	2,914	_

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

Interval		Hea	avy Vehicle	s		Interval		Bicycle	es on Road	dway		Interval	Ped	destrians/l	Bicycles or	Crosswa	lk
Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total
4:00 PM	5	1	2	0	8	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:05 PM	1	0	0	0	1	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:10 PM	1	1	2	0	4	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:15 PM	2	3	1	0	6	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	1	0	1	2
4:20 PM	1	3	1	0	5	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	2	0	3	5
4:25 PM	1	3	1	0	5	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	1	1
4:30 PM	4	5	0	0	9	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
4:35 PM	0	1	0	0	1	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	1	1	3
4:40 PM	1	3	1	0	5	4:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
4:45 PM	1	1	0	0	2	4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	2	2
4:50 PM	0	3	2	0	5	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
4:55 PM	0	2		0	3	4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:00 PM	1			0	3	5:00 PM	0	1	0	0	1	5:00 PM	0	1	0	0	1
5:05 PM	1	1		0	4	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:10 PM	0	2		0	4	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:15 PM	1	2			3	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	4
5:20 PM 5:25 PM	0	0	1		1	5:20 PM 5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	2	0	2	4
5:30 PM	2	0	0			5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	0	1
5:35 PM	0	0	0	0		5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	5	0	2	7
5:40 PM	2	0	2	0		5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
5:45 PM	1	2	0	0	3	5.45 W	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
5:50 PM	0	2	1	0	3	5:5 PM	_ 0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:55 PM	1	0	0	0	1	5:55 PM		. 0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
Count Total	26	35	21	0	82	Count Total	0	1	0	0		Count Total	0	16	2	13	31
Peak Hour	7	15	11	0		Peak Hour	0	1	0	0		Peak Hour	0	5	2	6	13
1 Gak Hour		13	11	0	33	I Cak I loui	~~~	<u> </u>	•	0	- 1	I Cak Hour	0	J		0	13
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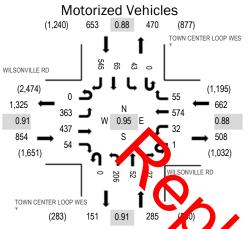


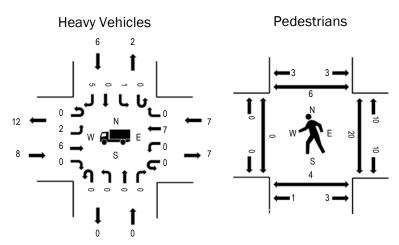
Location: 3 TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST & WILSONVILLE RD PM

Date: Wednesday, March 8, 2023
Peak Hour: 04:40 PM - 05:40 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 04:55 PM - 05:10 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentnes s

	HV%	PHF
EB	0.9%	0.91
WB	1.1%	0.88
NB	0.0%	0.91
SB	0.9%	0.88
All	0.9%	0.95

Interval	\		VILLE RE)			VILL2 RD bound	ノ	TOWN	I CENTE North	R LOOP	WEST	TOWN	CENTE South	R LOOP	WEST		Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Ri 👊	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	21	40	2	0	4	39	3	P	12	4	4	0	1	4	56	190	2,283
4:05 PM	0	28	42	3	0	5	36	3	0	10	1	1	0	2	6	46	183	2,310
4:10 PM	0	30	29	2	0	2	21	4		2	4	5	0	2	2	38	168	2,356
4:15 PM	0	29	44	5	0	3	42	4	0	-2	1	4	0	2	8	43	206	2,387
4:20 PM	0	24	39	4	0	1	59	7	0	2		2	0	2	3	26	186	2,392
4:25 PM	0	33	35	3	0	2	32	2	0	12	.0		0	3	7	52	194	2,413
4:30 PM	0	22	32	1	0	1	37	3	0	20			0	6	11	42	187	2,402
4:35 PM	0	24	44	4	0	3	42	2	0	19	6		0	1	4	38	189	2,428
4:40 PM	0	27	37	7	0	0	52	2	0	11	4	2	1	2	3	47	194	2,454
4:45 PM	0	34	33	1	1	0	41	4	0	19	3	1	0	~2	3	45	187	2,436
4:50 PM	0	30	33	2	0	6	44	12	0	14	2	3	0	4	7	43	200	2,428
4:55 PM	0	31	25	5	0	1	51	10	0	16	4	2		Y	4	43	199	2,395
5:00 PM	0	40	37	2	0	8	38	1	0	21	5	3	0	~	78	52	217	2,383
5:05 PM	0	27	41	3	0	2	48	4	0	24	2	6	0	8	2	62	229	
5:10 PM	0	21	36	3	0	1	67	5	0	20	4	2	0	1	5	34	199	
5:15 PM	0	34	36	6	0	4	55	1	0	17	2	2	0	4	10	40	211	
5:20 PM	0	25	37	6	0	1	51	4	0	21	6	2	0	4	2	48	207	
5:25 PM	0	24	36	6	0	3	27	5	0	17	5	1	0	7	8	44	183	
5:30 PM	0	36	51	9	0	3	43	3	0	15	10	2	0	1	5	35	213	
5:35 PM	0	34	35	4	0	3	57	4	0	11	5	1	0	1	8	52	215	
5:40 PM	0	21	34	3	0	2	29	4	0	19	8	0	0	1	5	50	176	
5:45 PM	0	13	30	5	0	2	47	6	0	15	8	2	0	4	5	42	179	
5:50 PM	0	23	42	5	0	3	41	1	0	10	9	1	0	4	1	27	167	
5:55 PM	0	25	50	6	0	2	34	5	0	16	4	2	0	4	3	36	187	
Count Total	0	656	898	97	1	62	1,033	99	0	400	122	58	0	75	124	1,041	4,666	_
Peak Hour	0	363	437	54	1	32	574	55	0	206	52	27	0	43	65	545	2,454	_

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

Interval		Hea	vy Vehicle	es		Interval		Bicycle	es on Road	dway		Interval	Ped	destrians/l	Bicycles or	Crosswa	lk
Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total	Start Time	EB	NB	WB	SB	Total
4:00 PM	1	0	1	1	3	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM	0	2	2	0	4
4:05 PM	1	0	0	0	1	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0
4:10 PM	0	2	0	1	3	4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	0	0	4	0	4
4:15 PM	2	0	1	0	3	4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:15 PM	0	2	2	1	5
4:20 PM	0	0	1	0	1	4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:20 PM	0	0	1	1	2
4:25 PM	0	0	0	1	1	4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	5	1	6
4:30 PM	4	0	0	0	4	4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
4:35 PM	1	0	0	0	1	4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	3	1	0	4
4:40 PM	1	0	0	1	2	4:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	2	0	3
4:45 PM	1	0	0	1	2	4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	2	3	1	6
4:50 PM	0	0	2	0	2	4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	2	3	5
4:55 PM	1	0		0	2	4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:00 PM	1		N	1	3	5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	1	0	2
5:05 PM	1	0		1	3	5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	2	2	4
5:10 PM	0	0			2	5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	3	0	4
5:15 PM	0	0			0	5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:20 PM 5:25 PM	1	0	1			5:20 PM 5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
5:30 PM	2	0	0			5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	3	0	2
5:35 PM	0	0	0	1		5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	3	0	3
5:40 PM	3	0	0	1		5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	0	1
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5.45 W	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	1	2
5:50 PM	0	0	1	0	1	5:5 PM	_ 0	0	0	0	0		0	2	1	1	4
5:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	5:55 PM	O	. 0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1
Count Total	20	2	11	10		Count Total	0	0	0	0		Count Total	0	16	38	11	65
Peak Hour	8	0	7	6		Peak Hour	0.4		0	0		Peak Hour	0	5	21	6	32
1 Call Hour	0	0	- 1	0	21	T Cak Hour	~~~~)	0	0	T Call Hour	0	J	21	0	32
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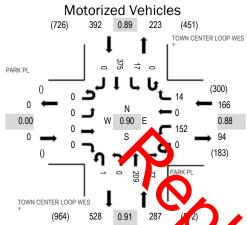


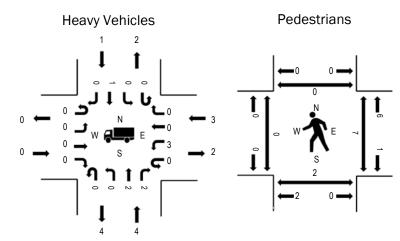
Location: 4 TOWN CENTER LOOP WEST & PARK PL PM

Date: Wednesday, March 8, 2023 **Peak Hour:** 04:25 PM - 05:25 PM

Peak 15-Minutes: 05:05 PM - 05:20 PM

Peak Hour





Note: Total study counts contained in parentnes s

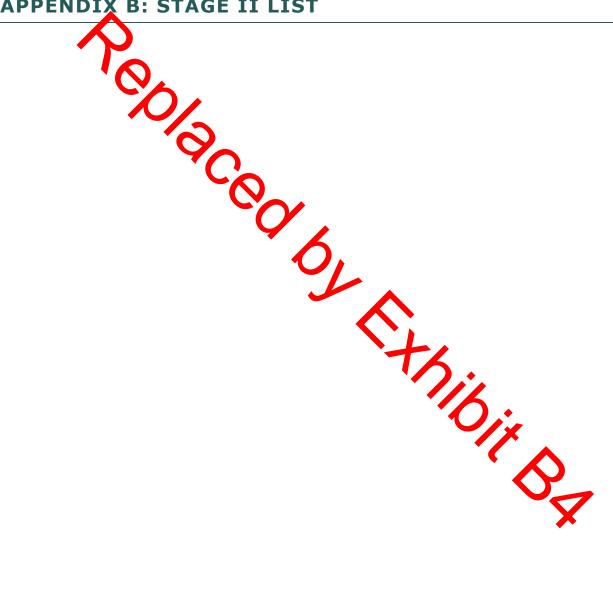
	HV%	PHF
EB	0.0%	0.00
WB	1.8%	0.88
NB	1.4%	0.91
SB	0.3%	0.89
All	0.9%	0.90

manno ocunto	111000	IILUU	* 01110	100														
Interval			K PL oound				RK PL	Jį	TOWN	N CENTE North	R LOOP	WEST	TOWN		R LOOP	WEST		Rolling
Start Time	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Ri 👊	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	Total	Hour
4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	1	P	0	18	5	0	2	34	0	71	811
4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	1	0	Ó	37	5	0	1	33	0	88	812
4:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1			17	2	0	2	20	0	46	804
4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	0			7	0	1	31	0	69	839
4:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	1	0	0	10	<u> </u>	0	4	28	0	65	843
4:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	1	0	0	_0	11	0	1	26	0	66	845
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	1		0	2	31	0	63	839
4:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	1	0	0	12		0	2	27	0	60	840
4:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	1	0	0	16	5	1	0	36	0	69	833
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	2	0	0	12	2	0	^ 2	32	0	67	832
4:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	18	10	0		31	0	72	828
4:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	1	0	0	19	7			29	0	75	809
5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	2	0	0	18	6	0			0	72	787
5:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	22	10	0	2	36	0	80	
5:10 PM	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	5	0	0	21	3	0	2	39	0	81	
5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	1	0	18	7	0	2	30	0	73	
5:20 PM	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	16	8	0	2	28	0	67	
5:25 PM	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	1	0	0	11	6	0	3	23	0	60	
5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	18	9	0	1	24	0	64	
5:35 PM	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	16	6	0	0	19	0	53	
5:40 PM	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	17	3	0	4	35	0	68	
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	25	3	0	4	24	0	63	
5:50 PM	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	2	0	0	12	8	0	0	21	0	53	
5:55 PM	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	10	10	0	0	20	0	53	
Count Total	0	0	0	0	0	276	0	24	1	0	427	144	0	39	687	0	1,598	_
Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0	152	0	14	1	0	209	77	0	17	375	0	845	_

Traffic Counts - Heavy Vehicles, Bicycles on Road, and Pedestrians/Bicycles on Crosswalk

4:00 PM) ND	EB	t Time	Ctort T									avy Vehicle	-		Interval
4:05 PM	B NB			Start i	Total	SB	WB	NB	EB	Start Time	Total	SB	WB	NB	EB	Start Time
4:10 PM	0 0	0	0 PM	4:00 F	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:00 PM
4:15 PM 0 1 0 0 1 4:15 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:15 PM 4:20 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 6	0	5 PM	4:05 F	0	0	0	0	0	4:05 PM	0	0	0	0	0	4:05 PM
4:20 PM 0 0 0 0 4:20 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:25 PM 4:25 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:25 PM 4:30 PM 0 1 0 0 1 4:30 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:30 PM 4:35 PM 0 1 1 0 2 4:35 PM 0 0 0 0 0 4:35 PM 4:40 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4:45 PM 4:45 PM 0 0 0 1 0 1 4:45 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0	0	0 PM	4:10 F	0	0	0	0	0	4:10 PM	1	0	1	0	0	4:10 PM
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4:55 PM 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 </td <td>0 0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td>	0 0	0					0	0			1		1	0		
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	0 2	0	k Hour) Peak H	0	0	0	0	0	Peak Hour	8	1	3	4	0	Peak Hour
	\$ <u></u>			Ö	3	\ \		J								

APPENDIX B: STAGE II LIST



Updated by D. Pauly 03.06.23									
Stage II Approved									
Project	Land Use	Status	Size	Total PM Peak Trips		ocation ntage		imary + Diverto Trips not yet a	
				irips	Internal	Pass-By	In	Out	Total
Hydro-Temp: Recent agreement with the City, the project is vested and so are the traffic trips		Not built	60.8 KSF				44	46	9
Mercedes Benz (Phase 2)	Auto Dealership	Not built					20	26	4
Town Center Ph III and trip dedication to Miller Paint store Uses marked with "*" have not been built and PM peak hr trip	*High Turnover Restaurant (Pad 1)	Not built	7.5 KSF				24	17	47*
when the trips are the trips are steed trip level by 2 trips. It has yet to be determined how to allocate trips between remaining buildings.	Remaining Approved Total								4:
Wilsonville Road Business Park Phase II	Phase 2 - office (2-story busing to west parcel)	Partially Built	21.7 KSF				15	71	8
Frog Pond-Frog Pond Meadow (Phase 3B, 4A, 4B of 10/1 Study)	ential	Partially Built, 69 homes built and occupied	74 units				3	2	
Frog Pond Ridge	Regionition	nstruction, no homes	71 units				43	28	7
Frog Pond Crossing	R side tial	Under Construction	29 units				19	9	2
Frog Pond Estates	Ruidenti	Approved	17 units				11	7	1
Frog Pond Oaks	Residential	Approved	41 units				27	14	4
Frog Pond Vista	Residenti	Apoved	38 units				27	17	4
Frog Pond Overlook	Reside dal	proved	12 Units				8	5	1
Frog Pond Terrace	Residential	Approved	19 Units				12	8	2
Magnolia Townhomes	Residential	Under constitution	6 units				3	2	
Canyon Creek III	Residential	Un er Con action	5 units (traffic study was for 11)				2	3	
PW Complex on Boberg	Public	Under Const action	15,800 office, 17,900 ware ouse				11	39	5
DAS North Valley Complex	Public/Industria	Under Construction	74,7 0 sf				5	15	2
Black Creek Group-Garden Acres	Industrial	Under Construction	14c J0 sf	178			69	109	17
Boones Ferry Gas Station/Convenience Store	Commercail	Under Construction	3,460 sf tore, 12 gas p mps	240		134	53	53	10
Boones Ferry Construction Storage Yard	Industrial	Under Construction	1.25 acres	5			1	4	

Stage II Approved – Villebois													
Project	Phase	Status		Lī	du			Total PM Peak Trips	Trip Allocatio	n Percentage		(Primary + k Hour Trip active	
			SF	Town.	Apt.	P (I	s hool		Internal	Pass-By	In	Out	Total
North (Entirety)	Residential	Partially built, 364 homes sold and occupied	451								53	34	87
Central	Residential	Partially Built, 991 homes (102 single family, 319 condo/row homes, 365 apartments) occupied	102	391	510		1);/			60	30	90

FOR REFERENCE SAP EAST
FOR REFERENCE SAP SOUTH (Includes PDP 7 Grande Point 560

Pending Projects for Which T	raffic Analysis has beer	n completed								\mathbf{x}		
Project	Land Use	Status	Size	Total PM Peak	Trip A	llocation Pe	ercentage	Net New (mary	M Peak	Hour T	rips
Project	Land OSE	Status	3126		Internal	Pass-By	Diverted	In	0	1	Total	
Delta Logistics	Industrial	under review	56,100 sf whareho	33				9		24		33
Building W5 Boeckman and Kins	Industrial	under review	80,000 sf manufac	54				17		37		
Precision Countertops	Industrial	under review	65800 square feet	43				13		—		3
Frog Pond Primary	Public	under review	550 students	88				39		46		87
Parkway Woods Expansion	Public	under review	80,000 sf manufac	52				16		36		

Import Counts	Exp	ort	forma			al Vehic						
			d	Sc	uthbou	nd	E	astbour	ıd	VV	estbou	na
Intersection	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR
Stage II Trips - PM Peak												
I-5 SB Ramps/Wilsonville Rd	0	0	0	4	0	26	0	80	45	6	47	0
I-5 NB Ramps/Wilsonville Rd	33	0	9	0	0	0	49	35	0	0	20	3
Wilsonville Rd/Town Center Loop West	0	2	0	1	2	11	19	25	0	0	12	2
Park PI/Town Center Loop West	0	22	1	3	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Site Access/Town Center Loop West	0	24	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



APPENDIX C: HCM REPORT - EXISTING



	۶	→	•	•	+	4	•	†	~	\	ţ	✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		^	7	44	^					7	र्स	77
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	0	745	651	513	850	0	0	0	0	71	1	109
Future Volume (veh/h)	0	745	651	513	850	0	0	0	0	71	1	109
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00				1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No						No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	0	1870	1870	1900	1856	0				1885	1900	1841
Adj Flow Rate, veh#	0	784	0	540	895	0				76	0	12
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95				0.95	0.95	0.95
Percent Heavy Veh,	0	2	2	0	3	0				1	0	4
Cap, veh/h	0	3383		616	3083	0				189	0	163
Arrive On Green	5.00	1.00	0.00	0.35	1.00	0.00				0.05	0.00	0.05
Sat Flow, veh/h		5274	1585	3510	3618	0				3591	0	3091
Grp Volume(v), veh/h		784	0	540	895	0				76	0	12
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	O	17)2	1585	1755	1763	0				1795	0	1546
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.0	6.0	0.0	15.9	0.0	0.0				2.3	0.0	0.4
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.9	0.0	0.0				2.3	0.0	0.4
Prop In Lane	0.00		1.00	1.00		0.00				1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	0	3383		216	3083	0				189	0	163
V/C Ratio(X)	0.00	0.23		0.88	0.29	0.00				0.40	0.00	0.07
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	0	3383		766	3083	0				620	0	534
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	2.00	2.00	2 10	2.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.22	7.92	0.00				1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.6	0.0	0.0				50.4	0.0	49.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	8.8	0.2	0.0				1.4	0.0	0.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0	0.1	0.0	6.4	0.1	0.0	1			1.0	0.0	0.4
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	43.4	0.2	0.0				51.8	0.0	49.7
LnGrp LOS	A	A		D	A	A				D	Α	D
Approach Vol, veh/h		784			1435						88	
Approach Delay, s/veh		0.2			16.5				•		51.5	
Approach LOS		Α			В				X		D	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	23.3	76.9		9.8		100.2						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0		4.0		4.0					•	
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	24.0	55.0		19.0		75.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	17.9	2.0		4.3		2.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	1.5	4.5		0.2		5.3						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			12.3									
HCM 6th LOS			В									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.
Unsignalized Delay for [EBR] is excluded from calculations of the approach delay and intersection delay.

DKS Associates Synchro 11 Report

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations	1/1	^			ተተተ	7	ķ	र्स	77				
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	288	528	0	0	1023	310	340	2	406	0	0	0	
Future Volume (veh/h)	288	528	0	0	1023	310	340	2	406	0	0	0	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.97				
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				
Work Zone On Approac		No			No			No					
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln		1870	0	0	1885	1870	1841	1900	1885				
Adj Flow Rate, veh	310	568	0	0	1100	0	367	0	122				
	93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93				
Percent Heavy Veh,	Ô	2	0	0	1	2	4	0	1				
Cap, veh/h	362	2820	0	0	3329		469	0	413				
Arrive On Green	0.22	7.89	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.13				
Sat Flow, veh/h	3450	364	0	0	5316	1585	3506	0	3090				
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	310	56°		0	1100	0	367	0	122				
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/li		1777		0	1716	1585	1753	0	1545				
Q Serve(g_s), s	9.4	0.0	J.0	0	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	3.9				
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	9.4	0.0	0.	00	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	3.9				
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.00	(UL		1.00	1.00		1.00				
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h		2820	0	•	3720		469	0	413				
V/C Ratio(X)	0.81	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.33		0.78	0.00	0.30				
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	691	2820	0	0	3329		956	0	843				
HCM Platoon Ratio	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				
Upstream Filter(I)	0.98	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.73	000	100	0.00	1.00				
Uniform Delay (d), s/vel		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	46	_	43.0				
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.8	0	0.2				
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	0.0				
%ile BackOfQ(50%),vel		0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	4.8	0.0	1.5				
Unsig. Movement Delay			0.0		0.0	0.0	47.0						
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	44.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	47.9	0.0	3.2				
LnGrp LOS	D	Α	A	A	<u>A</u>		D	A	1)				
Approach Vol, veh/h		878			1100			489			5		
Approach Delay, s/veh		15.8			0.2			46.7		1		•	
Approach LOS		В			Α			D				X	
Timer - Assigned Phs		2			5	6		8					
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc)), s	91.3			16.2	75.1		18.7					
Change Period (Y+Rc),		4.0			4.0	4.0		4.0					
Max Green Setting (Gm	nax), s	55.0			22.0	46.0		30.0					
Max Q Clear Time (g_c		2.0			11.4	2.0		13.1					
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	3	6.6			0.8	14.9		1.4					
Intersection Summary													
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			15.0										
HCM 6th LOS			В										

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

Unsignalized Delay for [WBR] is excluded from calculations of the approach delay and intersection delay.

DKS Associates Synchro 11 Report

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	ħβ		ች	ħβ			414			ĵ.	7	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	362	432	52	29	562	54	215	58	29	34	61	556	
Future Volume (veh/h)	362	432	52	29	562	54	215	58	29	34	61	556	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.94	1.00		0.93	
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Work Zone On Approac		No			No			No			No		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln		1870	1900	1870	1870	1900	1885	1885	1900	1885	1885	1885	
Adj Flow Rate, veh//	381	455	49	31	592	52	226	61	15	36	129	108	
	o 95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	
Percent Heavy Veh,	1	2	0	2	2	0.00	1	1	0	1	1	1	
Cap, veh/h	4.19	1945	209	40	1635	143	463	186	46	176	184	145	
Arrive On Green	0.26	1.00	1.00	0.02	0.50	0.49	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.10	
Sat Flow, veh/h	3482	323	347	1781	3300	289	3591	1442	354	1795	1885	1484	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	381	240	255	31	318	326	226	0	76	36	129	108	
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/lr		_	1500	1781	1777	1813	1795	0	1796	1795	1885	1484	
. ,		0.0	J.C	1/81	12.1	12.2	6.4	0.0	4.2	2.0	7.3	7.8	
Q Serve(g_s), s	11.5 11.5	0.0	0.	10	12.1	12.2	6.4	0.0	4.2	2.0	7.3	7.8	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s		0.0						0.0			1.3	1.00	
Prop In Lane	1.00	1000	0.19	100		0.16	1.00	۸	0.20	1.00	101		
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h		1068	1085	7	0.20	398	463	0	231	176	184	145	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.85	0.23	0.24	0.78	0.36	0.36	0.49	0.00	0.33	0.20	0.70	0.74	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	570	1068	1085	97	8.00	898	914	0	457	277	291	229	
HCM Platoon Ratio	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	0.96	0.96	0.96	1.00	1.00	100	100	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d), s/vel		0.0	0.0	53.5	17.1	17.1	41 5	_	43.6	45.7	48.1	48.3	
ncr Delay (d2), s/veh	8.9	0.5	0.5	21.4	1.2	1.7	0.6	05	0.6	0.4	3.5	5.5	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),vel		0.1	0.1	1.1	5.1	5.3	2.9	0.0	1.9	0.9	3.6	3.1	
Unsig. Movement Delay									1				
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	48.8	0.5	0.5	74.9	18.2	18.2	45.1	0.0	4.2	46.1	51.6	53.8	
₋nGrp LOS	D	A	A	<u>E</u>	В	В	D	A	₹	D	D	D	
Approach Vol, veh/h		885			675			302	•		273		
Approach Delay, s/veh		21.3			20.8			44.9		1	5' .7	*	
Approach LOS		С			С			D				X	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8					
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc)), s6.4	70.1		14.8	18.1	58.5		18.7					
Change Period (Y+Rc),		4.5		4.5	4.0	4.5		4.5					
Max Green Setting (Gm		42.0		16.5	18.0	30.0		28.0					
Max Q Clear Time (g_c		2.0		9.8	13.5	14.2		8.4					X
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	, .	3.4		0.5	0.6	3.7		1.0					
Intersection Summary													
			28.4										
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay HCM 6th LOS			20.4 C										
			U										
Notes													

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

DKS Associates Synchro 11 Report

Intersection										
Int Delay, s/veh	4.1									
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT				
Lane Configurations		7	†	7	ች	†				
Traffic Vol, veh/h	143	16	219	73	19	375				
Future Vol, veh/h	143	16	219	73	19	375				
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	2	0	0	5	5	0				
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free				
RT Channelized	-	None	-	None	-	None				
Storage Length	75	0	-	0	70	-				
Veh in Median Storag	, # 0	-	0	-	-	0				
Grade, %	U	-	0	-	-	0				
Peak Hour Factor	86	8 6	86	86	86	86				
Heavy Vehicles, %	2		<u></u> 1	3	0	1				
Mvmt Flow	16	(e)	255	85	22	436				
			~							
Major/Minor	Minor1		Vie Jos		Major2					
Conflicting Flow All	742	260	VIC	<u></u>	345	0				
	260	200		-/	343	U				
Stage 1 Stage 2	482	-				_				
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.2	-		4.1	_				
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	0.2	_	-	4					
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42		-	-	V -					
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.3	-	_	2.2	1				
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	383	784	-		1225					
Stage 1	783	704		_	1220					
Stage 2	621	_	-	-	-					
Platoon blocked, %	UZ I			_						
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	374	781			1220	_				
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	374	701	_	_	1220	_				
Stage 1	780	_				_		·	. +	
Stage 2	609	_	_	_	_	_				
Olaye Z	000					_				
									V	
Approach	WB		NB		SB					
HCM Control Delay, s	20.9		0		0.4					1
HCM LOS	С									_
Minor Lane/Major Mvn	nt	NBT	NBRV	VBLn1V	VBLn2	SBL	SBT			
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	374	781	1220	-			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	0.445			-			
HCM Control Delay (s)		-	-	22.1	9.7	8	-			
HCM Lane LOS		-	-	С	Α	A	-			
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	-	-	2.2	0.1	0.1	-			
	,									

DKS Associates Synchro 11 Report

ID Software/Method	Intersection	Control Type	LOS	Delay	V/C Ratio
1 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	I-5 SB Ramp & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	В	12.3	0.36
2 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	I-5 NB Ramp & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	В	15.0	0.45
3 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	Town Center Loop West & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	С	28.4	0.50



APPENDIX D: HCM REPORT - EXISTING + PROJECT



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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		ተተተ	7	ሻሻ	^					ሻ	र्स	77
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	0	750	651	515	854	0	0	0	0	79	1	109
Future Volume (veh/h)	0	750	651	515	854	0	0	0	0	79	1	109
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00				1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No						No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	0	1870	1870	1900	1856	0				1885	1900	1841
Adj Flow Rate, veh	0	789	0	542	899	0				84	0	12
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95				0.95	0.95	0.95
Percent Heavy Veh,	0	2	2	0	3	0				1	0	4
Cap, veh/h	0	3377		618	3080	0				192	0	165
Arrive On Green	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.35	1.00	0.00				0.05	0.00	0.05
Sat Flow, veh/h		5274	1585	3510	3618	0				3591	0	3091
Grp Volume(v), veh/h		789	0	542	899	0				84	0	12
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	C	17.02	1585	1755	1763	0				1795	0	1546
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.0	6.0	0.0	15.9	0.0	0.0				2.5	0.0	0.4
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.9	0.0	0.0				2.5	0.0	0.4
Prop In Lane	0.00		1.00	1.00		0.00				1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	0	3377		218	3080	0				192	0	165
V/C Ratio(X)	0.00	0.23		0.88	0.29	0.00				0.44	0.00	0.07
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	0	3377		766	3080	0				620	0	534
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	2.00	2.00	2 10	2.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.22	1.92	0.00				1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.5	0.0	0.0				50.5	0.0	49.5
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	8.9	0.2	0.0				1.6	0.0	0.2
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0	0.1	0.0	6.4	0.1	0.0	1			1.1	0.0	0.4
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh				10.1								10.0
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	43.4	0.2	0.0				52.0	0.0	49.6
LnGrp LOS	A	A		D	A	Α •				D	A	<u>D</u>
Approach Vol, veh/h		789			1441						96	
Approach Delay, s/veh		0.2			16.5		4		•		51.7	
Approach LOS		Α			В				X		D	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	23.4	76.7		9.9		100.1						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0		4.0		4.0					•	
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	24.0	55.0		19.0		75.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s	17.9	2.0		4.5		2.0				*		
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	1.5	4.5		0.2		5.4						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			12.4									
HCM 6th LOS			В									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.
Unsignalized Delay for [EBR] is excluded from calculations of the approach delay and intersection delay.

DKS Associates Synchro 11 Report

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations	14	^			^	7	Ť	र्स	77				
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	288	541	0	0	1029	316	340	2	409	0	0	0	
Future Volume (veh/h)	288	541	0	0	1029	316	340	2	409	0	0	0	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.97				
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				
Work Zone On Approac		No			No			No					
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln		1870	0	0	1885	1870	1841	1900	1885				
Adj Flow Rate, veh/	310	582	0	0	1106	0	367	0	136				
I can I loui I dol	93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93				
Percent Heavy Veh,	A CO	2	0	0	1	2	4	0	1				
Cap, veh/h	352	2819	0	0	3327		470	0	414				
Arrive On Green	U. <u>_2</u> 2	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.13				
Sat Flow, veh/h	3450	364	0	0	5316	1585	3506	0	3090				
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	310	587		0	1106	0	367	0	136				
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/li		1777		0	1716	1585	1753	0	1545				
Q Serve(g_s), s	9.4	0.0	J.O	0	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	4.4				
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	9.4	0.0	0.	00	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	4.4				
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.00	000		1.00	1.00		1.00				
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h		2819	0	•	3721		470	0	414				
V/C Ratio(X)	0.81	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.33		0.78	0.00	0.33				
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	691	2819	0	0	3327		956	0	843				
HCM Platoon Ratio	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				
Upstream Filter(I)	0.98	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.71	Loo	100	0.00	1.00				
Uniform Delay (d), s/vel		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	46		43.1				
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	2.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.8	0 5	0.3				
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0				
%ile BackOfQ(50%),vel		0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	4.8	0.0	1.6	•			
Unsig. Movement Delay			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.0	0.0					
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	44.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	47.8	0.0	3.4		•		
LnGrp LOS	D	A	Α	Α	A		D	A	-U				
Approach Vol, veh/h		892			1106			503			5		
Approach Delay, s/veh		15.5			0.2			46.6		1			
Approach LOS		В			Α			D				X	
Timer - Assigned Phs		2			5	6		8					
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc)		91.3			16.2	75.1		18.7					
Change Period (Y+Rc),		4.0			4.0	4.0		4.0					
Max Green Setting (Gm		55.0			22.0	46.0		30.0					
Max Q Clear Time (g_c	, .	2.0			11.4	2.0		13.1					*
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	6	6.8			0.8	15.1		1.5					
Intersection Summary													
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			15.0										
HCM 6th LOS			В										
Notos													

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

Unsignalized Delay for [WBR] is excluded from calculations of the approach delay and intersection delay.

DKS Associates Synchro 11 Report

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	∱ ∱		ች	∱ }			414		*	₽	1	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	378	432	52	29	562	58	215	58	29	38	61	568	
Future Volume (veh/h)	378	432	52	29	562	58	215	58	29	38	61	568	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.94	1.00		0.93	
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Work Zone On Approac	ch	No			No			No			No		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln		1870	1900	1870	1870	1900	1885	1885	1900	1885	1885	1885	
Adj Flow Rate, veh	398	455	49	31	592	55	226	61	15	40	131	109	
	0 95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	
Percent Heavy Veh,	1	2	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	
Cap, veh/h	43	1942	208	40	1609	149	463	186	46	177	186	146	
Arrive On Green	0.26	1.00	1.00	0.02	0.49	0.49	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.10	
Sat Flow, veh/h	3482	323	347	1781	3282	304	3591	1442	354	1795	1885	1485	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	398	240	255	31	320	327	226	0	76	40	131	109	
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/li			150r	1781	1777	1809	1795	0	1796	1795	1885	1485	
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.0	0.0	J.P	9	12.3	12.4	6.4	0.0	4.2	2.3	7.4	7.9	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.0	0.0	0.	10	12.3	12.4	6.4	0.0	4.2	2.3	7.4	7.9	
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	0.19	100		0.17	1.00	0.0	0.20	1.00		1.00	
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h		1067	1084	10		387	463	0	231	177	186	146	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.86	0.23	0.24	0.78	0.37	0.37	0.49	0.00	0.33	0.23	0.70	0.74	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	570	1067	1084	97	8/1	887	914	0.00	457	277	291	229	
HCM Platoon Ratio	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	0.96	0.96	0.96	1.00	1.00	100	100	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d), s/vel		0.0	0.0	53.5	17.4	17.5	415		43.6	45.7	48.0	48.2	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	10.0	0.5	0.5	21.4	1.2	1.2	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.5	3.6	5.5	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),vel		0.1	0.1	1.1	5.2	5.4	2.9	0.0	1.9	1.0	3.7	3.1	
Unsig. Movement Delay			0.1		0.2	0.1	2.0	0.0			0.7	0.1	
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	49.5	0.5	0.5	74.9	18.6	18.7	45.1	0.0	4.2	46.2	51.6	53.7	
LnGrp LOS	D	A	A	o	В	В	D	A		D	D	D	
Approach Vol, veh/h		902			678			302	• • • •		280		
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.1			21.2			44.9			5 .7	•	
Approach LOS		C			C C			D		1			
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8					
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc)		70.0		14.8	18.6	57.9		18.7					
Change Period (Y+Rc),		4.5		4.5	4.0	4.5		4.5					
Max Green Setting (Gm	, ,	42.0		16.5	18.0	30.0		28.0					
Max Q Clear Time (g_c		2.0		9.9	14.0	14.4		8.4					*
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	s 0.0	3.4		0.5	0.6	3.7		1.0					
Intersection Summary													
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			28.8										
HCM 6th LOS			С										
Notes													

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

DKS Associates Synchro 11 Report

Int Delay, s/veh	Intersection										
Movement WBL WBR NBT NBR SBL SBT	Int Delay, s/veh	4.3									
Lane Configurations	<u> </u>	WRI	WRR	NRT	NBR	SRI	SRT				
Traffic Vol, veh/h 143 19 239 73 21 391 Future Vol, veh/h 143 19 239 73 21 391 Conflicting Peds, #hr 2 0 0 5 5 0 Sign Control Stop Stop Free Free Free Free RT Channelized - None - None - None Storage Length 75 0 - 0 70 - Veh in Median Storage # 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 Grade, % -											
Future Vol, veh/h Conflicting Peds, #/hr Sign Control Stop Stop Stop Free Free Free Free Free Free Free Fre	Traffic Vol, veh/h										
Sign Control Stop Stop Free None	Future Vol, veh/h			239	73	21	391				
RT Channelized	Conflicting Peds, #/hr										
Storage Length	Sign Control	Stop		Free		Free					
Veh in Median Storag # 0 - 0 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0	RT Channelized	-		-			None				
Grade, % Peak Hour Factor Reak Hour Factor Reavy Vehicles, % Reavy			0								
Peak Hour Factor 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86		, # 0	-								
Heavy Vehicles, % 2		U	-								
Major/Minor Minor1 Major2 Conflicting Flow All 788 283 0 368 0 Stage 1 283 - - - - - Stage 2 505 - - - - - Critical Hdwy 6.42 6.2 - - 4.1 - Critical Hdwy Stg 1 5.42 - - - - - Critical Hdwy Stg 2 5.42 - - - - - - Follow-up Hdwy 3.518 3.3 - 2.2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td>86</td><td>86</td><td>86</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		86	86	86							
Major/Minor		-2		1							
Stage 1	Mvmt Flow	100	1	278	85	24	455				
Stage 1				O							
Stage 1	Major/Minor	Minor1	N	Vie Jr1		Major2					ļ
Stage 1 283 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Conflicting Flow All	788	283		0		0				
Critical Hdwy 6.42 6.2 - 4.1 - Critical Hdwy Stg 1 5.42 - - - - Critical Hdwy Stg 2 5.42 - - - - Follow-up Hdwy 3.518 3.3 - 2.2 - Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 360 761 - 1202 - Stage 1 765 - - - - Stage 2 606 - - - - Platoon blocked, % - - - - - Mov Cap-1 Maneuver 351 758 - 1197 - Mov Cap-2 Maneuver 351 - - - - Stage 1 762 - - - - Stage 2 593 - - - - Stage 2 593 - - - - HCM Control Delay, s 22.5 0 0 0 0 Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBT NBRWBLn1WBLn2 SBL		283	-	-		-	-				
Critical Hdwy Stg 1 5.42 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>Stage 2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Stage 2			-			-				
Critical Hdwy Stg 2 5.42 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Critical Hdwy		6.2	-	-	4.1	-				
Follow-up Hdwy 3.518 3.3 - 2.2 Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 360 761 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202 - 1202	Critical Hdwy Stg 1		-	-	-	-					
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 360 761 - - 1202 - Stage 1 765 - - - - Stage 2 606 - - - - Platoon blocked, % - - - Mov Cap-1 Maneuver 351 758 - 1197 - Mov Cap-2 Maneuver 351 - - - - Stage 1 762 - - - - Stage 2 593 - - - - Stage 2 593 - - - - Stage 2 593 - - - - Approach WB NB SB HCM Control Delay, s 22.5 0 0.4 HCM LOS C Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBT NBRWBLn1WBLn2 SBL SBT Capacity (veh/h) - 351 758 1197 - HCM Lane V/C Ratio - 0.474 0.029 0.02 - HCM Control Delay (s) - 24.2 9.9 8.1 - HCM Lane LOS - C A A -	Critical Hdwy Stg 2			-	-	-	-				
Stage 1 765 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				-	-						
Stage 2 606 -	•		761	-	-	1202	-				
Platoon blocked, %				-	-	-	_				
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver 351 758 - 1197 - Mov Cap-2 Maneuver 351 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td>606</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>		606	-	-	-	-	-			•	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver 351 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		0=4	7-0	-	-	440-	-		•		
Stage 1 762 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				-	-	1197	-			-/	
Stage 2 593 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	•		-	-	-	-	-				
Approach WB NB SB HCM Control Delay, s 22.5 0 0.4 HCM LOS C Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBT NBRWBLn1WBLn2 SBL SBT Capacity (veh/h) - - 351 758 1197 - HCM Lane V/C Ratio - - 0.474 0.029 0.02 - HCM Control Delay (s) - - 24.2 9.9 8.1 - HCM Lane LOS - - C A A -			-	-	-	-	-				
HCM Control Delay, s 22.5 0 0.4	Stage 2	593	-	-	-	-	-				
HCM Control Delay, s 22.5 0 0.4											1
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBT NBRWBLn1WBLn2 SBL SBT Capacity (veh/h) - - 351 758 1197 - HCM Lane V/C Ratio - - 0.474 0.029 0.02 - HCM Control Delay (s) - - 24.2 9.9 8.1 - HCM Lane LOS - - C A A -	Approach	WB		NB		SB					
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBT NBRWBLn1WBLn2 SBL SBT Capacity (veh/h) - - 351 758 1197 - HCM Lane V/C Ratio - - 0.474 0.029 0.02 - HCM Control Delay (s) - - 24.2 9.9 8.1 - HCM Lane LOS - - C A A -	HCM Control Delay, s	22.5		0		0.4					
Capacity (veh/h) - - 351 758 1197 - HCM Lane V/C Ratio - - 0.474 0.029 0.02 - HCM Control Delay (s) - - 24.2 9.9 8.1 - HCM Lane LOS - C A A -	HCM LOS	С									
Capacity (veh/h) - - 351 758 1197 - HCM Lane V/C Ratio - - 0.474 0.029 0.02 - HCM Control Delay (s) - - 24.2 9.9 8.1 - HCM Lane LOS - C A A -											
Capacity (veh/h) - - 351 758 1197 - HCM Lane V/C Ratio - - 0.474 0.029 0.02 - HCM Control Delay (s) - - 24.2 9.9 8.1 - HCM Lane LOS - C A A -	Minor Lane/Major Mvn	nt	NBT	NBRV	VBLn1V	VBLn2	SBL	SBT			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio - - 0.474 0.029 0.02 - - HCM Control Delay (s) - - 24.2 9.9 8.1 - - HCM Lane LOS - C A A -			-								
HCM Control Delay (s) 24.2 9.9 8.1 - HCM Lane LOS C A A -	HCM Lane V/C Ratio		_	-				-			
HCM Lane LOS C A A -)	-					-			
	HCM Lane LOS		-	-				-			
		ı)	-	-				-			

DKS Associates Synchro 11 Report

Intersection												
Int Delay, s/veh	1.1											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4		*	ĵ.			4	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	8	0	14	18	0	6	4	231	23	8	380	4
Future Vol, veh/h	8	0	14	18	0	6	4	231	23	8	380	4
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storag	# -	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	_	-	0	-
Grade, %		0	-	-	0	-	-	0	_	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	85	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83
Heavy Vehicles, %	0		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Mvmt Flow	-0		17	22	0	7	5	278	28	10	458	5
			C									
Major/Minor M	1inor2		7	mr1		ı	Major1		N	//ajor2		
Conflicting Flow All	787	797	46	791	785	292	463	0	0	306	0	0
Stage 1	481	481	-	02	302	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Stage 2	306	316	-	480	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy	7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2	4.1	-	-	4.1	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	6.1	5.5	-	6.1	5.5		-	-	-	-	-	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	6.1	5.5	-	6.1	5.5	-		-	-	-	-	-
Follow-up Hdwy	3.5	4	3.3	3.5	4	2.2	2.2	-	-	2.2	-	-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	312	322	605	310	327	752	100	-	-	1266	-	-
Stage 1	570	557	-	712	668		-		-	-	-	-
Stage 2	708	659	-	564	556	-			-	-	-	-
Platoon blocked, %								-	-		-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	305	317	605	298	322	752	1109		1	1266	-	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	305	317	-	298	322	-	-	-		5	-	-
Stage 1	567	551	-	708	665	-	-	-			* -	-
Stage 2	698	656	-	542	550	-	-	-			<u> </u>	-
										1		•
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB		X
HCM Control Delay, s	13.6			16.2			0.1			0.2		
HCM LOS	В			С							•	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt		NBL	NBT	NBR I	EBLn1V	VBLn1	SBL	SBT	SBR			
Capacity (veh/h)		1109	-	-	446	351	1266	-	-			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.004	_	_		0.082		-	_			
HCM Control Delay (s)		8.3	-	-	13.6	16.2	7.9	0	-			
HCM Lane LOS		A	_	_	В	C	A	A	_			
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0	_	-	0.2	0.3	0	-	-			

ID Software/Method	Intersection	Control Type	LOS	Delay	V/C Ratio
1 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	I-5 SB Ramp & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	В	12.4	0.37
2 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	I-5 NB Ramp & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	В	15.0	0.45
3 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	Town Center Loop West & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	С	28.8	0.50



APPENDIX E: HCM REPORT - EXISTING + STAGE II



	۶	→	*	•	←	4	1	†	~	/	ţ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		^ ^	7	ሻሻ						ሻ	र्स	77
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	0	825	696	519	897	0	0	0	0	75	1	135
Future Volume (veh/h)	0	825	696	519	897	0	0	0	0	75	1	135
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00				1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No						No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	0	1870	1870	1900	1856	0				1885	1900	1841
Adj Flow Rate, veh	0	868	0	546	944	0				80	0	39
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95				0.95	0.95	0.95
Percent Heavy Veh,	0	2	2	0	3	0				1	0	4
Cap, veh/h	0	3364		622	3075	0				197	0	170
Arrive On Green	0.30	1.00	0.00	0.35	1.00	0.00				0.05	0.00	0.05
Sat Flow, veh/h		5274	1585	3510	3618	0				3591	0	3091
Grp Volume(v), veh/h		~8 68	0	546	944	0				80	0	39
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	0	17)2	1585	1755	1763	0				1795	0	1546
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.0	7. J	0.0	16.0	0.0	0.0				2.4	0.0	1.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.0	2.0	0.0	16.0	0.0	0.0				2.4	0.0	1.3
Prop In Lane	0.00		1.00	1.00		0.00				1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	0	3364		622	3075	0				197	0	170
V/C Ratio(X)	0.00	0.26		0.88	0.31	0.00				0.41	0.00	0.23
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	0	3364		766	3075	0				620	0	534
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	2.00	2.00	2 10	2.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.20	.90	0.00				1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.4	0.0	0.0				50.2	0.0	49.7
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	8.9	0.2	0.0				1.3	0.0	0.7
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•			0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0	0.1	0.0	6.5	0.1	0.0				1.1	0.0	1.2
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh												
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	43.3	0.2	0.0				51.6	0.0	50.4
LnGrp LOS	Α	Α		D	Α	Α`				D	Α	<u>D</u>
Approach Vol, veh/h		868			1490						119	
Approach Delay, s/veh		0.2			16.0				•		51.2	
Approach LOS		Α			В				X		D	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	23.5	76.5		10.0		100.0						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0		4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	24.0	55.0		19.0		75.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+l1), s	18.0	2.0		4.4		2.0				X		
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	1.4	5.1		0.3		5.7				· ·		
Intersection Summary												
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			12.2									
HCM 6th LOS			В									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.
Unsignalized Delay for [EBR] is excluded from calculations of the approach delay and intersection delay.

	۶	→	•	•	←	•	4	†	/	/	↓	4		
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR		
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	^			^	7	*	4	77					
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	337	563	0	0	1043	313	373	2	415	0	0	0		
Future Volume (veh/h)	337	563	0	0	1043	313	373	2	415	0	0	0		
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.97					
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					
Work Zone On Approac	ch	No			No			No						
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1870	1870	0	0	1885	1870	1841	1900	1885					
Adj Flow Rate, veh//	362	605	0	0	1122	0	402	0	165					
Peak Hour Facto	93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93					
Percent Heavy Veh,	2	2	0	0	1	2	4	0	1					
Cap, veh/h	433	2780	0	0	3194		508	0	448					
Arrive On Green	U.25	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.14					
Sat Flow, veh/h	3450	364	0	0	5316	1585	3506	0	3093					
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	362	607	-0	0	1122	0	402	0	165					
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/l		1777		0	1716	1585	1753	0	1547					
Q Serve(g_s), s	10.9	0.0	J.O	0	0.0	0.0	12.2	0.0	5.3					
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	10.9	0.0	0.	00	0.0	0.0	12.2	0.0	5.3					
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	0.00	COL		1.00	1.00	0.0	1.00					
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h		2780	0.00	000	3/24	1.00	508	0	448					
V/C Ratio(X)	0.84	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.35		0.79	0.00	0.37					
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	691	2780	0.00	0	3194		956	0.00	844					
HCM Platoon Ratio	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					
Upstream Filter(I)	0.97	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.70	100	100	0.00	1.00					
Uniform Delay (d), s/ve		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15		42.5					
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.3					
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/vel		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0					
%ile BackOfQ(50%),ve		0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	5.2	0.0	2.0					
Unsig. Movement Delay			0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	<u> </u>					
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	43.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	47.2	0.0	2.8					
LnGrp LOS	43.3 D	Α	Α	Α	Α	0.0	77.2 D	Α	2.0		* .			
Approach Vol, veh/h	<u> </u>	967	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	, ,	1122			567						
Approach Delay, s/veh		16.4			0.2			45.9				•		
Approach LOS		В			Α.2			43.9 D		-7				
												_		
Timer - Assigned Phs		2			5	6		8						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc	, .	90.1			17.8	72.3		19.9						
Change Period (Y+Rc),		4.0			4.0	4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gr	, ,	55.0			22.0	46.0		30.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c		2.0			12.9	2.0		14.2					*	
Green Ext Time (p_c),	S	7.1			0.9	15.4		1.7						
Intersection Summary														
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			15.9											
HCM 6th LOS			В											
Notes														

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

Unsignalized Delay for [WBR] is excluded from calculations of the approach delay and intersection delay.

Synchro 11 Report **DKS Associates**

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	∱ }		*	∱ ∱			414			1→	7	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	381	457	52	29	574	56	215	60	29	35	63	567	
Future Volume (veh/h)	381	457	52	29	574	56	215	60	29	35	63	567	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.94	1.00		0.93	
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Work Zone On Approac	ch	No			No			No			No		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	1885	1870	1900	1870	1870	1900	1885	1885	1900	1885	1885	1885	
Adj Flow Rate, veh	101	481	49	31	604	53	226	63	16	37	137	113	
	<u>95</u>	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	
Percent Heavy Veh,	1	2	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	
Cap, veh/h	4.4	1946	197	40	1606	141	463	184	47	182	191	150	
Arrive On Green	0.27	1.00	1.00	0.02	0.49	0.48	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.10	
Sat Flow, veh/h	3482	325	330	1781	3300	289	3591	1431	363	1795	1885	1487	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	401	267	208	31	325	332	226	0	79	37	137	113	
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/li			150r	1781	1777	1813	1795	0	1794	1795	1885	1487	
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.1	0.0	J.0	9	12.6	12.7	6.4	0.0	4.4	2.1	7.7	8.1	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	12.1	0.0	0.	10	12.6	12.7	6.4	0.0	4.4	2.1	7.7	8.1	
Prop In Lane	1.00	0.0	0.18	100		0.16	1.00	0.0	0.20	1.00		1.00	
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h		1062	1081	10	500	382	463	0	231	182	191	150	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.86	0.25	0.25	0.78	0.38	0.38	0.49	0.00	0.34	0.20	0.72	0.75	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	570	1062	1081	97	8.5	882	914	0.00	457	277	291	230	
HCM Platoon Ratio	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	0.96	0.96	0.96	1.00	1.00	100	100	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d), s/vel		0.0	0.0	53.5	17.7	17.8	445		43.7	45.4	47.9	48.1	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	10.2	0.5	0.5	21.4	1.2	1.2	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.4	3.8	5.5	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/vel		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),vel		0.0	0.0	1.1	5.4	5.5	2.9	0.0	8.0	0.9	3.8	3.2	
Unsig. Movement Delay			0.2	1.1	J. T	0.0	2.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	J.Z	
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	49.6	0.5	0.5	74.9	19.0	19.0	45.1	0.0	4.3	45.8	51.7	53.6	
LnGrp LOS	43.0 D	Α	Α	F	13.0 B	13.0 B	D	Α		D	D D	D	
Approach Vol, veh/h		931			688		<u> </u>	305	<u>ں.</u>		287		
Approach Delay, s/veh		21.7			21.5			44.9			5 .7		
Approach LOS					21.5 C			44.9 D		-7	3 .1		
Approach LOS		С			C			U				X	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8					
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc)), s6.4	69.8		15.1	18.7	57.5		18.7					
Change Period (Y+Rc),		4.5		4.5	4.0	4.5		4.5					
Max Green Setting (Gm		42.0		16.5	18.0	30.0		28.0					
Max Q Clear Time (g_c	, ,	2.0		10.1	14.1	14.7		8.4					X
Green Ext Time (p_c), s		3.6		0.5	0.6	3.7		1.0					•
Intersection Summary													
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			28.7										
HCM 6th LOS			С										
Notes													

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

Intersection											
Int Delay, s/veh	4.3										
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT					
Lane Configurations	ሻ	7	↑	7	<u> </u>	<u>□ □ □ □</u>					
Traffic Vol, veh/h	143	18	241	74	22	389					
Future Vol, veh/h	143	18	241	74	22	389					
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	2	0	0	5	5	0					
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free					
RT Channelized	Siup	None	riee -	None	riee -	None					
Storage Length	75	0	-	0	70	NULL					
Veh in Median Storag		U	0			0					
		-	-	-	-						
Grade, %	O O	- 00	0 86	- 06	- 06	0					
Peak Hour Factor	86	86	86	86	86	86					
Heavy Vehicles, %	2		1	3	0	1					
Mvmt Flow	16		280	86	26	452					
Major/Minor	Minor1	N	/lo Jr1		Major2						
Conflicting Flow All	791	285		0	371	0					
Stage 1	285	200		-	J/ 1						
Stage 2	506	_	_	C	V						
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.2	-		4 1						
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	0.2	_	-	4						
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-	-	-	* -						
	3.518	3.3	-	-	2.2	1					
Follow-up Hdwy	3.516	759	-	-	1199						
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver			-	-	1199						
Stage 1	763	-	-	-	-						
Stage 2	606	-	-	-	-	-			Y		
Platoon blocked, %	0.40	750	-	-	4404	-		•			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	348	756	-	-	1194	-					
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	348	-	-	-	-	-					
Stage 1	760	-	-	-	-	-					
Stage 2	591	-	-	-	-	-					
										()	
Approach	WB		NB		SB						
	22.9		0		0.4						
HCM LOS			U		0.4						
HCM LOS	С										
Minor Lane/Major Mvn	nt	NBT	NBRV	VBLn1V	VBLn2	SBL	SBT				
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	348	756	1194	-				
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	0.478			-				
HCM Control Delay (s		-	-	24.5	9.9	8.1	-				
HCM Lane LOS		-	-	С	Α	Α	-				
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	-	_	2.5	0.1	0.1	_				
	7				3.1	J.,					

ID Software/Method	Intersection	Control Type	LOS	Delay	V/C Ratio
1 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	I-5 SB Ramp & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	В	12.2	0.38
2 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	I-5 NB Ramp & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	В	15.9	0.48
3 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	Town Center Loop West & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	С	28.7	0.51



APPENDIX F: HCM REPORT - EXISTING + PROJECT + STAGE II



	۶	→	•	•	←	•	1	†	~	/	†	✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		^	7	ሻሻ	^					ሻ	र्स	77
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	0	830	696	521	901	0	0	0	0	83	1	135
Future Volume (veh/h)	0	830	696	521	901	0	0	0	0	83	1	135
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	0
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00				1.00		0.99
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00
Work Zone On Approach		No			No						No	
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln	0	1870	1870	1900	1856	0				1885	1900	1841
Adj Flow Rate, veh	0	874	0	548	948	0				88	0	39
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95				0.95	0.95	0.95
Percent Heavy Veh,	0	2	2	0	3	0				1	0	4
Cap, veh/h	0	3360		623	3074	0				198	0	171
Arrive On Green	5.00	1.00	0.00	0.36	1.00	0.00				0.06	0.00	0.06
Sat Flow, veh/h		5274	1585	3510	3618	0				3591	0	3092
Grp Volume(v), veh/h		874	0	548	948	0				88	0	39
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln	T (1 ⁻ J2	1585	1755	1763	0				1795	0	1546
Q Serve(g_s), s	0.0	P.U	0.0	16.1	0.0	0.0				2.6	0.0	1.3
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.1	0.0	0.0				2.6	0.0	1.3
Prop In Lane	0.00		1.00	1.00		0.00				1.00		1.00
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	0	3360		623	3074	0				198	0	171
V/C Ratio(X)	0.00	0.26		0.88	0.31	0.00				0.44	0.00	0.23
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	0	3360		766	3074	0				620	0	534
HCM Platoon Ratio	1.00	2.00	2.00	2 10	2.00	1.00				1.00	1.00	1.00
Upstream Filter(I)	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.20	7.90	0.00				1.00	0.00	1.00
Uniform Delay (d), s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.4	0.0	0.0				50.3	0.0	49.7
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	9.	0.2	0.0				1.6	0.0	0.7
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•			0.0	0.0	0.0
%ile BackOfQ(50%),veh/ln	0.0	0.1	0.0	6.5	0.1	0.0				1.2	0.0	1.2
Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh						-						
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	0.0	0.2	0.0	43.3	0.2	0.0				51.9	0.0	50.4
LnGrp LOS	A	A		D	A	A				D	Α	<u>D</u>
Approach Vol, veh/h		874			1496						127	
Approach Delay, s/veh		0.2			16.0				•		51.4	
Approach LOS		Α			В				X		D	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2		4		6						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc), s	23.5	76.4		10.1		99.9						
Change Period (Y+Rc), s	4.0	4.0		4.0		4.0					•	
Max Green Setting (Gmax), s	24.0	55.0		19.0		75.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c+I1), s	18.1	2.0		4.6		2.0						
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	1.4	5.1		0.4		5.8						
Intersection Summary												
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			12.3									
HCM 6th LOS			В									

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.
Unsignalized Delay for [EBR] is excluded from calculations of the approach delay and intersection delay.

	۶	→	•	•	←	•	4	†	/	/	ļ	4		
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR		
Lane Configurations	14	^			^	7	ነ	र्स	77					
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	337	576	0	0	1049	319	373	2	418	0	0	0		
Future Volume (veh/h)	337	576	0	0	1049	319	373	2	418	0	0	0		
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT)	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		0.97					
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					
Work Zone On Approac	ch	No			No			No						
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln		1870	0	0	1885	1870	1841	1900	1885					
Adj Flow Rate, veh	362	619	0	0	1128	0	402	0	178					
	93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93					
Percent Heavy Veh,	2	2	0	0	1	2	4	0	1					
Cap, veh/h	433	2779	0	0	3192		509	0	449					
Arrive On Green	b.25	1.89	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.15					
Sat Flow, veh/h	3450	364	0	0	5316	1585	3506	0	3094					
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	362	610	0	0	1128	0	402	0	178					
Grp Sat Flow(s), veh/h/li	n1728	1777		0	1716	1585	1753	0	1547					
Q Serve(g_s), s	10.9	0.0	J.P	0	0.0	0.0	12.2	0.0	5.7					
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s	10.9	0.0	0.	00	0.0	0.0	12.2	0.0	5.7					
Prop In Lane	1.00		0.00	(UL		1.00	1.00		1.00					
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h	433	2779	0	0	3/04		509	0	449					
V/C Ratio(X)	0.84	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.35		0.79	0.00	0.40					
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	691	2779	0	0	3132		956	0	844					
HCM Platoon Ratio	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					
Upstream Filter(I)	0.97	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.67	000	100	0.00	1.00					
Uniform Delay (d), s/ve	h 40.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45	0.0	42.6					
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	3.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.7	0	0.3					
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/vel	h 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
%ile BackOfQ(50%),ve	h/ln4.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	5.2	0.0	2.2					
Unsig. Movement Delay	y, s/veh	1							4					
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	43.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	47.1	0.0	3.0	5				
LnGrp LOS	D	Α	Α	Α	Α		D	Α	1	7.	•			
Approach Vol, veh/h		981			1128			580	•					
Approach Delay, s/veh		16.2			0.2			45.8		4		*		
Approach LOS		В			Α			D				X		
Timer - Assigned Phs		2			5	6		8						
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc). s	90.0			17.8	72.2		20.0						
Change Period (Y+Rc),	, .	4.0			4.0	4.0		4.0						
Max Green Setting (Gm		55.0			22.0	46.0		30.0						
Max Q Clear Time (g_c	, .	2.0			12.9	2.0		14.2					X	
Green Ext Time (p_c),		7.3			0.9	15.5		1.7					V	
Intersection Summary														
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay			15.9											
HCM 6th LOS			В											
Notes														

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

Unsignalized Delay for [WBR] is excluded from calculations of the approach delay and intersection delay.

	۶	→	•	•	←	4	1	†	/	/	ļ	4	
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations	ሻሻ	∱ }		ች	ħβ		*	4î∌		ሻ	ĵ.	7	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	397	457	52	29	574	60	215	60	29	39	63	579	
Future Volume (veh/h)	397	457	52	29	574	60	215	60	29	39	63	579	
Initial Q (Qb), veh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ped-Bike Adj(A pbT)	1.00		0.99	1.00		0.98	1.00		0.94	1.00		0.93	
Parking Bus, Adj	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Work Zone On Approac		No			No			No			No		
Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln		1870	1900	1870	1870	1900	1885	1885	1900	1885	1885	1885	
Adj Flow Rate, veh//	118	481	49	31	604	57	226	63	16	41	140	115	
	o 95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	
Percent Heavy Veh,	1	2	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	
Cap, veh/h	420	1941	197	40	1576	148	463	184	47	184	193	152	
Arrive On Green	U.23	1.00	1.00	0.02	0.48	0.48	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.10	
Sat Flow, veh/h	3482	325	330	1781	3277	309	3591	1431	363	1795	1885	1488	
Grp Volume(v), veh/h	418	26%	268	31	327	334	226	0	79	41	140	115	
Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/li		_	LF.Ot	1781	1777	1809	1795	0	1794	1795	1885	1488	
Q Serve(g_s), s	12.6	0.0	J.0	9	12.9	12.9	6.4	0.0	4.4	2.3	7.9	8.3	
	12.6	0.0	0.	10	12.9	12.9	6.4	0.0	4.4	2.3	7.9	8.3	
Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s		0.0				0.17	1.00	0.0		1.00	1.9	1.00	
Prop In Lane	1.00	1000	0.18	100				0	0.20		100		
Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h		1060	1079	7	0.20	370	463	0	231	184	193	152	
V/C Ratio(X)	0.87	0.25	0.25	0.78	0.38	0.38	0.49	0.00	0.34	0.22	0.72	0.75	
Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h	570	1060	1079	97	805	870	914	0	457	277	291	230	
HCM Platoon Ratio	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Upstream Filter(I)	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00	1.00	100	1 00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Uniform Delay (d), s/vel		0.0	0.0	53.5	18.2	18.2	AAJ		43.7	45.3	47.9	48.0	
Incr Delay (d2), s/veh	11.2	0.5	0.5	21.4	1.3	1.5	0.6	0 5	0.6	0.4	3.8	5.5	
Initial Q Delay(d3),s/vel		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
%ile BackOfQ(50%),vel		0.2	0.2	1.1	5.5	5.6	2.9	0.0	2.0	1.1	3.9	3.3	
Unsig. Movement Delay									+				
LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh	50.1	0.5	0.5	74.9	19.5	19.5	45.1	0.0	4.3	45 .8	51.7	53.6	
_nGrp LOS	D	A	A	<u>E</u>	В	В	D	A	₹	D	D	D	
Approach Vol, veh/h		948			692			305	•		296		
Approach Delay, s/veh		22.4			22.0			44.9			5 6	*	
Approach LOS		С			С			D				X	
Timer - Assigned Phs	1	2		4	5	6		8					
Phs Duration (G+Y+Rc)), s6.4	69.6		15.3	19.1	56.9		18.7					
Change Period (Y+Rc),		4.5		4.5	4.0	4.5		4.5					
Max Green Setting (Gm		42.0		16.5	18.0	30.0		28.0					
Max Q Clear Time (g_c		2.0		10.3	14.6	14.9		8.4					X
Green Ext Time (p_c), s	, .	3.6		0.5	0.6	3.7		1.0					
Intersection Summary													
			29.2										
HCM 6th Ctrl Delay HCM 6th LOS													
			С										
Notes													

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

Intersection									
Int Delay, s/veh	4.6								
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT			
Lane Configurations	ሻ	7	<u> </u>	7	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Traffic Vol, veh/h	143	21	261	74	24	405			
Future Vol, veh/h	143	21	261	74	24	405			
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	2	0	0	5	5	0			
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free			
RT Channelized		None	-	None	-	None			
Storage Length	75	0	_	0	70	-			
Veh in Median Storag		-	0	-	-	0			
Grade, %	, ,, ,	-	0	_	_	0			
Peak Hour Factor	86	8 6	86	86	86	86			
Heavy Vehicles, %	2		<u> 1</u>	3	0	1			
Mymt Flow	100		303	86	28	471			
WWW.IICT IOW	100		000	00	20	711			
	Minor1		Vie Ji1		Major2				
Conflicting Flow All	837	308		0	394	0			
Stage 1	308	-	-) -	-			
Stage 2	529	-	-			-			
Critical Hdwy	6.42	6.2	-	-	4.1	-			
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	5.42	-	-	-	_				
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	5.42	-	-	-	-	-			
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	3.3	-	-	2.2				
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	337	737	-	-	1176				
Stage 1	745	-	-	-	-				
Stage 2	591	-	-	-	-	-		•	
Platoon blocked, %			-	-		-			
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	327	734	-	-	1171	-		-	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	327	-	-	-	-	-			
Stage 1	742	-	-	-	-	-			
Stage 2	576	-	-	-	-	-			
								.	
Approach	WB		NB		SB				
HCM Control Delay, s	24.7		0		0.5				
HCM LOS	С								
Minor Lane/Major Mvn	nt	NBT	NBRV	VBLn1V	VBLn2	SBL	SBT		
Capacity (veh/h)		-	-	327	734	1171	-		
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		-	-	0.508	0.033	0.024	-		
HCM Control Delay (s)		-	-	26.9	10.1	8.1	-		
HCM Lane LOS		-	-	D	В	Α	-		
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	-	-	2.7	0.1	0.1	-		

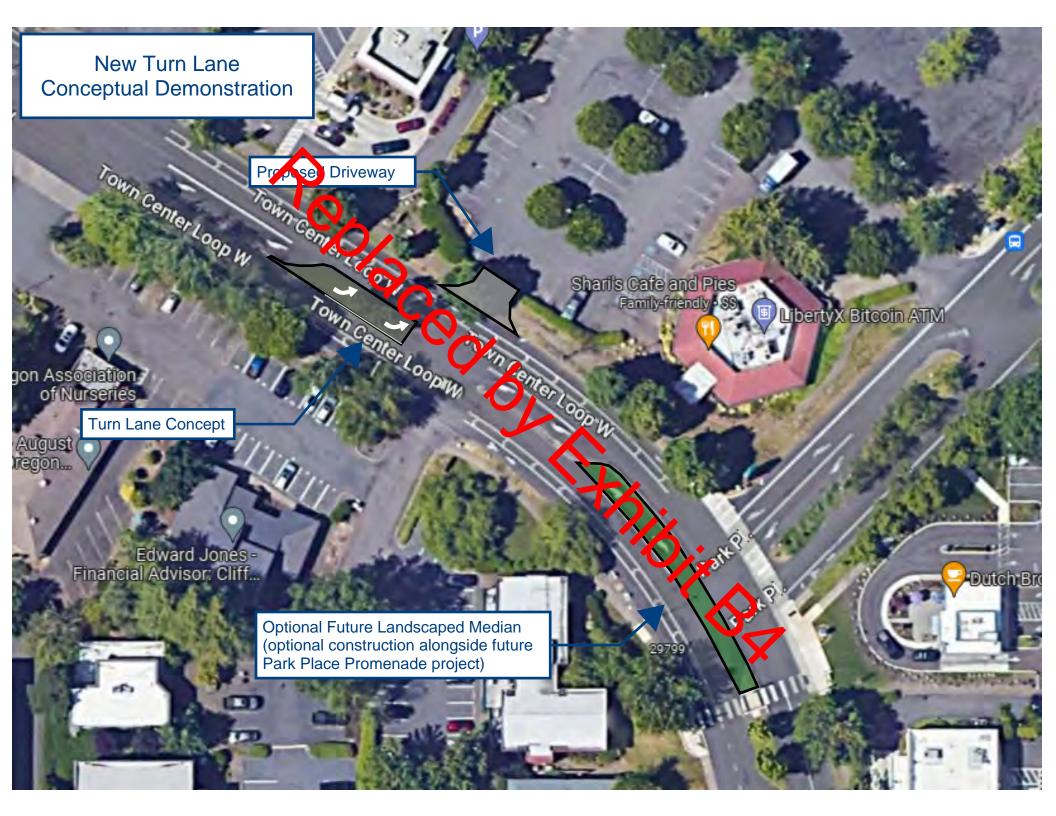
Intersection Int Delay, s/veh	Literation												
Movement	Intersection												
Lane Configurations	int Delay, s/veh	1.1											
Traffic Vol, veh/h	Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Traffic Vol, veh/h	Lane Configurations		4			4		7	ĵ.			4	
Conflicting Peds, #/hr O Stop Stop	Traffic Vol, veh/h	8		14	18		6	4		23	8	397	4
Sign Control Stop Stop Stop Stop Stop Stop Stop Free Free	Future Vol, veh/h		0	14	18	0	6		255	23		397	4
RT Channelized None	Conflicting Peds, #/hr						0	0					0
Storage Length		Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
Veh in Median Storag # 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None		-	None	-	-	None
Grade, % 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - - 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0<		-	-	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-		-
Peak Hour Factor		, # -	0	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Heavy Vehicles, % 0			_										
Mymit Flow Minor2 June 1 Major 1 Major 2 Major 1 Major 2 Major 1 Major 2 Major 3 Major 4 Major 3 Major 4 Major 3 Major 4 Major 3 Major 4 <		85	83	83	83	83	83	83	83				
Major/Minor Minor2 Major1 Major2		0			-								
Conflicting Flow All 836	Mvmt Flow	10	0	17	22	0	7	5	307	28	10	478	5
Conflicting Flow All 836				C									
Conflicting Flow All 836	Maior/Minor N	Minor2		7	mr1		_ 1	Maior1		Λ	/laior2		
Stage 1 501 501 - 31 331 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			846			834			0			n	0
Stage 2 335 345 - 580 505 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				-			-	-		-	-		
Critical Hdwy Stg 1 6.1 5.5 - 6.1 5.5 - 6.1 5.5 7 - 4.1 4.1 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	•			_			_	_	_	_	_		_
Critical Hdwy Stg 1 6.1 5.5 - 6.1 5.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				6.2			6.2	4.1	-	_			_
Critical Hdwy Stg 2 6.1 5.5 - 6.1 5.5							J		-	_	-		-
Follow-up Hdwy 3.5 4 3.3 3.5 4 2.2 - 2.2 2.2 Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 289 301 589 287 306 724 1090 - 1236 Stage 1 556 546 - 687 649 Stage 2 683 640 - 550 545							-	-	-	-	-		-
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 289 301 589 287 306 724 096 - - 1236 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -							22	2.2	-	_	2.2		-
Stage 1 556 546 - 687 649 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -							724		_	-		-	-
Stage 2 683 640 - 550 545 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	•						•	_		-	-	_	_
Platoon blocked, % Mov Cap-1 Maneuver 283 296 589 276 301 724 1090 Mov Cap-2 Maneuver 283 296 - 276 301				-			-				-	-	-
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver 283 296 589 276 301 724 1090 - 1336 - - Mov Cap-2 Maneuver 283 296 - 276 301 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	•								-	_		-	-
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver 283 296 - 276 301 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td></td> <td>283</td> <td>296</td> <td>589</td> <td>276</td> <td>301</td> <td>724</td> <td>1090</td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td>1236</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		283	296	589	276	301	724	1090		4	1236	-	-
Stage 1 553 540 - 684 646				-			-	-	-		5-	-	-
Stage 2 673 637 - 528 539 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	•			-			-	-	-		1	*	-
Approach EB WB NB SB HCM Control Delay, s 14.1 17.1 0.1 0.2 HCM LOS B C C Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBL NBT NBR EBLn1WBLn1 SBL SBT SBR Capacity (veh/h) 1090 - - 423 327 1236 - - HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.004 - - 0.063 0.088 0.008 - -	•		637	-			-	-	-	_		_	-
HCM Control Delay, s 14.1 17.1 0.1 0.2 HCM LOS B C Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBL NBT NBR EBLn1WBLn1 SBL SBT SBR Capacity (veh/h) 1090 423 327 1236 HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.004 0.063 0.088 0.008	<u> </u>												*
HCM Control Delay, s 14.1 17.1 0.1 0.2 HCM LOS B C Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBL NBT NBR EBLn1WBLn1 SBL SBT SBR Capacity (veh/h) 1090 423 327 1236 HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.004 0.063 0.088 0.008	Annroach	FR			WR			NR			SB		X
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBL NBT NBR EBLn1WBLn1 SBL SBT SBR Capacity (veh/h) 1090 - - 423 327 1236 - - HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.004 - - 0.063 0.088 0.008 - -													*
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBL NBT NBR EBLn1WBLn1 SBL SBT SBR Capacity (veh/h) 1090 - - 423 327 1236 - - HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.004 - - 0.063 0.088 0.008 - -								0.1			0.2		
Capacity (veh/h) 1090 423 327 1236 HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.004 0.063 0.088 0.008	TIOWI LOO	U											
Capacity (veh/h) 1090 423 327 1236 HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.004 0.063 0.088 0.008	Minantana (Mariana)	1	NDI	NDT	NDD 1	-DL 41	VDL 4	001	ODT	ODD			
HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.004 0.063 0.088 0.008		τ			NRK F					SRK			
				-	-				-	-			
HUVI CONTROL DEIAV (S) 8.3 14.1 1/.1 /.9 () -				-	-				-	-			
	3 ()			-	-								
HCM Lane LOS A B C A A -				-	-								
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) 0 0.2 0.3 0	HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)		0	-	-	0.2	0.3	0	-	-			

ID Software/Method	Intersection	Control Type	LOS	Delay	V/C Ratio
1 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	I-5 SB Ramp & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	В	12.3	0.39
2 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	I-5 NB Ramp & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	В	15.9	0.48
3 Synchro HCM 6th Signal	Town Center Loop West & Wilsonville Rd	Signal	С	29.2	0.52



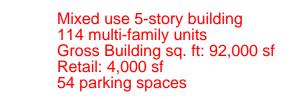
APPENDIX G: TURN LANE CONCEPTUAL DEMONSTRATION





APPENDIX H: SITE PLAN







555 SE MLK Jr. Blvd. Suite 501, Portland, OR 97214

ARCHITECTS

CONSULTANT

STAMP

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

REVISION NO. DATE

KEY PLAN - (NTS)

TRUE PLAN NORTH

LEVEL WTC

MULTIFAMILY

LEVEL DEVELOPMENT
29690 SW Town Center Loop W
Wilsonville, OR 97070

ISSUANCE
100% SCHEMATIC DESIGN

PROJECT NUMBER
02219

DATE
1/27/2023

SCALE
3/32" = 1'-0"

DRAWING TITLE

SITE PLAN

SHEET NUMBER

G-100

